ARDI, LOFENS & CONANI, LEF Lake Merrit Plaza 1999 Harrison Street, Suite 2600 Oakland, CA 94612-3541	1	PETER O. GLAESSNER, State Bar No. 9383				
	2	pog@llcllp.com LEORA R. RAGONES, State Bar No. 215423				
	3	lragones@llcllp.com LOMBARDI, LOPER & CONANT, LLP				
		lragones@llcllp.com Lake Merritt Plaza				
	4	1999 Harrison Street, Suite 2600				
	5	Oakland, CA 94612-3541 Telephone: (510) 433-2600				
	6	Facsimile: (510) 433-2699	•			
	7	Attorneys for Defendant, NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION, acting as liquidating				
	8	agent for KAIPERM FEDERAL CREDIT UNION				
	9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT				
	10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA				
	11					
	12	625 3RD STREET ASSOCIATES, LP, a	Case No. C 09-03820 WHA			
	13	California limited partnership,	(Related to Case No. C 09-0564 WHA)			
	14	Plaintiff,	STIPULATION FOR DEFENDANT			
Merritt Merritt n Stree CA 94	15	v.	NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION TO FILE AMENDED			
Lake Lake Harriso akland,		THE BOARD OF THE NATIONAL	ANSWER TO PLAINTIFF'S AMENDED COMPLAINT			
1989 H 1989 H Oaj	16	CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION, as Liquidating Agent for KAIPERM	COMPLAINT			
	17	FEDERAL CREDIT UNION, a federally chartered credit union, and KAIPERM				
	18	FEDERAL CREDIT UNION, a federal credit union, principally located in				
Associates, LP v. The B	19 Board of the Nation	Oakland, California, Doc. 26				
	20	Defendants.				
	21					
	22	Defendant desires to add the following two affirmative defenses to its Answer to the First				
	23	Amended Complaint:				
	24	TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE				
	25	70. Plaintiff is equitably estopped from maintaining one or more of the causes of action alleged in the complaint by the D'Oench Duhme doctrine, which limits the types of evidence that may be offered in support of a claim against the Liquidating Agent. See D'Oench Duhme & Co. v. Federal Deposit Ins. Corp. 315 U.S.				
	26					
	27	3ee D Oench Dunme & Co. v. 447 (1942).	1 euci ui Deposii 11is. Coip. 313 O.S.			
Ę	28					
			STIPULATION TO FILE AMENDED			

ANSWER C 09-03820 WHA

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TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

71. Plaintiff's complaint is barred by 12 U.S.C. §1787(p)(2), and similar provisions of the Federal Credit Union Act, which, in effect, codify the *D'Oench Duhme* doctrine.

Plaintiff believes these two affirmative defenses have no application to this action. However, plaintiff agrees to allow defendant to file an amended answer to state the above-described affirmative defenses upon the understanding that by so agreeing, plaintiff is doing so only as a procedural matter. By signing this Stipulation plaintiff is neither waiving any substantive or procedural rights nor making any representations or certifications regarding the content of the Amended Answer.

THEREFORE, IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED BY AND BETWEEN THE PARTIES THAT:

Defendant NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION, acting as liquidating agent for KAIPERM FEDERAL CREDIT UNION may file an Amended Answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint in the form of its [Proposed] Amended Answer to Plaintiff's Amended Complaint attached hereto as **Exhibit A**.

Dated: December 9, 2009

LAW OFFICES OF ANDREW R. WIENER

By: /s/ Andrew R. Wiener

ANDREW R. WIENER Attorneys for Plaintiff 625 3rd Street Associates, LP

December 9, 2009

LOMBARDI, LOPER & CONANT, LLP

By: /s/ Leora R. Ragones

LEORA R. RAGONES

Attorneys for Defendant, National Credit Union Administration Board, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union

> STIPULATION TO FILE AMENDED ANSWER C 09-03820 WHA

Dated: December 9, 2009

IT IS SO ORDERED.

