## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI SOUTHERN DIVISION

## JAMES ANTHONY CLAYTON, #10122 PETITIONER VERSUS CIVIL ACTION NO. 1:10-cv-103-HSO-JMR STATE OF MISSISSIPPI RESPONDENT

## MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Before the Court is the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus filed by Petitioner, James Anthony Clayton. Petitioner filed his Petition pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 on March 9, 2010. On April 9, 2010, the Court entered an Order [5] directing Petitioner to fully complete, sign, and file the form entitled "PETITION UNDER 28 U.S.C. § 2254 FOR WRIT OF HABEAS CORPUS BY A PERSON IN STATE CUSTODY," on or before April 30, 2010. Petitioner was warned in this Order [5] that failure to advise the Court of a change of address or failure to timely comply with any Order of the Court may lead to the dismissal of his Petition. Petitioner failed to comply.

On May 17, 2010, the Court entered an Order [6], directing Petitioner to show cause, on or before June 7, 2010, why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to timely comply with the Court's Order [5] of April 9, 2010. The Show Cause Order [6] warned Petitioner that failure to advise the Court of a change of address or failure to timely comply with the requirements of the Order would lead to the dismissal of his Petition, without further notice. Petitioner has not complied with the Show Cause Order. Since Petitioner is an inmate proceeding *pro se*, a Final Show Cause Order [7] was entered on June 25, 2010. Petitioner was directed to show cause, on or before July 16, 2010, why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to timely comply with the Court's Orders of April 9, 2010 [5], and May 17, 2010 [6]. This Final Show Cause Order [7] warned Petitioner that failure to keep this Court informed of his current address or failure to timely comply with the requirements of the Order would lead to the dismissal of his Petition, without further notice. Petitioner failed to comply with this Order as well. Indeed, Petitioner has failed to comply with three Court Orders, and he has not contacted this Court since April 2, 2010.

This Court has the authority to dismiss an action for Petitioner's failure to prosecute under Rule 41(b) of the FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, and under its inherent authority to dismiss the action *sua sponte*. See generally Link v. Wabash R.R., 370 U.S. 626 (1962); Larson v. Scott, 157 F.3d 1030 (5th Cir.1998); McCullough v. Lynaugh, 835 F.2d 1126 (5th Cir. 1988). The Court must be able to clear its calendars of cases that remain dormant because of the inaction or dilatoriness of the parties seeking relief, so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases. Link, 370 U.S. at 630. Such a "sanction is necessary in order to prevent undue delays in the disposition of pending cases and to avoid congestion in the calendars" of the Court. See id. at 629-30.

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The Court concludes that dismissal of this action for Petitioner's failure to prosecute and failure to comply with the Orders of the Court under Rule 41(b) of the FEDERAL RULES OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, is proper. Since Respondent has not been called upon to answer Petitioner's pleading, and has not appeared in this action, and since the Court has not considered the merits of Petitioner's claims, the Court's Order of dismissal will be without prejudice. *See Munday/Elkins Auto. Partners, LTD. v. Smith*, 201 F. App'x 265, 267 (5th Cir. 2006).

A Final Judgment in accordance with this Memorandum Opinion and Order will be entered.

SO ORDERED, this the  $9^{th}$  day of August, 2010.

<u>s| Halil Suleyman Özerden</u>

HALIL SULEYMAN OZERDEN UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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