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8	UNITED STATES DI	STRICT COURT		
9	9 DISTRICT OF NEVADA			
10	MY DAILY CHOICE, INC., a Nevada	Case No. 2:20-C	V-02237-JAD-NJK	
11	corporation; Plaintiff,			
12		STIPULAT	<b>TED PROTECTIVE</b>	
13	V.		ORDER	
14	ERIN JACKSON, an individual; and DOES 1 through 20, and ROE ENTITIES 1-20, inclusive,			
15	Defendants.			
16		J		
17	1. <u>PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS</u>			
18	Disclosure and discovery activity in this	action are likely	to involve production	of
19	confidential, proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public			olic
20	disclosure and from use for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted.			
21	Accordingly, the parties hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated			
22	Protective Order. The parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on			
23	all disclosures or responses to discovery and that the	he protection it aff	fords from public disclos	ure
24	and use extends only to the limited information or i	tems that are entit	led to confidential treatm	ent
25	under the applicable legal principles. The parties fur	ther acknowledge	, as set forth in Section 12	2.3,
26	below, that this Stipulated Protective Order does not	ot entitle them to f	file confidential informat	ion
27	under seal; Local Rule IA 10-5 sets forth the proce	dures that must be	e followed and the standa	rds
28	that will be applied when a party seeks permission	from the court to f	ile material under seal.	
<b>Jrner</b> LP t, Suite 210 ada 89119	1			

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# 2. <u>DEFINITIONS</u>

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2 2.1 <u>Challenging Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of
3 information or items under this Order.

4 2.2 <u>"CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items</u>: information (regardless of how it is
5 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule
6 of Civil Procedure 26(c).

7 2.3 <u>Counsel (without qualifier)</u>: Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as
8 well as their support staff).

9 2.4 <u>Designating Party</u>: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it
 10 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
 11 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY".

12 2.5 <u>Disclosure or Discovery Material</u>: all items or information, regardless of the 13 medium or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, 14 testimony, transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or 15 responses to discovery in this matter.

16 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to
17 the litigation who (1) has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or
18 as a consultant in this action, (2) is not a past or current employee of a Party or of a Party's
19 competitor, and (3) at the time of retention, is not anticipated to become an employee of a Party or
20 of a Party's competitor.

2.7 <u>"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or</u>
 <u>Items</u>: extremely sensitive "Confidential Information or Items," disclosure of which to another
 Party or Non-Party would create a substantial risk of serious harm that could not be avoided by
 less restrictive means.

25 2.8 <u>House Counsel</u>: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House
26 Counsel does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

27 2.9 <u>Non-Party</u>: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal
28 entity not named as a Party to this action.

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- 2.10 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this 1 2 action but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party. 3 2.11 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees, 4 5 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs). 2.12 6 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material in this action. 7 2.13 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services 8 (e.g., photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and 9 10 organizing, storing, or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and 11 subcontractors. 12 2.14 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as 13 "CONFIDENTIAL," or as "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." 2.15 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a 14 Producing Party. 15 2.16 Related Case: related cases are My Daily Choice, Inc. v. Butler, et al. Case No. 16 2:20-cv-02178-JAD-NJK; My Daily Choice, Inc. v. Donnell, Case No. 2:20-cv-02225-JAD-NJK; 17 18 My Daily Choice, Inc. v. Lituski, Case No. 2:20-cv-02232-JAD-NJK; and My Daily Choice, Inc. 19 v. Lambert, Case No. 2:20-cv-02228-JAD-NJK. No other cases shall be considered a Related Case 20 to this matter absent the written approval of all Parties to this matter. 3. 21 SCOPE 22 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material 23 (as defined above), but also (1) any Confidential Information copied or extracted from Protected 24 Material; (2) all copies, excerpts, summaries, or compilations of Protected Material; and (3) any 25 testimony, conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected 26 Material. However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the 27 following information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to
- 28 a Receiving Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as

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a result of publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public
 record through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to
 the disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained
 the information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party. Any
 use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

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## 4. <u>DURATION</u>

Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this
Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order
otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims
and defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the
completion and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action,
including the time limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to
applicable law.

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5.

## DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

5.1 Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. To the extent it is practical to do so, the Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of this Order.

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Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated
for protection do not qualify for protection at all or do not qualify for the level of protection initially
asserted, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other parties that it is withdrawing the

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mistaken designation.

5.2 <u>Manner and Timing of Designations</u>. Except as otherwise provided in this Order
(see, e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered,
Disclosure or Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so
designated before the material is disclosed or produced.

