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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
9	SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
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11	DOLORES ROSALES,	Case No.: 19-cv-2303-JLS-DEB
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING JOINT
13	v.	MOTION FOR PROTECTIVE
14	COUNTY OF SAN DIEGO, et al.,	ORDER [DKT. NO. 41] AND PROTECTIVE ORDER
15	Defendants.	

The Court recognizes that at least some of the documents and information ("materials") being sought through discovery in the above-captioned action contain private, privileged or confidential information that is not generally available to the public, including but not limited to: law enforcement personnel records, reports obtained from the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS), autopsy photographs, and other materials containing confidential sensitive information maintained for law enforcement purposes. The purpose of this Protective Order is to protect the confidentiality and regulate the dissemination of such materials during the litigation. The parties have agreed to be bound by the terms of this Protective Order ("Order") in this action.

Accordingly, to expedite the flow of information, to facilitate the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality of discovery materials, to adequately protect information the parties are entitled to keep confidential, to ensure that the parties are permitted reasonable and necessary uses of such material in preparation for and in the conduct of trial, to address their handling at the end of the litigation, and serve the ends of justice, a protective order for such information is justified in this matter. It is the intent of the parties that information will not be designated as confidential for tactical reasons and that nothing be so designated without a good faith belief that it has been maintained in a confidential, non-public manner, and there is good cause why it should not be part of the public record of this case. THEREFORE:

DEFINITIONS

The term "confidential information" will mean and include information, as defined below, contained or disclosed in any discovery and/or trial materials in this matter.
The following categories will be deemed "confidential information," which are subject to this Protective Order:

a. Information that contains personal medical, employment or financial information, including, but not limited to:

1) Law enforcement personnel records, including internal affairs investigations

2) Un-redacted body-worn camera footage that is not subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act;

 Materials related to investigations by the Citizens Law Enforcement Review Board that are not subject to disclosure under the California Public Records Act; and

4) Financial information of the parties.

2. The term "materials" will include, but is not be limited to: documents; correspondence; memoranda; bulletins; blueprints; specifications; minutes; telegrams; letters; statements; cancelled checks; contracts; invoices; drafts; books of account; worksheets; notes of conversations; desk diaries; appointment books; expense accounts; recordings; photographs; videos; motion pictures; compilations from which information can be obtained and translated into reasonably usable form through detection devices;

sketches; drawings; notes (including laboratory notebooks and records); reports; instructions; disclosures; other writings; models, prototypes, and other physical objects.

3. The term "counsel" will mean counsel of record, and other attorneys, paralegals, secretaries, and other support staff employed in the law firms identified below: Office of County Counsel and the Jesus Eduardo Arias Esq. LLM.

GENERAL RULES

4. Each party to this litigation that produces or discloses any materials, answers to interrogatories and requests for admission, trial testimony, deposition testimony, and transcripts of trial testimony and depositions, or information that the producing party believes should be subject to this Order may designate the same as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY."

a. Designation as "CONFIDENTIAL": A party or non-party subject to this Order may only designate documents or other information in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" if the designating party or non-party has an articulable, good faith basis to believe that each document or other information designated as confidential qualifies for protection under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(c).

b. Designation as "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY": Any party may designate information as "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY" only if, in the good faith belief of such party and its counsel, the information is among that considered to be most sensitive by the party, including but not limited to trade secret or other confidential research, development, financial or other commercial information.

5. In the event the producing party elects to produce materials for inspection, no marking need be made by the producing party in advance of the initial inspection. For purposes of the initial inspection, all materials produced will be considered as "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY," and must be treated as such pursuant to the terms of this Order. Thereafter, upon selection of specified materials for copying by the inspecting party, the producing party must, within a reasonable time prior to producing

those materials to the inspecting party, mark the copies of those materials that contain confidential information with the appropriate confidentiality marking.

