1 2 3 4 5 6	FILED-SOUTHERN DIVISION CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT MAY 2 3 2012 CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA BY DEPUTY
7 8 9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 10	CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10	WESTERN DIVISION
12	) Case No. CV 12-0794-SJO (MLG) CARLOS ANTHONY MIRANDA, ) ) MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER
13	Plaintiff, ) DISMISSING COMPLAINT FOR FAILURE ) TO PROSECUTE
14	V. )
15	CCII LEWANDOWSKI et al.,
16	Defendant. )
17	
18	This is a pro se civil rights action brought pursuant to 42
19	U.S.C. § 1983. Plaintiff, who is not incarcerated, filed this pro se
20	civil rights action on February 3, 2012. On February 7, 2012, the
21	Court directed that the United States Marshal effect service upon all
22	named defendants. On February 8, 2012, copies of the complaints and
23	summonses were sent to Plaintiff with instructions, in order for him

to complete the necessary paperwork and forward the packets to the United States Marshal for service of process. Plaintiff never forwarded the documents to the United States Marshal for service.

27 //

28 //

1 On April 23, 2012, the Court issued an order directing Plaintiff 2 to show cause in writing, on or before May 11, 2012, why the action 3 should not be dismissed for failure to take the necessary steps to 4 effect service. Plaintiff did not respond to the order to show cause.

5 This action shall be dismissed for failure to prosecute. The Court has the inherent power to dismiss an action based on a 6 plaintiff's failure to diligently prosecute or comply with a court 7 8 order. Fed.R.Civ.P. 41(b); Local Rule 12.1. See Link v. Wabash R.R. Co., 370 U.S. 626, 629-630 (1962). "Dismissal is a harsh penalty and 9 10 is to be imposed only in extreme circumstances." Henderson v. Duncan, 11 779 F.2d 1421, 1423 (9th Cir. 1986). The Court is required to weigh the following factors in determining whether to dismiss a case for 12 lack of prosecution: "(1) the public's interest in expeditious 13 resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its docket; 14 15 (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; (5) 16 and the availability of less drastic sanctions." Omstead v. Dell, Inc, 594 17 18 F.3d 1081, 1084 (9th Cir. 2010); In re Eisen, 31 F.3d 1447, 1451 (9th Cir. 1994) (citing Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423). 19

Here, the public's interest in the expeditious resolution of 20 litigation and the court's interest in managing its docket weighs in 21 favor of dismissal. Given Plaintiff's failure to comply with the 22 court's service order or respond to the order to show cause, 23 dismissal would not undermine the public policy favoring disposition 24 of cases on the merits. In addition, there is no identifiable risk 25 of prejudice to Defendants. Finally, three months have elapsed 26 without Plaintiff having forwarded the necessary papers for service 27 28 of process. He has failed to request an extension of time to forward

2

the documents or demonstrate good cause for failing to perform this ministerial act. Balancing all of these factors, dismissal of this action without prejudice for failure to prosecute is warranted. IT IS SO ORDERED. May 23, 2012. Dated: 5. Jame Oten S. James Otero United States District Judge Presented By: Marc L. Goldman United States Magistrate Judge