

and Donald J. Burke and Donald W. Burke, ("Burke Parties" or "Plaintiffs"), by and through
 counsel, the law firm of Clarke Law P.C. collectively referred to herein as the "Parties" and
 individually as a "Party", have agreed to and have submitted to the Court, and for good cause
 shown the Court hereby enters the following Protective Order:

5 The Court, finding good cause for entry of a protective order pursuant to FRCP 26(c) and
6 FRCP 29(b), and hereby ORDERS that:

7 **I**.

APPLICABILITY OF THIS PROTECTIVE ORDER

8 Subject to Section 2 below, this Protective Order governs the handling of documents, 9 electronically stored data, depositions, deposition exhibits, interrogatory responses, responses to 10 requests for admissions, responses to requests for production of documents, and all other discovery obtained pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or other legal process by or 11 from, or produced on behalf of, a Party, non-party, or witness in connection with this action (this 12 information hereinafter shall be referred to as "Discovery Material"). As used herein, "Producing 13 Party" or "Disclosing Party" shall refer to the Parties and nonparties that give testimony or 14 15 produce documents or other information in connection with this action; "Receiving Party" shall refer to the Parties in this action that receive such information, and "Authorized Recipient" shall 16 refer to any person or entity authorized by Section 11 of this Protective Order to obtain access to 17 Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information as defined in Section 5, or the 18 contents of such Discovery Material. 19

20 II. NO WAIVER

This Protective Order is entered solely for the purpose of facilitating the exchange of 21 documents and information among the Parties to this action without involving the Court 22 unnecessarily in the process. Nothing in this Protective Order, nor the production of any 23 information or document under the terms of this Protective Order, nor any proceedings pursuant 24 to this Protective Order, shall be deemed to be a waiver of any rights or objections to challenge 25 the authenticity or admissibility of any document, testimony, or other evidence at trial. 26 Additionally, this Protective Order will not prejudice the right of any Party or nonparty to oppose 27 28 111



production of any information on the ground of attorney-client privilege, work product doctrine,
 or any other privilege or protection provided under the law.

3 III. DESIGNATION OF INFORMATION

Any Producing Party may designate Discovery Material that is in its possession, custody,
or control produced to a Receiving Party as "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY
CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" under the terms of this Protective Order if the
Producing Party in good faith reasonably believes that such Discovery Material contains
nonpublic, confidential information as defined in Section 5 below.

9 IV. EXERCISE OF RESTRAINT AND CARE IN DESIGNATING MATERIAL FOR PROTECTION
 10 Each Producing Party that designates information or items for protection under this
 11 Protective Order must take care to limit any such designation to specific material that qualifies
 12 under the appropriate standards. Indiscriminate designations are prohibited.

13 V. CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

For purposes of this Protective Order, "Confidential Information" means information that 14 constitutes, reflects, or discloses nonpublic information, trade secrets, or other know-how, 15 research, development, or financial, proprietary, commercially sensitive, confidential business, 16 accounting, marketing, regulatory, strategic information (including business plans, negotiations, 17 strategies, or decisions, scientific and technical information, and nonpublic designs), information 18 about existing and potential customers, the disclosure of which the Producing Party believes in 19 good faith might reasonably result in economic, competitive, or business injury to the Producing 20Party (or its parents, subsidiaries, affiliates, personnel, or clients) and which is not publicly 21 known and cannot be ascertained from an inspection of publicly available sources, documents, 22 material, or devices. "Confidential Information" shall also include sensitive personal information 23 that is not otherwise publicly available, such as home addresses; social security numbers; dates 24 of birth; employment personnel files; home telephone records/numbers; employee disciplinary 25 records; earnings statements; tax records; and other similar personal financial information. 26

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"Highly Confidential Information" is any Confidential Information as defined above, the
 disclosure of which would create a substantial risk of economic, competitive, or business injury
 to the Producing Party.

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VI.