6. Whenever a deposition taken on behalf of any party involves a disclosure of confidential information of any party:

a. the deposition or portions of the deposition must be designated as containing confidential information subject to the provisions of this Order; such designation must be made on the record whenever possible, but a party may designate portions of depositions as containing confidential information after transcription of the proceedings; a party will have until 14 calendar days after receipt of the deposition transcript to inform the other party or parties to the action of the portions of the transcript be designated "CONFIDENTIAL" to or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY."

b. the disclosing party will have the right to exclude from attendance at the deposition, during such time as the confidential information is to be disclosed, any person other than the deponent, counsel (including their staff and associates), the court reporter, and the person(s) agreed upon pursuant to Paragraph 9 below; and

c. the originals of the deposition transcripts and all copies of the deposition must bear the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY," as appropriate, and the original or any copy ultimately presented to a court for filing must not be filed unless it can be accomplished under seal, identified as being subject to this Order, and protected from being opened except by order of the Court.

7. All confidential information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY" must not be disclosed by the receiving party to anyone other than those persons designated within this Order and must be handled in the manner set forth below and, in any event, must not be used for any purpose other than in connection with this litigation, unless and until such designation is removed either by agreement of the parties or by order of the Court.

8. Information designated "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY" must be viewed only by counsel (as defined in Paragraph 3) of the receiving party, and by independent experts under the conditions set forth in this Paragraph. The right of any independent expert to receive any confidential information will be subject to the advance approval of such expert by the producing party or by permission of the Court. The party seeking approval of an independent expert must provide the producing party with the name and curriculum vitae of the proposed independent expert, and an executed copy of the form attached hereto as Exhibit A, in advance of providing any confidential information of the producing party to the expert. Any objection by the producing party to an independent expert receiving confidential information must be made in writing within 14 calendar days following receipt of the identification of the proposed expert. Confidential information may be disclosed to an independent expert if the fourteen-day period has passed and no objection has been made. The approval of independent experts must not be unreasonably withheld.

9. Information designated "confidential" must be viewed only by counsel (as defined in Paragraph 3) of the receiving party, by independent experts (pursuant to the terms of Paragraph 8), by court personnel, and by the additional individuals listed below, provided each such individual has read this Order in advance of disclosure and has executed a copy of the form attached hereto as Exhibit A:

a. Executives who are required to participate in policy decisions with reference to this action;

b. Technical personnel of the parties with whom counsel for the parties find it necessary to consult, in the discretion of such counsel, in preparation for trial of this action; and

c. Stenographic and clerical employees associated with the individuals identified above.

10. With respect to material designated "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY," any person indicated on the face of the

document to be its originator, author, or a recipient of a copy of the document, may be shown the same.

11. All information which has been designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "CONFIDENTIAL – FOR COUNSEL ONLY" by the producing or disclosing party, and any and all reproductions of that information, must be retained in the custody of the counsel for the receiving party identified in Paragraph 3, except that independent experts authorized to view such information under the terms of this Order may retain custody of copies such as are necessary for their participation in this litigation.

12. No party may file any document under seal, except pursuant to a court order that authorizes the filing of the document, or portion of the document, under seal. A sealing order will issue only upon a showing that the information is privileged or protectable under the law. The party seeking to file under seal must limit its sealing request to the specific portion of the document that contains the confidential or privileged material.

13. At any stage of the proceedings, any party may object to a designation of materials as confidential information. The objecting party must notify the designating party, in writing, of the materials objected to and the ground(s) for the objection. Thereafter, lead counsel (or attorneys with full authority to make decisions and bind the client without later seeking approval from a supervising attorney) must promptly meet and confer, pursuant to Local Rule 26.1.a. If the dispute is not resolved within seven (7) days of receipt of the objections, and after counsel have thoroughly and completely met and conferred, the parties must place a joint call to the assigned magistrate judge's chambers to explain the dispute and the parties' respective positions. The materials at issue must be treated as confidential until the Court has ruled on the objection or the matter has been otherwise resolved.