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Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

(a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but
excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party
affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES
ONLY" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or portions of the material
on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected
portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins) and must specify, for each
portion, the level of protection being asserted.

A Party or Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection 14 15 need not designate them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the 16 material made available for inspection shall be deemed "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -17 18 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." After the inspecting Party has identified the documents it wants 19 copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or portions thereof, 20 qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified documents, the Producing Party must affix the appropriate legend ("CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY 21 22 CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY") to each page that contains Protected Material. 23 If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the 24 25 margins) and must specify, for each portion, the level of protection being asserted.

(b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the
Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other
proceeding, all protected testimony and specify the level of protection being asserted. When it is

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impractical to identify separately each portion of testimony that is entitled to protection and it 1 2 appears that substantial portions of the testimony may qualify for protection, the Designating Party may invoke on the record (before the deposition, hearing, or other proceeding is concluded) a right 3 to have up to 30 days to identify the specific portions of the testimony as to which protection is 4 5 sought and to specify the level of protection being asserted. Only those portions of the testimony 6 that are appropriately designated for protection within the 30 days shall be covered by the 7 provisions of this Stipulated Protective Order. Alternatively, a Designating Party may specify, at the deposition or up to 30 days afterwards if that period is properly invoked, that the entire 8 transcript shall be treated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL -9 ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." 10

Parties shall give the other Parties notice if they reasonably expect a deposition, hearing or
other proceeding to include Protected Material so that the other Parties can ensure that only
authorized individuals who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound"
(Exhibit A) are present at those proceedings. The use of a document as an exhibit at a deposition
shall not in any way affect its designation as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL
– ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY."

Transcripts containing Protected Material shall have an obvious legend on the title page 17 18 that the transcript contains Protected Material, and the title page shall be followed by a list of all 19 pages (including line numbers as appropriate) that have been designated as Protected Material and 20 the level of protection being asserted by the Designating Party. The Designating Party shall inform 21 the court reporter of these requirements. Any transcript that is prepared before the expiration of a 22 30-day period for designation shall be treated during that period as if it had been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" in its entirety unless otherwise 23 24 agreed. After the expiration of that period, the transcript shall be treated only as actually 25 designated.

(c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other
 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container
 or containers in which the information or item is stored the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" or

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"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY." If only a portion or portions of
 the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall
 identify the protected portion(s) and specify the level of protection being asserted.

5.3 <u>Inadvertent Failures to Designate</u>. If the Disclosing Party corrects a failure to designate qualified information within 10 days of discovering the inadvertent failure, that inadvertent failure to designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party's right to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with the provisions of this Order.

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#### 6. <u>CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS</u>

6.1 <u>Timing of Challenges</u>. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of
confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party's confidentiality
designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic
burdens, or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to
challenge a confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the
original designation is disclosed.

6.2 Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process 17 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each 18 19 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must 20 recite that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with this specific paragraph 21 of the Protective Order. The parties shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must 22 begin the process by conferring directly (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication 23 are not sufficient) within 14 days of the date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging 24 Party must explain the basis for its belief that the confidentiality designation was not proper and 25 must give the Designating Party an opportunity to review the designated material, to reconsider 26 the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is offered, to explain the basis for the chosen 27 designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next stage of the challenge process only if it 28 has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes that the Designating Party is

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unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely manner.

6.3 2 Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality in 3 accordance with any applicable Local Rules within 21 days of the initial notice of challenge or 4 5 within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration 6 7 affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion including the 8 required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive the 9 confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party may 10 11 file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing 12 so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any 13 motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the 14 15 preceding paragraph.

The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party. Frivolous challenges and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the challenge.

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7.

#### ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

7.1 <u>Basic Principles</u>. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or
produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case or a Related Case only
for prosecuting, defending, or attempting to settle this litigation or litigation in a Related Case
provided that this protective order is also entered in the relevant Related Case. Such Protected
Material may be disclosed only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in

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this Order. When the litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the 1 2 provisions of section 13 below (FINAL DISPOSITION).

Protected Material must be stored and maintained by a Receiving Party at a location and in 3 a secure manner<sup>1</sup> that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order. 4

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7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

(a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees 8 of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information 9 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that 10 is attached hereto as Exhibit A; 11

12 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the 13 "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 14

15 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of the Receiving Party to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and 16 17 Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A);

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(d) the court and its personnel;

19 (e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, and Professional 20 Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); 21

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(f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A), 23 24 unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed 25 deposition testimony or exhibits to depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this 26

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> It may be appropriate under certain circumstances to require the Receiving Party to store any 28 electronic Protected Material in password-protected form.