December ___, 2009

MATHENY SEARS LINKERT & JAIME LLP

By: /s/ Michael A. Bishop MICHAEL A. BISHOP Attorneys for Defendant, Stanley Abrams

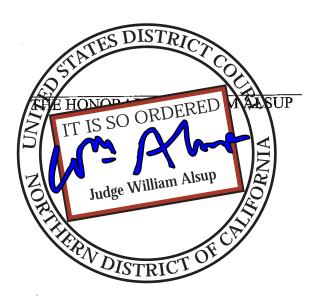


EXHIBIT A

30861-38462 LRAGONES 578409.1

1	PETER O. GLAESSNER, State Bar No. 9383	30				
2	pog@llcllp.com LEORA R. RAGONES, State Bar No. 215423					
3	lragones@llcllp.com LOMBARDI, LOPER & CONANT, LLP					
4	lragones@llcllp.com Lake Merritt Plaza					
5	1999 Harrison Street, Suite 2600 Oakland, CA 94612-3541					
6	Telephone: (510) 433-2600 Facsimile: (510) 433-2699					
7	Attorneys for Defendant	natina				
8	National Credit Union Administration Board, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union					
9	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
10	NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
11						
12	625 3RD STREET ASSOCIATES, LP, a	Case No. C 09-03820 WHA				
13	California limited partnership,	(Related to Case No. C 09-00564 WHA)				
14	Plaintiff,	DEFENDANT NATIONAL CREDIT				
15	V.	UNION ADMINISTRATION BOARD'S [PROPOSED] AMENDED ANSWER TO				
16	THE BOARD OF THE NATIONAL CREDIT UNION ADMINISTRATION, as	FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL				
17	Liquidating Agent for KAIPERM FEDERAL CREDIT UNION, a federally	DEMAND FOR JURY 1 INIAL				
18	chartered credit union, and KAIPERM					
19	FEDERAL CREDIT UNION, a federal credit union, principally located in					
20	Oakland, California,					
21	Defendants.					
22	111					
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PROPOSED AMENDED ANSWER TO FIRST AMENDED COMPLAINT; DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

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Defendant National Credit Union Administration Board, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union ("Liquidating Agent"), hereby responds to the First Amended Complaint for damages and equitable relief as follows:

I.

THE PARTIES

- Answering paragraph 1, the Liquidating Agent has insufficient information and 1. belief to admit or deny these allegations and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 2, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm Federal Credit 2. Union ("Kaiperm") was a federally chartered credit union before it was placed into involuntary liquidation by the National Credit Union Administration on September 26, 2008, pursuant to the authority of 12 U.S.C. §1787(1)(A). Liquidating Agent further admits it is the successor in interest to Kaiperm, which ceased to exist on September 26, 2008 by operation of law. Answering the last sentence of this paragraph, the Liquidating Agent has insufficient information and belief to know Plaintiff's awareness of the liquidation process, and therefore denies this allegation on information and belief; in any event, Liquidating Agent denies it has not acted in accordance with law. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph, if any.
- 3. Answering paragraph 3, the Liquidating Agent admits that it is the appointed liquidating agent for Kaiperm, and in that capacity possesses the authority granted to the liquidating agent pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §1766 and other applicable statutes. The Liquidating Agent further admits that it is empowered to receive and make an initial determination of merit of any and all creditor's claims filed against Kaiperm and that it is sued herein solely in its capacity as the liquidating agent of Kaiperm. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph, if any.

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II.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- Answering paragraph 4, the Liquidating Agent admits that plaintiff filed a 4. creditor's claim dated December 29, 2008. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 5, the Liquidating Agent admits that it served a notice of 5. denial of all plaintiff's creditor's claims by letter dated June 22, 2009. The Liquidating Agent further admits that 12 C.F.R. §709.7 provides that a claimant may pursue claims that it previously made as a creditor claim in an appropriate United States District Court having jurisdiction over the place where the credit union's principal place of business is located. The Liquidating Agent further admits that Kaiperm's principal place of business was located in Oakland, California. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- 6. Answering paragraph 6, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm's principal place of business was located in Oakland, California and that the damages claimed by plaintiff are in excess of the minimum jurisdiction of the United States District Court. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 7, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation in 7. this paragraph.

III.

