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| 8        | UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT   |  |
| 9        | SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  |  |
| 10       |  |  |
| 11       | IVERA MEDICAL CORPORATION,   | Case Nos.:<br>11-cv-1246-H-RBB   |
| 12       | Plaintiff-Counterdefendant,  | 12-cv-1582-H-RBB   |
| 13       | vs.  | ORDER GRANTING<br>PARTIES' JOINT MOTION  |
| 14       |  | FOR ENTRY OF FINAL<br>JUDGMENT AND ON  |
| 15       | HOSPIRA, INC.,   | DEADLINE TO SEEK FEES<br>AND COSTS   |
| 16       | Defendant-Counterplaintiff.  | [Doc. No. 174]   |
| 17       |  |  |
| 18       | In this consolidated notant infringement action. Disintiff againts three claims  |  |
| 19       | In this consolidated patent infringement action, Plaintiff asserts three claims  |  |
| 20       | against Defendant for infringing U.S. Patent Nos. 7,780,794 ("the '794 patent"), 7,985,302 ("the '302 patent"), and 8,206,514 ("the '514 patent") (collectively, the |  |
| 21       | "patents-in-suit"). (See $[1246]^1$ Doc. No. 53, First Amended Complaint; ; $[1582]^2$ Doc.  |  |
| 22       | No. 8, First Amended Complaint.) Defendant asserted counterclaims that it did not  |  |
| 23       | infringe the patents-in-suit, that the patents-in-suit are invalid, and that the   |  |
| 24<br>25 | ge and parents in suit, that the p   | and the solution of the soluti |
| 23<br>26 | <sup>1</sup> "[1246]" refers to Ivers Medical Componetion v. Eventsion Medical Componetion   |  |
| 20<br>27 | <sup>1</sup> "[1246]" refers to <u>Ivera Medical Corporation v. Excelsior Medical Corporation</u> ,<br>No. 11-cv-1246-H.   |  |
| 27       | <sup>2</sup> "[1582]" refers to <u>Ivera Medical Corporation v. Excelsior Medical Corporation</u> , No. 11-cv-1582-H.  |  |
|          | _  | 1 - 11cv1246; 12cv1582   |

| 1        | patents-in-suit are unenforceable due to inequitable conduct. (See [1246] Doc. No. 55;     |  |
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| 2        | [1582] Doc. No. 14.) On April 29, 2014, the Court granted summary judgment for             |  |
| 3        | Defendant and invalidated the patents-in-suit for obviousness under 35 U.S.C. § 103(a).    |  |
| 4        | ([1246] Doc. No. 162.) On June 5, 2014, the Court ordered the parties to show cause        |  |
| 5        | why it should not deny all pending claims as moot. (See Ivera v. Excelsior, No.            |  |
| 6        | 11-cv-1115-H, Doc. No. 128.) On June 9, 2014, the parties filed a joint motion for         |  |
| 7        | entry of final judgment and request to preserve their rights to seek attorneys' fees after |  |
| 8        | appellate review of the Court's order. ([1246] Doc. No. 174.)                              |  |
| 9        | The Court, for good cause shown, grants the joint motion and enters judgment               |  |
| 10       | for Defendant Hospira. Fed. R. Civ. P. 41(a)(2). The Court invalidated the asserted        |  |
| 11       | patents, and "one cannot infringe an invalid patent." See Commil USA, LLC v. Cisco         |  |
| 12       | Sys., 720 F.3d 1361, 1368 (Fed. Cir. 2013). The Court also dismisses Defendant's           |  |
| 13       | unenforceability counterclaim as moot. The Court further orders as follows:                |  |
| 14       | 1. The Court permits the parties to seek attorneys' fees and costs under                   |  |
| 15       | Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 54 after appellate review; and                             |  |
| 16       | 2. The Court enters final judgment for Defendant Hospira.                                  |  |
| 17       | IT IS SO ORDERED.  |  |
| 18       | DATED: June 11, 2014   |  |
| 19       | MARILYN IN HUFF District Indee   |  |
| 20       | MARILYN N. HUFF, Distric Undge<br>UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT                             |  |
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