Stipulated Protective Order.

2 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other
3 person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

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7.3 <u>Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY"</u> <u>Information or Items</u>. Unless otherwise ordered by the court or permitted in writing by the Designating Party, a Receiving Party may disclose any information or item designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" only to:

8 (a) the Receiving Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees
9 of said Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information
10 for this litigation and who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" that
11 is attached hereto as Exhibit A;

(b) Experts of the Receiving Party (1) to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this
litigation, (2) who have signed the "Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A),
and (3) who have been identified in writing to the Disclosing Party in advance, and are not or
anticipated to become owners, officers, directors, employees, or affiliates of a Party or a competitor
of a Party;

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(c) the court and its personnel;

(d) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, and Professional
Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation and who have signed the
"Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound" (Exhibit A); and

(e) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or other
person who otherwise possessed or knew the information.

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7.4 <u>Procedures for Objecting to Disclosure of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –</u>

24 <u>ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" Information or Items to Experts.</u>

(a) Unless otherwise ordered by the court or agreed to in writing by the Designating Party,
a Party that seeks to disclose to an Expert (as defined in this Order) any information or item that
has been designated "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" pursuant to
paragraph 7.3(c) must first provide written notice to the Designating Party that (1) identifies the

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general categories of "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" information
 that the Receiving Party intends to disclose to the Expert, (2) sets forth the full name of the Expert
 and the city and state of his or her primary residence, (3) attaches a copy of the Expert's current
 resume, (4) identifies the Expert's current employer(s), and (5) provides a list of all other cases in
 which, during the previous four years, the witness testified as an expert at trial or by deposition.

(b) A Party that provides the information specified in the preceding respective paragraphs
may disclose the subject Protected Material to the identified Expert unless, within three days of
delivering the request, the Party receives a written objection from the Designating Party. Any such
objection must set forth in detail the grounds on which it is based.

10 (c) A Party that receives a timely written objection must meet and confer with the Designating Party (through direct voice to voice dialogue) to try to resolve the matter by agreement 11 12 within seven days of the written objection. If no agreement is reached, the Party seeking to make 13 the disclosure to the Expert may file a motion seeking permission from the court to do so. Any such motion must describe the circumstances with specificity, set forth in detail the reasons why 14 15 the disclosure to the Expert is reasonably necessary, assess the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail, and suggest any additional means that could be used to reduce that risk. In addition, 16 any such motion must be accompanied by a competent declaration describing the parties' efforts 17 to resolve the matter by agreement (i.e., the extent and the content of the meet and confer 18 19 discussions) and setting forth the reasons advanced by the Designating Party for its refusal to 20 approve the disclosure.

In any such proceeding, the Party opposing disclosure to the Expert shall bear the burden
of proving that the risk of harm that the disclosure would entail (under the safeguards proposed)
outweighs the Receiving Party's need to disclose the Protected Material to its Expert.

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## 8. <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN</u> <u>OTHER LITIGATION</u>

If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels
disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" or
"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" that Party must:

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(a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy
 of the subpoena or court order;

3 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the
4 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this
5 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

6 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the
7 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena 8 or court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL" 9 or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS' EYES ONLY" before a determination by the 10 11 court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained the Designating 12 Party's permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking protection 13 in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive from 14 15 another court.

9. <u>A NON-PARTY'S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN</u> <u>THIS LITIGATION</u>

The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this
action and designated as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS"
EYES ONLY." Such information produced by Non-Parties in connection with this litigation is
protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing in these provisions should be
construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional protections.

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## 10. <u>UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

If a Receiving Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Receiving Party must immediately (a) notify in writing the Designating Party of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom unauthorized disclosures were made of all the Case 2:20-cv-02237-JAD-NJK Document 25 Filed 07/26/21 Page 13 of 16

terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or persons to execute the "Acknowledgment and
 Agreement to Be Bound" that is attached hereto as Exhibit A.

# 11. <u>INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE</u> <u>PROTECTED MATERIAL</u>

5 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the 6 Receiving Parties are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision 7 is not intended to modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that 8 provides for production without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 9 502(d) and (e), insofar as the parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a 10 11 communication or information covered by the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, 12 the parties may incorporate their agreement in the stipulated protective order submitted to the 13 court.

