

sanctions . . . within the inherent power of the Court." District courts have the inherent power to 1 2 control their dockets and "in the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where 3 appropriate . . . dismissal of a case." Thompson v. Housing Auth., 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an 4 5 action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See, e.g., Ghazali v. 6 Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. 7 Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order 8 requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) 9 (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprized of 10 address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for 11 12 lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules). In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the 13 14 court must consider several factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; 15 (2) the court's need to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public 16 policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic 17 alternatives. Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; Malone, 833 F.2d at 130; 18 Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423-24.

19 In the instant case, the Court finds that the public's interest in expeditiously resolving this 20 litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket weigh in favor of dismissal because this 21 case has been pending in this Court since January 14, 2011, and it does not appear that Plaintiff can 22 cure the deficiencies in the complaint. The third factor, risk of prejudice to defendants, also weighs 23 in favor of dismissal because a presumption of injury arises from any unreasonable delay in 24 prosecuting an action. Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor, 25 public policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits, is greatly outweighed by the factors in 26 favor of dismissal. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will 27 result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 28 1262; Malone, 833 at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order to file an amended

| 1 | petition was clear that dismissal would result from non-compliance with the Court's order. |
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| 2 | RECOMMENDATION |
| 3 | Accordingly, the Court HEREBY RECOMMENDS that this action be DISMISSED for |
| 4 | Plaintiff's failure to comply with a court order. |
| 5 | This Findings and Recommendation is submitted to the Honorable Anthony W. Ishii, United |
| 6 | States District Court Judge, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. section 636 (b)(1)(B). Within |
| 7 | thirty (30) days after being served with a copy, any party may file written objections with the court |
| 8 | and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate |
| 9 | Judge's Findings and Recommendation." The Court will then review the Magistrate Judge's ruling |
| 10 | pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C). Plaintiff is advised that failure to file objections within the |
| 11 | specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d |
| 12 | 1153 (9th Cir. 1991). |
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| 14 | IT IS SO ORDERED. |
| 15 | Dated: <u>March 7, 2011</u> /s/ Gary S. Austin UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE |
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