with his sentence of imprisonment. The court may entertain a petition for writ of habeas corpus by a state prisoner only on the ground that the prisoner is in custody in violation of federal law.

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28 U.S.C. § 2254(a). Because petitioner's challenge to an order of restitution and fines does not amount to a challenge to custody, his challenge may not be brought in a § 2254 action. <u>Bailey v. Hill</u>, 599 F.3d 976, 980-82 (9th Cir. 2010). Therefore, the court will recommend that this action be dismissed.

In accordance with the above, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that:

- 1. Petitioner's request for leave to proceed in forma pauperis is granted; and
- 2. The Clerk of the Court assign a district court judge to this case.

IT IS HEREBY RECOMMENDED that:

- 1. Petitioner's application for writ of habeas corpus be dismissed; and
- 2. This case be closed.

These findings and recommendations are submitted to the United States District Judge assigned to the case, pursuant to the provisions of 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(l). Within twenty-one days after being served with these findings and recommendations, petitioner may file objections. Such a document should be captioned "Objections to Magistrate Judge's Findings and Recommendations." In his objections petitioner may address whether a certificate of appealability should issue in the event he files an appeal of the judgment in this case. See Rule 11, Federal Rules Governing Section 2254 Cases (the district court must issue or deny a certificate of appealability when it enters a final order adverse to the applicant). Petitioner is advised that failure to file objections within the specified time may waive the right to appeal the District Court's order. Martinez v. Ylst, 951 F.2d 1153 (9th Cir. 1991).

Dated: September 30, 2011

CAROLYN K. DELANEY

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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