JURY DEMAND

8. Answering paragraph 8, the Liquidating Agent admits the Lease (but not the Purchase Sale Agreement) contains a waiver of jury trial as to certain claims thereunder, but that the plaintiff demands a trial by jury all causes of action, except as to the cause of action for rescission. The Liquidating Agent further admits that it demands trial by jury on all claims alleged, to the extent not waived by the Lease and permitted by law. Except admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph; to the extent second sentence of this paragraph contains factual allegations, they are denied, though they

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appear to contain solely legal argument, which the defendant is not required to admit or deny.

IV.

FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

- 9. Answering paragraph 9, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm was formed in 1957 and was a federally chartered credit union prior to the time of its liquidation on September 26, 2008. The Liquidating Agent further admits that Kaiperm was the former owner of the property located at 2101 Broadway, Oakland, California (the "Property"). Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- 10. Answering paragraph 10, the Liquidating Agent admits upon information and belief that plaintiff met with a broker to discuss purchase of the Property and a leaseback by Kaiperm. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 11, the Liquidating Agent admits that plaintiff and Kaiperm 11. executed a letter of intent (LOI) regarding plaintiff's purchase of the Property for eight million dollars (\$8,000,000.00). The Liquidating Agent further admits that the LOI set forth the materials plaintiff sought to receive as part of its exercise of due diligence. The Liquidating Agent further admits that the LOI contained a leaseback provision. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation in this paragraph.
- 12. Answering paragraph 12, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm directed plaintiff to the NCUA website to review the financial information then available online concerning Kaiperm. The Liquidating Agent further admits that Kaiperm's financial statements available online for the calendar year ending 2006 revealed that Kaiperm lost approximately \$2,287,128.00 and that it lost another \$1,411,308 for the first six months of 2007 ending in June 2007. The Liquidating Agent further admits that Kaiperm's financial statements available online also revealed that Kaiperm then met NCUA's standard for being "adequately capitalized". The Liquidating Agent admits that prior to the close of escrow, Kaiperm believed it was then viable and expected to meet its present and future obligations under the Lease. Except as admitted

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above, Kaiperm denies subparagraphs (A) and subparagraph (D), as specifically worded. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.

- Answering paragraph 13, the Liquidating Agent admits that the purchase 13. transaction closed escrow sometime in August 2007. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief sufficient to admit or deny the remaining allegations in this paragraph and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation therein.
- Answering paragraph 14, the Liquidating Agent admits that after the close of 14. escrow, Kaiperm became the tenant of the Property under the 15-year lease, at which time Kaiperm occupied the property as its principal place of business. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 15, the Liquidating Agent admits that between September 15. 2007 and May 2008 (and thereafter until the liquidation date), Kaiperm met all of its monetary obligations under the lease. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 16, the Liquidating Agent admits that in May 2008, counsel 16. for Kaiperm discussed Kaiperm's financial condition with plaintiff. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- 17. Answering paragraph 17, the Liquidating Agent admits that the NCUA Board revoked the charter of Kaiperm and ordered Kaiperm into involuntary liquidation on September 26, 2008, appointing itself as the Liquidating Agent.
- 18. Answering paragraph 19, the Liquidating Agent admits it sent a letter to plaintiff advising it to file any creditor's claim by January 8, 2009, and enclosing the liquidation notice published in local newspapers. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 19, the Liquidating Agent admits that on October 23, 2008, 19. it sent a letter by facsimile to plaintiff repudiating the Lease between Kaiperm and plaintiff. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in

this paragraph.

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- Answering paragraph 20, the Liquidating Agent admits that it received 20. correspondence dated October 28, 2008 from counsel for plaintiff stating that it did not accept the Liquidating Agent's repudiation of Lease and that it intended to assert alleged breaches of warranties against Kaiperm. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 21, the Liquidating Agent admits that it returned the keys to 21. the Property to plaintiff on or about October 23, 2008. The Liquidating Agent further admits that a notice of belief of abandonment was served on it on or about November 28, 2008, however the Lease had been repudiated previously, effective October 23, 2008. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 22, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation 22. of this paragraph, as the Lease had been repudiated by the Liquidating Agent, effective October 23, 2008 pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §1787(c); therefore, the Lease could not have been terminated pursuant to its terms.