DESIGNATING CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL Information

If any Party in this action determines in good faith that any information, documents, 6 things or responses produced in the course of discovery in this action should be designated as 7 8 Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information (the "Designating Party"), it shall advise any party receiving such material of this fact, and all copies of such document, things, or 9 10 responses, or portions thereof deemed to be confidential shall be marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" (whether produced in hard copy 11 or electronic form) at the expense of the Designating Party and treated as such by all Parties. A 12 13 Designating Party may inform another Party that a document is Confidential or Highly Confidential by providing the Bates number of the document in writing. If Confidential 14 Information or Highly Confidential Information is produced via an electronic form on a 15 computer readable medium (e.g., CD-ROM), other digital storage medium, or via Internet 16 transmission, the Producing Party or Designating Party shall affix in a prominent place on the 17 storage medium or container file on which the information is stored, and on any container(s) for 18 such medium, the legend "Includes CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION" and/or "HIGHLY 19 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY". Nothing in this section 20 shall extend confidentiality or the protections associated therewith to any information that does 21 not otherwise constitute "Confidential Information" or "Highly Confidential Information" as 22 defined in Section 5 herein. 23

24 **VII. REDACTION ALLOWED**



Any Producing Party may redact from the documents or things it produces matter that the Producing Party claims is subject to the attorney-client privilege, the work product doctrine, a legal prohibition against disclosure, or any other privilege from disclosure. A Producing Party may not withhold non-privileged, responsive information solely on the grounds that such

information is contained in a document that includes privileged information. The Producing 1 Party shall mark each redaction with a legend stating "REDACTED". All documents redacted 2 based on attorney-client privilege or work-product immunity shall be listed in an appropriate log 3 in conformity with Federal law and Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5). Any other Δ redaction made pursuant to this Section 7, whether based on a claim of privilege, protection, or 5 otherwise, shall likewise be identified on an appropriate log indicating the justification for the 6 redaction. Where a document consists of more than one page, the page on which information has 7 been redacted shall so be marked. The Producing Party shall preserve an un-redacted version of 8 such document. 9

10 VIII. USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Except as provided herein, Confidential Information and Highly Confidential Information 11 designated or marked shall be maintained in confidence, used solely for the purposes of this 12 action, to the extent not otherwise prohibited by an order of the Court, shall be disclosed to no 13 one except those persons identified herein in Section 11, and shall be handled in such manner 14 until such designation is removed by the Designating Party or by order of the Court. Confidential 15 Information and Highly Confidential Information produced by another Party shall not be used by 16 any Receiving Party for any commercial, competitive, or personal purpose. Nothing in this 17 Protective Order shall govern or restrict a Producing Party's use of its own Confidential 18 Information, Highly Confidential Information or any of its own non-confidential information in 19 any way. 20

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IX. DESIGNATION OF PREVIOUSLY DISCLOSED DOCUMENTS

Once the Court enters this Protective Order, a Party shall have thirty (30) calendar days to designate as Confidential or Highly Confidential any documents previously produced in this action, which it can do by stamping "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" on the document or informing the other Parties of the Batesnumbers of the documents so designated.



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USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION IN DEPOSITIONS

2 Counsel for any Party shall have the right to disclose Confidential Information or Highly 3 Confidential Information at depositions, provided that such disclosure is consistent with this Protective Order. Any counsel of record may request that all persons not entitled under Section 4 11 of this Protective Order to have access to Confidential Information or Highly Confidential 5 Information leave the deposition room during the confidential portion of the deposition. Failure 6 of such persons to comply with a request to leave the deposition shall constitute substantial 7 8 justification for counsel to advise the witness that the witness need not answer the question where the answer would disclose Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information 9 10 until such unauthorized person leaves the deposition room.

Additionally, at any deposition session, (1) upon inquiry with regard to the content of any
discovery material(s) designated or marked as "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY

13 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY"; (2) whenever counsel for a Party deems that the answer to a question may result in the disclosure or revelation of Confidential Information or 14 Highly Confidential Information; and/or (3) whenever counsel for a Party deems that the answer 15 to any question has resulted in the disclosure or revelation of Confidential Information or Highly 16 Confidential Information, counsel to any Party may designate portions of a deposition transcript 17 and/or video of any deposition (or any other testimony) as containing Confidential Information 18 or Highly Confidential Information in accordance with this Order by a statement on the record 19 during the deposition or by notifying all other Parties in writing, within fifteen (15) calendar days 20of receiving the transcript or video that it contains Confidential Information or Highly 21 Confidential Information and designating the specific pages, lines, and/or counter numbers as 22 containing Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information. If a designation is made 23 via a statement on the record during a deposition, that portion of the testimony so designated 24 shall be set forth in a separate transcript with the appropriate designation appearing on each page 25 thereof, where available. If a separate, properly designated transcript is not available from the 26court reporter, counsel must follow up in writing within fifteen (15) calendar days of receiving 27 the transcript or video, identifying the specific pages, lines, and/or counter numbers containing 28



the Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information. If no confidentiality
 designations are made within the fifteen (15) calendar day period, the entire transcript shall be
 considered non-confidential. During the fifteen (15) day period, the entire transcript and video
 shall be treated as Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information.

All originals and copies of deposition transcripts that contain Confidential Information or
Highly Confidential Information shall be prominently marked "CONFIDENTIAL" and
"HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL – ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" on the cover thereof and, if and
when filed with the Court, the portions of such transcript so designated shall be filed under seal.
Any DVD or other digital storage medium containing Confidential Information or Highly
Confidential Information deposition testimony shall be labeled in accordance with the provisions
of Section 6.

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XI. PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

Confidential Information produced pursuant to this Protective Order may be disclosed or
made available only to the Court, its employees, other court personnel, any discovery referee,
mediator or other official who may be appointed by the Court, and to the persons below:

- a. A Party, or officers, directors, employees, members, managers and agents of a Party deemed necessary by counsel to aid in the prosecution, defense, or settlement of this action;
 - b. Counsel for a Party (including in-house attorneys, contract attorneys, outside attorneys associated with a law firm(s) of record and support personnel, such as law clerks, paralegals, secretaries and clerical staff employed by such counsel);
 - c. Persons retained by a Party to provide litigation support services
 (photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium, etc.);
 - d. Consultants or expert witnesses (together with their support staff) retained for the prosecution or defense of this litigation, provided that such an expert or consultant is not a current employee of a direct competitor of a Party named in



1	this action and provided such Consultant and expert witness agrees to		
2	maintain the information as Confidential pursuant to this Order and executes		
3	Exhibit A; however, a Party may seek leave of the Court to provide		
4	information to a consultant employed by a competitor;		
5	e. Court reporter(s) and videographers(s) employed in this action;		
6	f. Any authors and/or recipients of the Confidential Information (to the extent		
7	the author or recipient is in possession of the information or documents		
8	through means other than Discovery Materials produced in this action);		
9	g. A witness at any deposition or other proceeding in this action, provided such		
10	witness agrees on the record to maintain the information as Confidential		
11	pursuant to this Order and shall execute Exhibit A; and		
12	h. Any other person as to whom the Parties in writing agree or that the Court in		
13	these proceedings so designates.		
14	Any person to whom Confidential Information is disclosed pursuant to subparts (a)		
15	through (h) hereinabove shall be advised that the Confidential Information is being disclosed		
16	5 pursuant to an order of the Court, that the information may not be disclosed by such person to		
17	any person not permitted to have access to the Confidential Information pursuant to this		
18	Protective Order, and that any violation of this Protective Order may result in the imposition of		
19	such sanctions as the Court deems proper. Any person to whom Confidential Information is		
20) disclosed pursuant to subpart (a) if they are merely an "agent" but do not fall into any other		
21	category in that sub-part, (c), (d), (f), (g) and (h), of this Section shall also be required to execute		
22	a copy of the form Exhibit A. The persons shall agree in writing to be bound by the terms of this		
23	Protective Order by executing a copy of Exhibit A (which shall be maintained by the counsel of		
24	record for the Party seeking to reveal the Confidential Information) in advance of being shown		
25	the Confidential Information. No Party (nor its counsel) shall discourage any persons from		
26	signing a copy of Exhibit A. If a person refuses to execute a copy of Exhibit A, the Party seeking		
27	to reveal the Confidential Information shall seek an order from the Court directing that the		
28	person be bound by this Protective Order. In the event of the filing of such a motion,		

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Confidential Information may not be disclosed to such person until the Court resolves the issue.
 Proof of each written agreement provided for under this Section shall be maintained by each of
 the Parties while this action is pending and disclosed to the other Parties upon good cause shown
 and upon order of the Court.

