NOT FOR PUBLICATION

FILED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

JUN 09 2016

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

JAMUL ACTION COMMITTEE; et al.,

Plaintiffs - Appellants,

v.

JONODEV CHAUDHURI, Chairwoman of the National Indian Gaming Commission; et al.,

Defendants - Appellees.

No. 15-16021

D.C. No. 2:13-cv-01920-KJM-KJN

MEMORANDUM*

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California Kimberly J. Mueller, District Judge, Presiding

Argued and Submitted December 7, 2015 San Francisco, California

Before: KOZINSKI, BYBEE, and CHRISTEN, Circuit Judges.

1. The district court did not abuse its discretion by refusing to compel the National Indian Gaming Commission ("NIGC") to more quickly release a supplemental environmental impact statement analyzing NIGC's approval of Jamul

^{*} This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

Indian Village's gaming management contract. Construction of the casino was not contingent on NIGC's approval of the management contract, *see* 25 U.S.C. § 2710(d)(9) ("An Indian tribe *may* enter into a management contract" (emphasis added)), and NEPA therefore set no strict timetable for agency action in this case, *see Sierra Club v. Gorsuch*, 715 F.2d 653, 658–59 (D.C. Cir. 1983) ("Absent a precise statutory timetable or other factors counseling expeditious action, an agency's control over the timetable of [its action] is entitled to considerable deference.").

- 2. The district court did not abuse its discretion by rejecting plaintiffs' request for a preliminary injunction. Plaintiffs have not shown a likelihood of success on the merits of their NEPA claim, and their contentions that defendants violated the state—tribal compact and the Indian Gaming Regulatory Act are likewise without merit. *See Winter v. Nat. Res. Def. Council, Inc.*, 555 U.S. 7, 20 (2008) ("A plaintiff seeking a preliminary injunction must establish that he is likely to succeed on the merits.").
- **3.** To the extent plaintiffs contend that the land on which the Jamul casino is being built is not Indian land, circuit precedent forecloses that argument. *See Big Lagoon Rancheria v. California*, 789 F.3d 947, 953 (9th Cir. 2015) (en banc).

AFFIRMED.