1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
7	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
8	IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA		
9 10	PETER GOODRICH,		
10			
11			
12	vs. MICHAEL MARTEL, <u>ORDER AND</u>		
13	Respondent. <u>FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS</u>		
14			
16	Petitioner is a state prisoner proceeding pro se with a petition for writ of habeas		
17	corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254. Petitioner challenges the May 2008 decision by the		
18	California Board of Parole Hearings (BPH) finding him unsuitable for parole.		
19			
20	regarding the recent United States Supreme Court decision that found that the Ninth Circuit erred		
21	in commanding a federal review of the state's application of state law in applying the "some		
22	evidence" standard in the parole eligibility habeas context. Swarthout v. Cooke, 502 U.S,		
23	S. Ct, 2011 WL 197627 *2 (Jan. 24, 2011).		
24	////		
25	////		
26	/////		
	1		

The parties have timely filed briefing, and petitioner has moved to stay this 1 2 action pending a purported "rehearing" of Swarthout in the Supreme Court. For the reasons set 3 forth in the prior order, it appears there is no federal due process requirement for a "some 4 evidence" review, thus the federal courts are precluded from a review of the state court's 5 application of its "some evidence" standard.<sup>1</sup> A review of the petition in this case demonstrates that it is entirely based on 6 7 alleged violation of California's "some evidence" requirement. Therefore, the petition should be denied. 8 9 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that petitioner's motion to stay (Doc. #23) is denied. 10 11 IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that the petition be denied. 12 If petitioner files objections, he shall also address if a certificate of appealability should issue and, if so, as to which issues. A certificate of appealability may issue under 28 13 14 U.S.C. § 2253 "only if the applicant has made a substantial showing of the denial of a 15 constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). The certificate of appealability must "indicate 16 which specific issue or issues satisfy" the requirement. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(3). 17 These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Within fourteen 18 19 days after being served with these findings and recommendations, any party may file written 20 objections with the court and serve a copy on all parties. Such a document should be captioned 21 "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." Any reply to the objections 22 <sup>1</sup> The court notes some perversity in the result here. Loss of good-time credits, even for a

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>23</sup> day, pursuant to decision at a prison disciplinary hearing, must be supported by "some evidence."
<sup>24</sup> Superintendent v. Hill, 472 U.S. 445, 455, 105 S.Ct. 2768 (1985). Assignment to administrative segregation requires the same "some evidence" before such an assignment can be justified.
<sup>24</sup> Bruce v. Ylst, 351 F.3d 1283, 1288 (9th Cir.2003). However, a denial of parole eligibility after

sometimes decades in prison, and where another opportunity for parole can be delayed for as
long as fifteen more years, requires no such protection from the federal due process standpoint.
Nevertheless, such is the state of the law.

1	shall be served and filed within fourteen days after service of the objections. The parties are		
2	advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the		
3	District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).		
4	4 DATED: March 16, 2011 /s/	Gregory G. Hollows	
5	5 GRE	GORY G. HOLLOWS FED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE	
6		TED STATES MADISTRATE JODDE	
7	7		
8	8 GGH: MH good1714.fr		
9			
10	0		
11	1		
12			
13			
14			
15			
16 17			
17 18			
10			
20			
21			
22			
23			
24			
25			
26	.6		
	3		

I

I