V.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Intentional misrepresentation)

- Answering paragraph 23, the Liquidating Agent refers to and incorporates by 23. reference its admissions and denials herein to paragraph 1 through 22 of the First Amended Complaint.
- Answering paragraph 24, the Liquidating Agent refers to its response to paragraph 24. 12. Answering subparagraphs (B) and (C), the Liquidating Agent admits Kaiperm was being monitored by Problem Case Officer Bruce Lum of the NCUA, and was expected to address various issues in Examination Reports and Documents of Resolution created by the NCUA; however, Kaiperm had no duty to disclose such reports or matters related to such reports, because they were strictly confidential. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation in this paragraph.

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- Answering paragraph 25, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm began 25. seeking a merger partner, beginning in January 2008. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph as worded, and specifically denies that any affirmative, false representations of material fact were made to induce plaintiff to enter into the subject purchase and leaseback transaction.
- Answering paragraph 26, the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief 26. sufficient to admit or deny the allegations in this paragraph and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation therein.
- Answering paragraph 27, the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief 27. sufficient to admit or deny the allegations in this paragraph and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation therein; however, the Liquidating Agent denies plaintiff would be entitled to any damages as alleged in any event.

VI.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

(Fraudulent Concealment – against Defendant Kaiperm only)

- Answering paragraph 28, the Liquidating Agent refers to and incorporates by 28. reference its admissions and denials herein to paragraph 1 through 27 of the First Amended Complaint.
- Answering paragraph 29, to the extent such allegations are intended to apply to 29. defendant Liquidating Agent, the Liquidating Agent refers to and incorporates its response to paragraphs 12 and 24. The Liquidating Agent denies that any material facts and circumstances were concealed from plaintiff by Kaiperm that it was under a duty to disclose, and denies that any alleged concealments were intended to induce plaintiff into entering into the subject leaseback transaction.
- Answering paragraph 30, the Liquidating Agent denies that any material facts or 30. circumstances were concealed from plaintiff by Kaiperm that it was under a duty to disclose, and further denies the remaining allegations of each and every remaining allegation of this paragraph.

- 31. Answering paragraph 31, the Liquidating Agent has insufficient information or belief to know what plaintiff knew about Kaiperm's financial condition, and on that basis, denies each and every allegation of this paragraph. To the extent this paragraph alleges Kaiperm acts or conduct, Liquidating Agent refers to and incorporates paragraphs 12 and 24, in answer to such allegations. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation in this paragraph, if any.
- 32. Answering paragraph 32, the Liquidating Agent denies that Kaiperm concealed any material facts or circumstances that it had a duty to disclose were concealed from plaintiff. Answering the remaining allegations of paragraph 32, the Liquidating Agent has insufficient information or belief to admit or deny these allegations and, on that basis, denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- 33. Answering paragraph 33, the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief sufficient to admit or deny the allegations in this paragraph and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation therein; however, the Liquidating Agent denies plaintiff would be entitled to any damages alleged.

VII.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

(Rescission and Restitution)

- 34. Answering paragraph 34, the Liquidating Agent refers and incorporates by reference its admissions and denials herein to paragraphs 1 through 33 of the First Amended Complaint.
- 35. Answering paragraph 35, the Liquidating Agent denies that any misrepresentations were made to plaintiff or that any material fact, or circumstances were concealed for plaintiff that it had a duty to disclose. Further, to the extent paragraph 35 contains a legal conclusion, defendant is not required to admit or deny legal argument or conclusion; nevertheless, the Liquidating Agent further denies that plaintiff is entitled to rescind the purchase and sale agreement, as the lease was entered into by Kaiperm and plaintiff was repudiated as permitted by statute in October 2008.

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- Answering paragraph 36, the Liquidating Agent denies that plaintiff is entitled to 36. rescission or restitution for any reason, and states that the Lease between Kaiperm and plaintiff was repudiated, effective October 23, 2008. The Liquidating Agent further denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 37, the Liquidating Agent denies that plaintiff is entitled to 37. rescission of the purchase and sale agreement or restitution for any reason, as the lease between Kaiperm and plaintiff was validly repudiated pursuant to statute in October 2008. The Liquidating Agent further denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 38, the Liquidating Agent denies that plaintiff is entitled to 38. rescission of the purchase and sale agreement or restitution for any reason, as the lease between Kaiperm and plaintiff was repudiated pursuant to 12 U.S.C. §1787(c). The Liquidating Agent further denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.

