

United States Court of Appeals  
for the Fifth Circuit

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No. 22-50138  
CONSOLIDATED WITH  
No. 22-50143  
Summary Calendar

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United States Court of Appeals  
Fifth Circuit

**FILED**

October 24, 2022

Lyle W. Cayce  
Clerk

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

*Plaintiff—Appellee,*

*versus*

DIEGO HERNANDEZ-HERRERA,

*Defendant—Appellant.*

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Appeal from the United States District Court  
for the Western District of Texas  
USDC No. 4:21-CR-890-1  
USDC No. 4:21-CR-894-1

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Before JOLLY, OLDHAM, and WILSON, *Circuit Judges.*

PER CURIAM:\*

Diego Hernandez-Herrera appeals his conviction and sentence for illegal reentry after removal, as well as the judgment revoking his term of

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\* Pursuant to 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5, the court has determined that this opinion should not be published and is not precedent except under the limited circumstances set forth in 5TH CIRCUIT RULE 47.5.4.

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supervised release for a prior offense. He has not briefed, and has therefore abandoned, any challenge to the revocation of supervised release or his revocation sentence. *See Yohey v. Collins*, 985 F.2d 222, 224-25 (5th Cir. 1993).

For the first time on appeal, Hernandez-Herrera argues that his sentence exceeds the statutory maximum and is therefore unconstitutional because the district court enhanced his sentence under 8 U.S.C. § 1326(b) based on facts that were neither alleged in the indictment nor found by a jury beyond a reasonable doubt. While he acknowledges this argument is foreclosed by *Almendarez-Torres v. United States*, 523 U.S. 224 (1998), he nevertheless seeks to preserve it for possible Supreme Court review. In addition, Hernandez-Herrera has filed an unopposed motion for summary disposition.

Subsequent Supreme Court decisions such as *Alleyne v. United States*, 570 U.S. 99 (2013), and *Apprendi v. New Jersey*, 530 U.S. 466 (2000), did not overrule *Almendarez-Torres*. *See United States v. Pervis*, 937 F.3d 546, 553-54 (5th Cir. 2019). Thus, Hernandez-Herrera is correct that his argument is foreclosed, and summary disposition is appropriate. *See Groendyke Transp., Inc. v. Davis*, 406 F.2d 1158, 1162 (5th Cir. 1969).

Hernandez-Herrera's motion is GRANTED, and the district court's judgments are AFFIRMED.