- 5 XII. PERSONS AUTHORIZED TO RECEIVE HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION
 6 Highly Confidential Information produced pursuant to this Protective Order may be
 7 disclosed or made available only to the Court, its employees, other court personnel, any
- 8 discovery referee, mediator or other official who may be appointed by the Court, and the9 following persons:
- 10 a. Counsel for a Party (including contract attorneys, outside attorneys associated with a law firm(s) of record, and support personnel, such as law clerks, 11 paralegals, secretaries and clerical staff employed by such counsel); 12 13 b. Persons retained by a Party to provide litigation support services (photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, 14 organizing, storing, retrieving data in any form or medium, etc.), provided 15 such persons agree to maintain the information as Highly Confidential 16 pursuant to this Order and executes Exhibit A; 17 c. Consultants or expert witnesses (together with their support staff) retained for 18 the prosecution or defense of this litigation, provided that such an expert or 19
 - the prosecution or defense of this litigation, provided that such an expert or consultant is not a current employee of a direct competitor of a Party named in this action and provided such consultant and expert witness agrees to maintain the information as Highly Confidential pursuant to this Order and executes Exhibit A; however, a Party may seek leave of the Court to provide information to a consultant employed by a competitor;
 - d. Court reporter(s) and videographers(s) employed in this action, provided such persons agree to maintain the information as Highly Confidential pursuant to this Order and executes Exhibit A; and

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e. Any other person as to whom the parties in writing agree or that the Court in 1 2 these proceedings so designates, provided such persons agree to maintain the 3 information as Highly Confidential pursuant to this Order and executes Exhibit A. 4 5 Any person to whom Highly Confidential Information is disclosed pursuant to subparts (a) through (e) hereinabove shall be advised that the Highly Confidential Information is being 6 disclosed pursuant to an order of the Court, that the information may not be disclosed by such 7 8 person to any person not permitted to have access to the Highly Confidential Information pursuant to this Protective Order, and that any violation of this Protective Order may result in the 9 10 imposition of such sanctions as the Court deems proper. If a person refuses to execute a copy of Exhibit A, the Party seeking to reveal the Highly Confidential Information shall seek an order 11 from the Court directing that the person be bound by this Protective Order. In the event of the 12 filing of such a motion, Highly Confidential Information may not be disclosed to such person 13 until the Court resolves the issue. Proof of each written agreement provided for under this 14 Section shall be maintained by each of the Parties while this action is pending and disclosed to 15 the other Parties upon good cause shown and upon order of the Court. 16 17 XIII. FILING OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION AND HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION WITH THE COURT 18 All information subject to confidential treatment in accordance with the terms of this 19 20Protective Order that is filed with the Court, and any pleadings, motions or other papers filed with the Court disclosing any Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information, shall 21

be filed under seal to the extent permitted by law (including without limitation any applicable 22

rules of court) and kept under seal until further order of the Court. 23

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The Parties recognize that the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals has held that there is a presumption of public access to judicial files and records, and that parties seeking to maintain the confidentiality of documents attached to non-dispositive motions must show good cause exists to 26 overcome the presumption of public access. Kamakana v. City and Cnty. of Honolulu, 447 F.3d 1172, 11798 (9th Cir. 2006). 28

The Parties further acknowledge that they have agreed to the terms of this Protective
 Order to facilitate the exchange of discovery materials in this case, but that there has been no
 showing, and the Court has not found, that any specific documents are secret or confidential. The
 Parties have not provided specific facts supported by declarations or concrete examples to
 establish that a protective order is required to protect any specific trade secret or other
 confidential information pursuant to Rule 26(c) or that disclosure would cause an identifiable
 and significant harm.