VIII.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

(Breach of Warranties)

- Answering paragraph 39, the Liquidating Agent refers to and incorporates by 39. reference its admissions and denials herein to paragraphs 1 through 38 of the First Amended Complaint.
- Answering paragraph 40, the Liquidating Agent denies the allegations of this 40. paragraph accurately or completely quote the warranties contained in Section 3.1; however, the Liquidating Agent admits the exact wording is contained in Exhibit 1, attached to the first amended complaint. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every further allegation in this paragraph herein.
- Answering paragraph 41, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation 41. in this paragraph.

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- Answering paragraph 42, the Liquidating Agent denies the allegations of this 42. paragraph accurately or completely quote the warranties contained in Section 3.1 and have taken words out of their context. Further, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation of this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 43, the Liquidating Agent denies that any warranties were 43. made to induce plaintiff to act in the manner alleged. The Liquidating Agent further refers to and incorporates by reference its admissions and denials in paragraphs 12 and 24 herein. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph, if any.
- Answering paragraph 44, the Liquidating Agent admits that Kaiperm was placed 44. in involuntary liquidation by the NCUA on September 26, 2006 and that the Liquidating Agent repudiated the lease effective October 23, 2008. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 45, the Liquidating Agent admits that Section 3.2 of the 45. Purchase and Sale Agreement ("PSA") sets forth the specific period of time for survival of representations and warranties. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 46, the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief 46. sufficient to admit or deny the specific date of the close of escrow and, on that basis, denies the first sentence of this paragraph. The Liquidating Agent further admits that it received a letter from plaintiff dated October 28, 2008 that claimed to provide notice of a breach of warranty of Sections 3.1(a), (d), (g) and (i) of the PSA by Kaiperm. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 47, the Liquidating Agent denies any breach of warranty 47. occurred by Kaiperm that caused any of the alleged damages in (A-H, inclusive). The Liquidating Agent admits (A) and (B) occurred, but denies (C) as there was no default because the Lease was repudiated by the liquidating agent, as permitted by law. As to the remaining allegations in (D) through (H), the Liquidating Agent has no information or belief sufficient to

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admit or deny the allegations in this paragraph and, on that basis, denies each and every allegation therein, but denies that Kaiperm caused such damages, if any exist.

- Answering paragraph 48, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation 48. in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 49, the Liquidating Agent denies each and every allegation 49. in this paragraph.
- Answering paragraph 50, the Liquidating Agent admits that Section 9.5 of the 50. Purchase and Sale Agreement between the parties contains an attorney's fees clause, as does Section 31 of the Lease, the terms of which are contained in Exhibit 1 and 2, respectively. Except as admitted above, the Liquidating Agent denies plaintiff is entitled to recover attorney's fees and further denies each and every remaining allegation in this paragraph, if any.

FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

The complaint fails to state a claim against this defendant upon which relief can be 51. granted.

SECOND AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff, suing as a partnership, lacks standing to assert the claims alleged in the 52. complaint, or is not the real party or parties in interest.

THIRD AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

As alleged, plaintiff's fraud and concealment claims alleged are federally 53. preempted, as the alleged fraud or concealment arises from Kaiperm's alleged non-disclosure of information concerning the NCUA's examination activities at Kaiperm, which it had no duty to disclose, because it was exempt, confidential and privileged pursuant to federal law. (5 U.S.C. §552 and 12 C.F.R. §§792.30, 792.40).

FOURTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's claims are federally preempted by the Liquidating Agent's valid 54. repudiation of the lease, pursuant to statutory authority granted (12 U.S.C. §1787(c)), extinguished any and all possible liability pursuant to the Lease or Purchase and Sale Agreement.

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FIFTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

55. Defendant had no duty to disclose those matters which it was not legally permitted to disclose, specifically, the NCUA's examination activities, because such information was exempt, confidential and privileged at the time. (5 U.S.C. §582 and 12 C.F.R. §§792.30, 792.40)

SIXTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

56. Plaintiff or its agents, or employees were careless, negligent or at fault concerning the matters alleged in the complaint, and such carelessness, negligence or fault caused or contributed to the plaintiff's alleged damages. Any verdict rendered in favor of plaintiffs must be reduced by the percentage of plaintiff's carelessness, negligence or fault caused or contributed to their injuries or damages, if any.

SEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

57. Plaintiff has failed to mitigate their injuries or damages, if any exist at all.

EIGHTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

58. Plaintiff's claims resting upon breach of warranty provisions in the PSA are unenforceable because the specific warranty provisions allegedly breached are vague and lacking in specificity.

NINTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

59. Plaintiff's claim for damages is limited by the provisions of 12 U.S.C. §1787(c)(3)(B), which provides that the liquidating agent cannot be held liable for damages including lost profits, punitive damages, and attorneys fees relating to repudiation of a lease.

<u>TENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE</u>

60. Plaintiff's claim for damages is barred or limited by the provisions of 12 U.S.C. §1787(c)(4), which provides that the liquidating agent cannot be held liable for damages under any acceleration clause or other penalty provision relating to repudiation of a lease.

ELEVENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

61. Plaintiff's damages are speculative and not reasonably certain.

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TWELFTH	AFFIRMATIVE	DEFENSE

To the extent the complaint alleges fraud or concealment based upon (a) matters of 62. opinion, not fact; (b) statement of the future financial performance of Kaiperm at indefinite future dates; or (c) other statements which are not factual in nature, the claims are meritless as a matter of law.

THIRTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

63. Plaintiff has released or is otherwise contractually estopped from recovery on one or more claims alleged in the Purchase and Sale Agreement because of Paragraphs 3.3 and/or 3.5.

FOURTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's monetary damages are limited by all sums which it could reasonably 64. receive as fair market value for sale of the Property, or which it has received, or could reasonably be expected to receive in rent.

FIFTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Restitution claim is barred by the doctrine of laches and/or undue delay, election 65. of remedies and/or the doctrine of changed circumstances, by failing to timely pursue rescission and restitution before Kaiperm's liquidation.

SIXTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff must elect between monetary damages and equitable rescission or 66. restitution.

SEVENTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff has failed to act reasonably or equitably, or otherwise failed to perform 67. acts or conditions necessary to be entitled to rescission or restitution.

EIGHTEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

68. There is no evidence of clear and convincing evidence of intentional fraud or concealment justifying an award of punitive damages. Civil Code §3924.

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NINETEENTH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Any recovery of punitive damages must comply with U.S. and California 69. constitutional requirement of due process; further, as Kaiperm's charter is revoked and it no longer exists, no deterrent purpose would be accomplished by an award of punitive damages in this case.

TWENTIETH AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff is equitably estopped from maintaining one or more of the causes of 70. action alleged in the complaint by the D'Oench Duhme doctrine, which limits the types of evidence that may be offered in support of a claim against the Liquidating Agent. See D'Oench Duhme & Co. v. Federal Deposit Ins. Corp. 315 U.S. 447 (1942)

TWENTY-FIRST AFFIRMATIVE DEFENSE

Plaintiff's complaint is barred by 12 U.S.C. §1787(p)(2), and similar provisions of 71. the Federal Credit Union Act, which, in effect, codify the D'Oench Duhme doctrine.

PRAYER

WHEREFORE, Liquidating Agent, prays as follows:

- That plaintiff takes nothing on its complaint and for judgment in favor of (a) defendant;
- For reasonable attorney's fees and costs of the action, as permitted by contract, by (b) statute or other laws; and
 - For such other and further relief as the court deems just and proper. (c)

December , 2009 Dated:

LOMBARDI, LOPER & CONANT, LLP

UNSIGNED UNTIL APPROVED By: PETER O. GLAESSNER Attorneys for Defendant, National Credit

Union Administration Board, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union

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DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

Defendant The Board of the National Credit Union Administration, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union, demands jury trial on all claims alleged triable to a jury.

December , 2009 LOMBARDI, LOPER & CONANT, LLP Dated:

> By: **UNSIGNED**

PETER O. GLAESSNER Attorneys for Defendant, National Credit Union Administration Board, acting as liquidating agent for Kaiperm Federal Credit Union