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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

CHARLES DOUBLEDAY,

Petitioner,

No. CIV S-10-1254 LKK GGH

vs.

G. SWARTHOUT,

Respondent.

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

_____ /

Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Petitioner challenges the November 2008 decision by the California Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) finding him unsuitable for parole.

On January 28, 2011, the undersigned ordered both parties to provide briefing regarding the recent United States Supreme Court decision that found that the Ninth Circuit erred in commanding a federal review of the state’s application of state law in applying the “some evidence” standard in the parole eligibility habeas context. Swarthout v. Cooke, 502 U.S. ___, ___ S. Ct. ___, 2011 WL 197627 *2 (Jan. 24, 2011).

Respondent has timely filed briefing, while petitioner has not responded within the time allotted. For the reasons set forth in the prior order, it appears there is no federal due process requirement for a “some evidence” review, thus the federal courts are precluded from a

1 review of the state court's application of its "some evidence" standard.¹ A review of the petition
2 in this case demonstrates that it is entirely based on alleged violation of California's "some
3 evidence" requirement. Therefore, the petition should be denied.

4 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that the petition be denied.

5 If petitioner files objections, he shall also address if a certificate of appealability
6 should issue and, if so, as to which issues. A certificate of appealability may issue under 28
7 U.S.C. § 2253 "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a
8 constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). The certificate of appealability must "indicate
9 which specific issue or issues satisfy" the requirement. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(3).

10 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District
11 Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen
12 days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written
13 objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned
14 "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any reply to the objections
15 shall be served and filed within fourteen days after service of the objections. The parties are
16 advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the
17 District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

18 DATED: March 16, 2011

/s/ Gregory G. Hollows

19 _____
GREGORY G. HOLLOWS
20 UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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22 _____
23 ¹ The court notes some perversity in the result here. Loss of good-time credits, even for a
24 day, pursuant to decision at a prison disciplinary hearing, must be supported by "some evidence."
25 Superintendent v. Hill, 472 U.S. 445, 455, 105 S.Ct. 2768 (1985). Assignment to administrative
26 segregation requires the same "some evidence" before such an assignment can be justified.
Bruce v. Ylst, 351 F.3d 1283, 1288 (9th Cir.2003). However, a denial of parole eligibility after
sometimes decades in prison, and where another opportunity for parole can be delayed for as
long as fifteen more years, requires no such protection from the federal due process standpoint.
Nevertheless, such is the state of the law.