14. All confidential information must be held in confidence by those inspecting or receiving it and must be used only for purposes of this action. Counsel for each party, and each person receiving confidential information, must take reasonable precautions to prevent the unauthorized or inadvertent disclosure of such information. If confidential

information is disclosed to any person other than a person authorized by this Order, the party responsible for the unauthorized disclosure must immediately bring all pertinent facts relating to the unauthorized disclosure to the attention of the other parties and, without prejudice to any rights and remedies of the other parties, make every effort to prevent further disclosure by the party and by the person(s) receiving the unauthorized disclosure.

15. No party will be responsible to another party for disclosure of confidential information under this Order if the information in question is not labeled or otherwise identified as such in accordance with this Order.

16. If a party, through inadvertence, produces any confidential information without labeling or marking or otherwise designating it as such in accordance with this Order, the designating party may give written notice to the receiving party that the document or thing produced is deemed confidential information, and that the document or thing produced should be treated as such in accordance with that designation under this Order. The receiving party must treat the materials as confidential once the designating party so notifies the receiving party. If the receiving party has disclosed the materials before receiving the designation, the receiving party must notify the designating party in writing of each such disclosure.

17. Nothing within this Order will prejudice the right of any party to object to the production of any discovery material on the grounds that the material is protected as privileged, violative of an individual's privacy rights, on the grounds that the materials require a signed authorization, or as attorney work product.

18. Nothing in this Order will bar counsel from rendering advice to their clients with respect to this litigation and, in the course thereof, relying upon any information designated as confidential information, provided that the contents of the information must not be disclosed.

19. This Order will be without prejudice to the right of any party to oppose production of any information for lack of relevance or any other ground other than the mere presence of confidential information. The existence of this Order must not be used by

either party as a basis for discovery that is otherwise improper under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

20. Nothing within this Order will be construed to prevent disclosure of confidential information if such disclosure is required by law or by order of the Court.

21. Upon final termination of this action, including any and all appeals, counsel for each party must, upon request of the producing party, return all confidential information to the party that produced the information, including any copies, excerpts, and summaries of that information, or must destroy same at the option of the receiving party, and must purge all such information from all machine-readable media on which it resides. Notwithstanding the foregoing, counsel for each party may retain all pleadings, briefs, memoranda, motions, and other documents filed with the Court that refer to or incorporate confidential information. Further, attorney work product materials that contain confidential information need not be destroyed, but, if they are not destroyed, the person in possession of the attorney work product will continue to be bound by this Order with respect to all such retained information.

23. The restrictions and obligations set forth within this Order will not apply to any information that:

a. the parties agree should not be designated confidential information;

b. the parties agree, or the Court rules, is already public knowledge;

c. the parties agree, or the Court rules, has become public knowledge other than as a result of disclosure by the receiving party, its employees, or its agents in violation of this Order; or

d. has come or will come into the receiving party's legitimate knowledge independently of the production by the designating party. Prior knowledge must be established by pre-production documentation.

24. The restrictions and obligations within this Order will not be deemed to
prohibit discussions of any confidential information with anyone if that person already has
or obtains legitimate possession of that information.

25. Transmission by e-mail or some other currently utilized method of transmission is acceptable for all notification purposes within this Order.

26. This Order may be modified by agreement of the parties, subject to approval by the Court.

27. The Court may modify the protective order in the interest of justice or for public policy reasons.

28. Without separate court order, this Order and the parties' stipulation do not change, amend, or circumvent any court rule or local rule.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: November 8, 2021

Honorable Daniel E. Butcher United States Magistrate Judge

1	EXHIBIT A		
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
3	I, (name), of		
4	(address), declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand		
5	the Protective Order ("Order") that was issued by the United States District Court for the		
6	Southern District of California on (date), in the case of		
7	Dolores Rosales v. County of San Diego, et al., No. 19-cv-2303-JLS-DEB. I agree to		
8	comply with and to be bound by all the terms of the Order, and I understand and		
9	acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the		
10	nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any		
11	information or item that is subject to the Order to any person or entity, except in strict		
12	compliance with the provisions of the Order.		
13	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the		
14	Southern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of the Order, even if		
15	such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.		
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