NOT FOR PUBLICATION

FILED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

NOV 21 2023

MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

JEROME CARPENTER,

No. 23-15182

Plaintiff-Appellant,

D.C. No. 5:22-cv-02086-EJD

v.

MEMORANDUM*

RON BROOMFIELD, Warden; D. NELSON, Correctional Officer,

Defendants-Appellees.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Northern District of California Edward J. Davila, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted November 14, 2023**

Before: SILVERMAN, WARDLAW, and TALLMAN, Circuit Judges.

California state prisoner Jerome Carpenter appeals pro se from the district court's judgment dismissing his 42 U.S.C. § 1983 action alleging deprivation of property in violation of due process. We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1291. We review de novo a dismissal under 28 U.S.C. § 1915A. *Resnick v*.

^{*} This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by Ninth Circuit Rule 36-3.

^{**} The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

Hayes, 213 F.3d 443, 447 (9th Cir. 2000). We affirm.

The district court properly dismissed Carpenter's action because Carpenter failed to allege facts sufficient to show that a meaningful post-deprivation remedy was unavailable to him. *See Hudson v. Palmer*, 468 U.S. 517, 532-33 (1984) (a random and unauthorized deprivation of property is not actionable if the state provides a meaningful post-deprivation remedy); *Barnett v. Centoni*, 31 F.3d 813, 816-17 (9th Cir. 1994) ("California [I]aw provides an adequate post-deprivation remedy for any property deprivations.").

We do not consider arguments and allegations raised for the first time on appeal. *See Padgett v. Wright*, 587 F.3d 983, 985 n.2 (9th Cir. 2009).

AFFIRMED.

2 23-15182