14 **12.** 

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# **MISCELLANEOUS**

15 12.1 <u>Right to Further Relief</u>. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to
16 seek its modification by the court in the future.

17 12.2 <u>Right to Assert Other Objections</u>. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order
18 no Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any
19 information or item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no
20 Party waives any right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered
21 by this Protective Order.

12.3 <u>Filing Protected Material</u>. Without written permission from the Designating Party or a court order secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must comply with Local Rule IA 10-5. If a Receiving Party's request to file Protected Material under seal is denied by the court, then the Receiving Party may file the Protected Material in the public record unless otherwise instructed by the court.

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Papers filed with the Court under seal must be accompanied with a concurrently-filed 1 2 motion for leave to file those documents under seal. See Local Rule IA 10-5(a). The Ninth Circuit has held that there is a presumption of public access to judicial files and records, and that parties 3 seeking to maintain the confidentiality of documents attached to nondispositive motions must 4 5 show good cause exists to overcome the presumption of public access. Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 1179 (9th Cir. 2006). Parties seeking to maintain the secrecy 6 7 of documents attached to dispositive motions must show compelling reasons sufficient to overcome the presumption of public access. Id. at 1180. All motions to seal must address the 8 applicable standard and explain why that standard has been met. The fact that a court has entered 9 10 a blanket stipulated protective order and that a party has designated a document as confidential 11 pursuant to that protective order does not, standing alone, establish sufficient grounds to seal a 12 filed document.

If the sole ground for a motion to seal is that the opposing party (or non-party) has 13 designated a document as confidential, the designator shall file (within seven days of the filing of 14 15 the motion to seal) either (1) a declaration establishing sufficient justification for sealing each document at issue or (2) a notice of withdrawal of the designation(s) and consent to unsealing. If 16 17 neither filing is made, the Court may order the document(s) unsealed without further notice. The Parties shall comply with the requirements of Local Rule IA 10-5, the Ninth Circuit's decision in 18 19 Kamakana, 447 F.3d 1172, and the procedures outlined above, with respect to any documents filed 20 under seal.

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## 13. <u>FINAL DISPOSITION</u>

Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, each Receiving Party must return all Protected Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60-day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where appropriate) all the Protected

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Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the Receiving Party has not retained
 any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format reproducing or capturing any
 of the Protected Material.

Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are entitled to retain an archival copy of all
pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing transcripts, legal memoranda,
correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney work product, and consultant
and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected Material. Any such archival
copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this Protective Order as set
forth in Section 4 (DURATION).
IT IS SO STIPULATED.

- IT IS SO STIPULATED.
   Respectfully submitted,
   Dated this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of July 2021.
- 13 GARMAN TURNER GORDON LLP
- By: <u>/s/ Jared M. Sechrist</u>
  ERIKA PIKE TURNER
  Nevada Bar No. 6454
  JARED M. SECHRIST Nevada Bar No. 10439
  7251 Amigo Street, Suite 210 Las Vegas, NV 89119
  Attorneys for Plaintiff, My Daily Choice

IT IS SO ORDERED:

DATED: July 26, 2021

Dated this 23<sup>rd</sup> day of July 2021.

RANDAZZA LEGAL GROUP, PLLC

By: <u>/s/ Ronald D. Green</u> MARC J. RANDAZZA Nevada Bar No. 12265 RONALD D. GREEN Nevada Bar No. 7360 2764 Lake Sahara Drive, Suite 109 Las Vegas, NV 89117 Tel: (702) 420-2001 Fax: (305) 437-7662 *Attorneys for Defendant, Erin Jackson* 

# <u>ORDER</u>

NANCY J. KOPPE UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

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1	EXHIBIT A		
2	ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND		
3	I, [print or type full name], of [print or		
4	type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the		
5	Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the District of Nevada		
6	on, 2021 in the case of <i>My Daily Choice, Inc. v. Jackson</i> , Case No. 2:20-CV-02237-JAD-		
7	NJK. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I		
8	understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the		
9	nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that		
10	is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the		
11	provisions of this Order.		
12	I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the District of		
13	Nevada for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement		
14	proceedings occur after termination of this action.		
15	I hereby appoint [print or type full name] of		
16	[print or type full address and telephone number] as my		
17	Nevada agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement		
18	of this Stipulated Protective Order.		
19			
20	Date:		
21	City and State where sworn and signed:		
22			
23	Printed name: [printed name]		
	[printed name]		
24			
24 25	[printed name] Signature: [signature]		
25			
25 26			