

**IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE FIFTH CIRCUIT**

\_\_\_\_\_  
No. 17-20360  
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United States Court of Appeals  
Fifth Circuit

**FILED**

June 6, 2018

Lyle W. Cayce  
Clerk

CANDACE LOUISE CURTIS; RIK WAYNE MUNSON,

Plaintiffs - Appellants

v.

CANDACE KUNZ-FREED; ALBERT VACEK, JR.; BERNARD LYLE  
MATTHEWS, III; NEAL SPIELMAN; BRADLEY FEATHERSTON;  
STEPHEN A. MENDEL; DARLENE PAYNE SMITH; JASON OSTROM;  
GREGORY LESTER; JILL WILLARD YOUNG; CHRISTINE RIDDLE  
BUTTS; CLARINDA COMSTOCK; TONI BIAMONTE; BOBBIE BAYLESS;  
ANITA BRUNSTING; AMY BRUNSTING; DOES 1-99,

Defendants - Appellees

\_\_\_\_\_  
Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Southern District of Texas  
USDC No. 4:16-CV-1969  
\_\_\_\_\_

Before HIGGINBOTHAM, DENNIS, and COSTA, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM:\*

Candace Louis Curtis and Rik Wayne Munson sued more than fifteen individuals – the judges, attorneys, court officials, and parties from a probate proceeding in Harris County – alleging that the defendants collectively

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\* Pursuant to 5TH CIR. R. 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIR. R. 47.5.4.

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violated RICO, committed common law fraud, and breached their fiduciary duties. Plaintiffs contend that defendants are part of the “Harris County Tomb Raiders a.k.a Probate Mafia,” which it alleges is a secret society of probate practitioners, court personnel, probate judges, and other elected officials who are running a “criminal theft enterprise” and “organized criminal consortium,” designed to “judicially kidnap and rob the elderly” and other heirs and beneficiaries of their “familial relations and inheritance expectations.” The district court dismissed all claims based on a number of often overlapping grounds: (1) judicial immunity, (2) attorney immunity, (3) failure to state a claim, and (4) the court’s inherent power to dismiss frivolous complaints.

We review de novo a district court's dismissal under Rule 12(b)(6). *Chhim v. Univ. of Tex. at Austin*, 836 F.3d 467, 469 (5th Cir. 2016). Plaintiffs’ appeal focuses on the dismissal of their RICO claim. They set forth the elements of that offense and attempt to address each one. But the factual allegations they use to support those elements are mostly, as the district court put it, “fantastical” and often nonsensical. We agree with the district court that the allegations are frivolous and certainly do not rise to the level of plausibility that the law requires.

AFFIRMED.