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## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT DISTRICT OF MAINE

ANDREW P. FLOOD,	)
PLAINTIFF	) )
v.	No. 1:11-CV-303-DBH
ALLEN E. HUNTER,	
DEFENDANT	) )

## ORDER AFFIRMING RECOMMENDED DECISION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE

On August 31, 2011, the United States Magistrate Judge filed with the court, with a copy to the plaintiff, his Order Granting Motion to Proceed Without Prepayment of the Filing Fee, Denying Motion to Appoint Counsel, and Recommended Decision After 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e) Screening. The plaintiff filed an objection to the Recommended Decision on September 14, 2011. I have reviewed and considered the Recommended Decision, together with the entire record; I have made a *de novo* determination of all matters adjudicated by the Recommended Decision; and I concur with the recommendations of the United States Magistrate Judge for the reasons set forth in the Recommended Decision, and determine that no further proceeding is necessary.

I do not rely on the Magistrate Judge's judicial immunity analysis because the plaintiff insists that he is not seeking damages. But the Supreme Court decision in <u>Heck v. Humphrey</u>, 512 U.S. 477 (1994), clearly governs.

Although that too was a damages lawsuit, the Court was clear that a prisoner simply has no cause of action under section 1983 "unless and until the conviction or sentence is reversed, expunged, invalidated, or impugned by the grant of a writ of habeas corpus." 512 U.S. at 489. It also equated a damages claim to an injunctive relief claim that challenged a conviction and said that neither was "cognizable under § 1983." Id. at 483.

Here, the plaintiff requests declaratory relief, injunctive relief and "any additional relief," all centered on the sentence a state judge imposed for the defendant's violation of probation. There simply is no cause of action under section 1983.

It is therefore **Ordered** that the Recommended Decision of the Magistrate Judge is hereby **Adopted**. The plaintiff's 42 U.S.C. § 1983 complaint is **DISMISSED**.

I also observe that this plaintiff has filed a multitude of claims in this court on this matter, all of which have been dismissed: <u>Flood v. Barnhart</u>, No. 1:11-cv-32-DBH; <u>Flood v. Maine Dep't of Corr.</u>, No. 1:11-cv-205-DBH; <u>Flood v. Maine Dep't of Corr.</u>, No. 1:11-cv-281-DBH.

Accordingly, I place Andrew P. Flood on **Notice** that filing restrictions "may be in the offing." <u>Cok v. Family Court of Rhode Island</u>, 985 F.2d 32, 35 (1st Cir. 1993). This represents the "cautionary order" of which <u>Cok</u> speaks. Id. Groundless and inappropriate filings will not be tolerated.

SO ORDERED.

## Dated this $23^{\text{RD}}$ day of September, 2011

/s/D. Brock Hornby

D. BROCK HORNBY
UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE