# IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

## FOR THE DISTRICT OF OREGON

## PORTLAND DIVISION

RAINEE J. BROWN,

Plaintiff,

Civil No. 10-CV-1119-HZ

# **OPINION & ORDER**

vs.

MICHAEL J. ASTRUE, Commissioner of Social Security,

Defendant.

Laurie B. Mapes 33465 SW Maple Street PO Box 1241 Scappoose, OR 97056-1241

Attorney for Plaintiff

Adrian L. Brown U.S. ATTORNEY'S OFFICE DISTRICT OF OREGON 1000 S.W. Third Ave., Suite 600 Portland, OR 97204

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L. Jamala Edwards SOCIAL SECURITY ADMINISTRATION OFFICE OF THE GENERAL COUNSEL 701 Fifth Avenue, Suite 2900, M/S 221A Seattle, WA 98104

Attorneys for Defendant

HERNANDEZ, District Judge:

Now before me is an unopposed motion for attorney fees (doc. #23) filed by Rainee J. Brown ("Plaintiff"). Plaintiff's motion seeks an award under the Social Security Act, 42 U.S.C. § 406(b), for attorney fees in the sum of \$9,576–which is 25% of Plaintiff's Notice of Award from the Social Security Administration–less the fee of \$7,490 already awarded by this Court under Plaintiff's prior unopposed application for fees pursuant to the Equal Access to Justice Act ("EAJA"), 28 U.S.C. § 2412(d), filed on November 21, 2011.

#### BACKGROUND

On September 2, 2011, I entered judgment in favor of Plaintiff, reversing and remanding the decision of the Social Security Commissioner (the "Commissioner") pursuant to sentence four of 42 U.S.C. § 405(g) for the immediate calculation and award of benefits. Noted above, Plaintiff filed an unopposed application for fees pursuant to EAJA on November 21, 2011. On April 26, 2012, Plaintiff filed this unopposed motion for attorney fees pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b).

### STANDARD

42 U.S.C. § 406 provides, in pertinent part, as follows:

Whenever a court renders a judgment favorable to a claimant under this subchapter who was represented before the court by an attorney, the court may determine and allow as part of its judgment a reasonable fee for such

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representation, not in excess of 25 percent of the total of the past-due benefits to which the claimant is entitled by reason of such judgment . . . .

42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1)(A).

### DISCUSSION

In <u>Gisbrecht v. Barnhart</u>, 535 U.S. 789, 808 (2002), the United States Supreme Court ("Supreme Court") recognized that courts "have appropriately reduced the attorney's recovery based on the character of the representation and the results the representative achieved" by "looking first to the contingent-fee agreement, then testing it for reasonableness". Turning first to the contingent-fee agreement between Plaintiff and her attorney, Laurie B. Mapes ("Mapes"), I conclude its terms are within the statutory limits of 42 U.S.C. § 406. <u>See</u> Mot. for Att'y Fees, Ex. B, p. 1. Turning next to whether the award of fees sought here is reasonable, I conclude they are. Noted above, I granted Mapes's unopposed application for fees pursuant to EAJA on November 21, 2011, concluding that Mapes' was entitled to the sum of \$7,490 for 64.9 hours expended. Based on the 64.9 hours Mapes expended on this case and her total fee request of \$9,576, her hourly rate is \$147.55. Nothing in the record indicates Mapes' hour fee here is unreasonable or that the total sum of her attorney fees under the circumstances here are unreasonable.

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## CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiff's unopposed motion for attorney fees pursuant to 42

U.S.C. § 406(b) (doc. #23) is GRANTED. Accordingly, Plaintiff's counsel is to be awarded

\$9,576, less the EAJA attorney fee of \$7,490, for a net award of \$2,086 to be paid from

Plaintiff's past-due benefits.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated this <u>9th</u> day of May, 2012.

/s/ Marco A. Hernandez MARCO A. HERNANDEZ United States District Judge

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