**FILED** 

## NOT FOR PUBLICATION

SEP 07 2010

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

## UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

## FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

WILLIAM VANCE TURNER,

Defendant - Appellant.

No. 09-50584

D.C. No. 2:07-cr-00604-MMM

MEMORANDUM\*

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Central District of California Margaret M. Morrow, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted August 23, 2010\*\*

Before: LEAVY, HAWKINS, and THOMAS, Circuit Judges.

William Vance Turner appeals from the 192-month sentence imposed following his guilty-plea conviction for bank robbery, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2113(a). We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291, and we affirm.

<sup>\*</sup> This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. See Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

Turner contends that his guilty plea was not knowing and voluntary because he was confused as to whether he could appeal the denial of pre-trial motions. However, on appeal Turner does not seek to challenge the denial of any pre-trial motions, but rather solely challenges his sentence. Because Turner's plea agreement preserves his right to challenge his sentence, his challenge to the validity of his guilty plea is irrelevant. Moreover, any confusion does not prejudice Turner on appeal, because he has not challenged any of the trial court's pre-trial rulings. *Cf. United States v. Cortez*, 973 F.2d 764, 767-68 (9th Cir. 1992).

With respect to the challenge to his sentence, Turner contends that the district court procedurally erred by failing to appreciate the significance of abuse he suffered while in prison and by failing to address his susceptibility to future abuse. The record reflects that the district court did not procedurally err. *See United States v. Carty*, 520 F.3d 984, 991-93 (9th Cir. 2008) (en banc).

Finally, contrary to Turner's contention, the sentence imposed is substantively reasonable under the totality of the circumstances. *See id.* at 993.

AFFIRMED.

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