UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CIVIL MINUTES - GENERAL

Case No.	CV 12-1028	9-UA (DUTYx)		Date	December 7, 2012
Title	Federal National Mortgage Ass'n v. Esperanza Elizalde Flores, et al.			l.	
Present: The Honorable		Alicia G. Rosenl	berg, United States Magistrate	Judge	
Ma	arine Pogosya	n	n/a		n/a
]	Deputy Clerk		Court Reporter / Recorder		Tape No.
A	attorneys Prese	ent for Plaintiff:	Attorneys I	Present	for Defendants:
	No	one		Non	e
Proceedin	ngs: In Chambers: ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE				

On December 3, 2012, Defendant Flores ("Defendant" or "Flores"), appearing *pro se*, lodged a Notice Of Removal of this case to this court ("Notice"). Defendant also filed a Request to Proceed In Forma Pauperis.

The procedure for removal pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1441 is set out in 28 U.S.C. § 1446. "A defendant or defendants desiring to remove any civil action from a State court shall file in the district court . . . a notice of removal . . . containing a short and plain statement of the grounds for removal." 28 U.S.C. § 1446(a). However, a defendant may remove an action originally filed in state court only if the case originally could have been filed in federal court. *In re NOS Commc'ns*, 495 F.3d 1052, 1057 (9th Cir. 2007). The subject matter jurisdiction of the federal courts is limited to those cases in which jurisdiction is authorized under either 28 U.S.C. § 1331 ("federal question" jurisdiction) or 28 U.S.C. § 1332 ("diversity" jurisdiction). Further, "[t]he party seeking removal has the burden of establishing federal jurisdiction." *O'Halloran v. University of Washington*, 856 F.2d 1375, 1380 (9th Cir. 1988).

Here, Defendant seeks removal on the sole basis of federal question jurisdiction. (*See* Notice at 2). To establish federal question jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1331, a party seeking removal must make it "apparent from the face of the complaint either that (1) a federal law creates the plaintiff's cause of action; or (2) if a state law creates the cause of action, a federal law that creates a cause of action is a necessary element of the plaintiff's claim." *Virgin v. County of San Luis Obispo*, 201 F.3d 1141, 1142-43 (9th Cir. 2000). Defendant alleges that federal question arises under the Federal Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Real Estate Settlement Procedures Act, and the Truth in Lending Act. (Notice at 2.) However, Plaintiff does not allege any federal cause of action. (*See* Notice Ex. A, Complaint.) Nor does it appear

¹ There are two defendants in this case, Flores and Manuel Hernandez. According to Flores, she "obtained an express verbal consent of this removal from Manuel Hernandez." (Notice at 2.)

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

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Case No.	CV 12-10289-UA (DUTYx)	Date	December 7, 2012
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that federal law is a necessary element of Plaintiff's claim. Thus, Defendant has not alleged facts establishing the existence of a federal question on the face of the complaint.

It may be that Defendant is raising a defense based on federal law. However, "'the existence of a defense based upon federal law is insufficient to support jurisdiction." *Hall v. North American Van Lines, Inc.*, 476 F.3d 683, 687 (9th Cir. 2007) (quoting *Wayne v. DHL Worldwide Express*, 294 F.3d 1179, 1183 (9th Cir. 2002)). Accordingly, there appears to be no basis for federal jurisdiction and removal appears improper.

Further, should the court lack jurisdiction over this matter, it would be inappropriate to grant in forma pauperis status at this time. *See, e.g., Minetti v. Port of Seattle*, 152 F.3d 1113, 1114 (9th Cir. 1998). In a case removed from state court, a district court must remand the case to state court if it appears at any time before final judgment that the district court lacks subject matter jurisdiction. 28 U.S.C. § 1447(c).

Defendant is therefore ORDERED TO SHOW CAUSE on or before December 21, 2012, why her Request to Proceed In Forma Pauperis should not be denied and why this action should not be remanded to state court based upon a lack of subject matter jurisdiction.

Failure to timely file a response and declaration will result in denial of Defendant's in forma pauperis application and an order remanding the action to state court.

Initials of Preparer	mp	