NOT FOR PUBLICATION

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

GONZALO BRAVO PALACIOS,

Petitioner,

v.

JEFFERSON B. SESSIONS III, Attorney General,

Respondent.

No. 14-73638

Agency No. A096-319-832

MEMORANDUM*

On Petition for Review of an Order of the Board of Immigration Appeals

Submitted June 26, 2017**

Before: PAEZ, BEA, and MURGUIA, Circuit Judges.

Gonzalo Bravo Palacios, a native and citizen of Mexico, petitions for review

of the Board of Immigration Appeals' ("BIA") order dismissing his appeal from an

immigration judge's decision denying his application for withholding of removal

and protection under the Convention Against Torture ("CAT"). We have

* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by Ninth Circuit Rule 36-3.

** The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

FILED

JUN 30 2017

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS jurisdiction under 8 U.S.C. § 1252. We review questions of law de novo, *Cerezo v. Mukasey*, 512 F.3d 1163, 1166 (9th Cir. 2008), except to the extent that deference is owed to the BIA's determination of the governing statutes and regulations, *Simeonov v. Ashcroft*, 371 F.3d 532, 535 (9th Cir. 2004). We review for substantial evidence the agency's factual findings. *Silaya v. Mukasey*, 524 F.3d 1066, 1070 (9th Cir. 2008). We deny the petition for review.

The agency did not err in finding Bravo Palacios failed to establish membership in a cognizable social group. *See Ramirez-Munoz v. Lynch*, 816 F.3d 1226, 1228-29 (9th Cir. 2016). Thus, we deny the petition as to his withholding of removal claim.

Substantial evidence supports the agency's denial of CAT protection because Bravo Palacios failed to show it is more likely than not that he would be tortured by or with the consent or acquiescence of the Mexican government. *See Silaya*, 524 F.3d at 1073.

PETITION FOR REVIEW DENIED.