8 The Parties further acknowledge that the Party seeking to maintain the secrecy of 9 documents attached to dispositive motions must show compelling reasons sufficient to overcome 10 the presumption of public access. Id. at 1180. All motions to seal must address the applicable standard and explain why that standard has been met. The fact that a court has entered a blanket 11 stipulated protective order and that a party has designated a document as confidential pursuant to 12 that protective order does not, standing alone, establish sufficient grounds to seal a filed 13 document. See Foltz v. State Farm Mut. Auto. Ins. Co., 331 F.3d 1122, 1133 (9th Cir. 2003); see 14 also Beckman Indus., Inc. v. Int'l Ins. Co., 966 F.2d 470, 476 (9th Cir. 1992). 15

Accordingly, a Party seeking to file a confidential document under seal must file a
motion to seal and must comply with LR IA 10-5 and the Ninth Circuit's directives
in *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d 1172. The Parties shall file documents under seal using the Court's
electronic filing procedures. *See* Local Rule IA 10-5. Papers filed with the Court under seal shall
be accompanied with a concurrently-filed motion for leave to file those documents under seal. *See* Local Rule IA 10-5(a). Any motion to seal shall address the applicable legal standard and

22 explain why that standard has been met.



If the sole ground for a motion to seal is that the opposing party (or non-party) has designated a document as confidential the designator shall file (within seven (7) days of the filing of the motion to seal) either (1) a declaration establishing sufficient justification for sealing each document at issue or (2) a notice of withdrawal of the designation(s) and consent to unsealing. If neither filing is made, the Court may order the document(s) unsealed without further notice.

If any Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information is used in any Court 1 2 proceeding in this action, it shall not lose its confidential status through such use, and the Party 3 using such information shall take all reasonable steps consistent with Court Rules Governing Sealing and Redacting Court Records to maintain its confidentiality during such use. 4

XIV. NOTICE TO NONPARTIES 5

Any Party issuing a subpoena to a nonparty shall enclose a copy of this Protective Order 6 and advise the nonparty that it may designate any Discovery Material it produces pursuant to the 7 8 terms of this Protective Order, should the producing nonparty wish to do so. This Protective Order shall be binding in favor of designating nonparties to the maximum extent permitted by 9 10 law. Any nonparty invoking the Protective Order shall comply with, and be subject to, all applicable sections of the Protective Order. 11

KNOWLEDGE OF UNAUTHORIZED USE OR POSSESSION XV. 12

13 If a Party receiving Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information learns of any possession, knowledge, use or disclosure of any Confidential Information or Highly 14 Confidential Information in violation of the terms of this Protective Order, the Receiving Party 15 shall immediately notify in writing the party that produced the Confidential Information or 16 Highly Confidential Information at issue. The Receiving Party shall promptly furnish the 17 Producing Party the full details of such possession, knowledge, use or disclosure. With respect to 18 such unauthorized possession, knowledge, use or disclosure the Receiving Party shall assist the 19 Producing Party in remedying the disclosure (e.g., by retrieving the Confidential Information or 20Highly Confidential Information from an unauthorized recipient) and/or preventing its 21 recurrence. 22

XVI. COPIES, SUMMARIES OR ABSTRACTS 23

24 Any copies, summaries, abstracts or exact duplications of Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information shall be marked "CONFIDENTIAL" or "HIGHLY 25 CONFIDENTIAL - ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY" and shall be considered Confidential 26 Information or Highly Confidential Information subject to the terms and conditions of this 27 Protective Order. Attorney-client communications and attorney work-product regarding 28

