## IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE ELEVENTH CIRCUIT	
No. 09-10775 Non-Argument Calendar	FILED U.S. COURT OF APPEALS ELEVENTH CIRCUIT JULY 22, 2009 THOMAS K. KAHN CLERK
D. C. Docket No. 03-00065-CR-ORL-1	9-GJK
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	
orange of marketing	
	Plaintiff-Appellee,
versus	
ARTHUR LEE AVERY,	
	Defendant-Appellant.
Appeal from the United States District for the Middle District of Florida	Court
(July 22, 2009)	
Before BARKETT, MARCUS and ANDERSON, Circuit J	udges.
PER CURIAM:	
Arthur Lee Avery appeals the sentence imposed by t	he district court

following the grant of his motion for a reduced sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2) and Amendment 706 of the Guidelines, which reduced base offense levels applicable to crack cocaine. As acknowledged by Avery, his argument is foreclosed by precedent. We recently held that neither <u>United States v. Booker</u>, 543 U.S. 220 (2005), nor <u>Kimbrough v. United States</u>,128 S.Ct. 558 (2007), apply to § 3582(c)(2) proceedings. <u>Melvin</u>, 556 F.3d at 1192 (holding that "<u>Booker</u> and <u>Kimbrough</u> do not prohibit the limitations on a judge's discretion in reducing a sentence imposed by § 3582(c)(2) and the applicable policy statement by the Sentencing Commission"). Therefore, the district court is bound by the limitations imposed by § 1B1.10 and lacks the authority to sentence a defendant below the amended guideline range. Accordingly, while Avery has preserved <u>his Melvin</u> challenge, we must affirm his sentence.

## AFFIRMED.