1	Confidential Information and Highly Confidential Information shall not be subject to this section				
2	(i.e., it need not be marked "CONFIDENTIAL" and "HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL –				
3	ATTORNEYS EYES ONLY"), regardless of whether they summarize, abstract, paraphrase or				
4	otherwise reflect Confidential Information.				
5	XVII. INFORMATION NOT CONFIDENTIAL				
6	The restrictions set forth in this Protective Order shall not be construed to apply to any				
7	information or materials that:				
8	a.	Were lawfully in the Receiving Party's possession prior to such information			
9		being designated as Confidential Information in this action, and that the			
10		Receiving Party is not otherwise obligated to treat as confidential;			
11	b.	Were obtained without any benefit or use of Confidential Information or			
12		Highly Confidential Information from a third party having the right to disclose			
13		such information to the Receiving Party without restriction or obligation of			
14		confidentiality;			
15	с.	Were independently developed after the time of disclosure by persons who did			
16		not have access to the Producing Party's Confidential Information or Highly			
17		Confidential Information;			
18	d.	Have been or become part of the public domain by publication or otherwise			
19		and not due to any unauthorized act or omission on the part of a Receiving			
20		Party; or			
21	e.	Under law, have been declared to be in the public domain.			
22	2 XVIII. CHALLENGES TO DESIGNATIONS				
23	In the event a Party challenges another Party's confidential designation, counsel shall				
24	make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute, and in the absence of a resolution, the challenging				
25	Party may thereafter seek resolution by the Court. The burden of establishing proper designation				
26	as confidential shall be on the Party claiming that it is confidential. Nothing in this Protective				
27	Order constitutes an admission by any Party that Confidential Information disclosed in this case				
28	is relevant or admissible. Each Party specifically reserves the right to object to the use or				

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admissibility of all Confidential Information disclosed, in accordance with applicable law and
 Court rules.

3 XIX. INADVERTENT FAILURE TO DESIGNATE

The inadvertent failure to designate information produced in discovery as Confidential 4 Information or Highly Confidential Information shall not be deemed, by itself, to be a waiver of 5 the right to so designate such discovery materials as Confidential Information or Highly 6 Confidential Information. Within a reasonable time of learning of any such inadvertent failure, 7 the Producing Party shall notify all Receiving Parties of such inadvertent failure and take such 8 other steps as necessary to correct such failure after becoming aware of it. Disclosure of such 9 10 discovery materials to any other person prior to later designation of the Discovery Materials in accordance with this section shall not violate the terms of this Protective Order. However, 11 immediately upon being notified of an inadvertent failure to designate, all Parties shall treat such 12 information as though properly designated and shall take any actions necessary to prevent any 13 future unauthorized disclosure, use, or possession. 14

15 XX. DURATION OF THE ORDER

Within sixty (60) calendar days after the final disposition of this action, by settlement or 16 otherwise, all Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information produced by an 17 opposing Party or nonparty (including, without limitation, any copies, extracts or summaries 18 thereof) as part of discovery in this action shall be destroyed by the Parties to whom the 19 20Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information was produced, and each counsel shall, by declaration delivered to all counsel for the Producing Party, affirm that all such 21 Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information (including, without limitation, any 22 copies, extracts or summaries thereof) has been destroyed; provided, however, that each counsel 23 shall be entitled to retain pleadings, motions and memoranda in support thereof, declarations or 24 affidavits, deposition transcripts and videotapes, or documents reflecting attorney work product 25 or consultant or expert work product, even if such material contains or refers to Confidential 26Information or Highly Confidential Information, but only to the extent necessary to preserve a 27 litigation file with respect to this action. Nothing in this Protective Order shall require that 28



counsel for the Parties, as defined under Section 11(b), search through their email archives to 1 2 find every instance where an email to or from counsel may attach Confidential Information or 3 Highly Confidential Information, or backup systems to find every instance where a document or file may contain Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information. However, unless 4 it is an archival copy as permitted above, Confidential Information or Highly Confidential 5 Information stored on a shared drive, attorneys' desktops, or printed in hard copy, must be 6 destroyed pursuant to this Section. 7

8 XXI. **ATTORNEY'S FEES**

9 Nothing in this Protective Order is intended to either expand or limit a prevailing Party's 10 right under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or other applicable state or federal law to pursue costs and attorneys' fees incurred related to confidentiality designations or the abuse of the 11 process described herein. 12

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XXII. INJUNCTIVE RELIEF AND SANCTIONS AVAILABLE FOR UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE **OR USE OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION OR HIGHLY CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION** 14 The Parties and/or nonparties shall not utilize any Confidential Information or Highly 15 Confidential Information for their own personal and/or business advantage or gain, aside from 16 purposes solely related to the instant litigation. The Parties and nonparties acknowledge and 17 agree that unauthorized use and/or disclosure of Confidential Information or Highly Confidential 18 Information beyond this litigation shall subject the offending Party or nonparty to sanctions 19 contemplated in FRCP 37(b)(2)(A)-(D), up to and including entry of judgment against the 20offending Party in circumstances involving willful disobedience with this order. Further, the 21 Parties and/or nonparties receiving or being given access to Confidential Information or Highly 22 Confidential Information acknowledge that monetary remedies would be inadequate to protect 23 each Party in the case of unauthorized disclosure or use of Confidential Information or Highly 24 Confidential Information that the Receiving Party only received through discovery in this action 25 and that injunctive relief would be necessary and appropriate to protect each Party's rights in the 26 event there is any such unauthorized disclosure or use of Confidential Information or Highly 27 Confidential Information. The availability of injunctive relief to protect against the unauthorized 28

disclosure or use of Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information shall not be
 exclusive.

3 XXIII. OTHER ACTIONS AND PROCEEDINGS

If a Receiving Party (a) is subpoended in another action, investigation, or proceeding, (b) 4 is served with a demand in another action, investigation, or proceeding, or (c) is served with any 5 legal process by one not a party to this Protective Order, seeking materials which were produced 6 or designated as Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information pursuant to this 7 Protective Order, the Receiving Party shall give prompt, actual, written notice by electronic 8 transmission to counsel of record for such Producing Party within five (5) business days of 9 10 receipt of such subpoena, demand or legal process, or such shorter notice as may be required to provide other parties with the opportunity to object to the immediate production of the requested 11 discovery materials to the extent permitted by law. The burden of opposing enforcement of the 12 subpoena, demand or legal process shall fall upon the Party or nonparty who produced or 13 designated the Discovery Material as Confidential Information or Highly Confidential 14 Information. Unless the Party or nonparty who produced or designated the Confidential 15 Information or Highly Confidential Information obtains an order or files a motion seeking an 16 order directing that the subpoena not be complied with, and serves the order or copy of the filed 17 motion upon the Receiving Party prior to production pursuant to the subpoena, the Receiving 18 Party shall be permitted to produce documents responsive to the subpoena on the subpoena 19 response date. Compliance by the Receiving Party with any order directing production pursuant 20to a subpoena of any Confidential Information or Highly Confidential Information shall not 21 constitute a violation of this Protective Order. Nothing in this Protective Order shall be construed 22 as authorizing a Party to disobey a lawful subpoena issued in another action. 23

24 XXIV. EXECUTION IN COUNTERPARTS

This Protective Order may be signed in counterparts, and a fax or electronic signature shall have the same force and effect as an original ink signature.

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1	XXV. Order Survives Termination				
2	This Protective Order shall survive the termination of this action, and the Court shall				
3	3 retain jurisdiction to resolve any dispute concerning	retain jurisdiction to resolve any dispute concerning the use of information disclosed hereunder.			
4	4 XXVI. MODIFICATION OF THIS PROTECTIVE ORDE	XXVI. MODIFICATION OF THIS PROTECTIVE ORDER			
5	This Protective Order may be modified by the Court at any time for good cause shown, or				
6	pursuant to a stipulated Order by the Parties.				
7	The entry of this Protective Order shall be without prejudice to the rights of any Party to				
8	apply for modification of this Protective Order or for additional or different protections.				
9	9 IT IS SO STIPULATED.				
10	0 HONE LAW CLA	RKE LAW, P.C.			
11		<i>Jeremy B. Clarke</i> my B. Clarke, NV Bar No. 13849			
12	2 ehone@hone.law JBC	CarkeLawNV.com E. Liberty Street			
13		o, NV 89501			
14		rneys for Plaintiffs/Counterdefendants			
15	5 Attorneys for Defendants/Counterclaimants				
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17	ORDER				
18	8 Paragraph XXV is modified to reflect that although the parties may a beyond the conclusion of this lawsuit, the dismissal of this action will	gree to be bound by the confidentiality terms of this Order			
19	.9 IT IS SO ORDERED.	terminate the jurisdiction of this court.			
20		C50/			
21	21	UNITED STATES MAN STRATE JUDGE			
22	22	DATED: February 26, 2024			
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