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8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON				
9	AT SEATTLE				
10	THE STILLAGUAMISH TRIBE OF				
11	INDIANS,	CASE NO. C10-327RAJ			
12	Plaintiff,	ORDER GRANTING IN PART			
13	v.	AND DENYING IN PART			
14	DAVID L. NELSON, et al.,	NELSON DEFENDANTS' MOTION TO COMPEL			
15	Defendants.				
16					
17	This matter source before the court on t	he Nelson defendents' motion to compel			
18	This matter comes before the court on the Nelson defendants' motion to compel				
19	discovery. Dkt. # 248. On March 10, 2012, the Nelson defendants served their second				
20	discovery requests on plaintiff. On April 11, 2012, plaintiff The Stillaguamish Tribe of				
	Indians responded to the discovery. On April 26, 2012, counsel for the Nelson				
21	defendants, Andrew Shafer, left a voice mail for counsel for plaintiff at approximately 11				
22	a.m., and sent two e-mails ¹ at 12:57 p.m. and 1:22 p.m. to discuss plaintiff's responses.				
23	Dkt. #249 (Shafer Decl.) ¶ 4, Ex. C; # 265 (Supp. Shafer Decl.) ¶ 2, Ex. 1. Mr. Shafer				
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¹ The first e-mail states: "I will call you today at 3 p.m. pursuant to LR 37(g) to discuss
STOI's responses to Nelson's Second discovery requests." Dkt. # 265-1 (Ex. 1 to Supp. Shafer
Decl.). The second email provides a substantive discussion, and reiterates the 3 p.m. call. Dkt. #
265-2 (Ex. 2 to Supp. Shafer Decl.).

1 attempted to set up a conference call for 3:00 p.m. the same day, but when he called, 2 plaintiff's counsel was not available. Dkt. # 249 (Shafer Decl.) ¶ 5. Mr. Shafer explains 3 that he had to file the motion to compel on April 26, 2012 to have it properly noted 4 before the close of discovery. Id. ¶ 6. Mr. Shafer also explains that because of trial 5 preparation in another case, he did not have time to focus on plaintiff's responses until 6 the morning of April 26, 2012. Id. ¶ 7. The Nelson defendants filed the motion to 7 compel on April 26, 2012. On May 3, 2012, the parties held a substantive discussion 8 regarding the motion to compel. Dkt. # 265 (Supp. Shafer Decl.) ¶ 5, Ex. 3. This 9 substantive discussion resolved some of the issues addressed in the motion. Dkt. # 265-3 10 (Ex. 3 to Supp. Shafer Decl.). Plaintiff filed its opposition on May 7, 2012, but did not 11 alert the court to the substantive discussion that narrowed some of the issues. Dkt. # 262. 12 The Nelson Defendants filed their reply on May 11, 2012, and narrowed the issues before 13 the court. Dkt. # 264. After narrowing the issues, the Nelson defendants now seek an 14 order to compel responses to interrogatory 16, and requests for production ("RFP") 29-15 32, 35-38, 41-42 and 54-55. Additionally, both parties have moved for sanctions.

16 **A. Sanctions**

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1. Nelson Defendants

The Nelson defendants seek sanctions against plaintiff pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P.
37(b)(2) (Dkt. #248 (Mot.) at 9) and 37(c)(1) (Dkt. # 264 (Reply) at 7). In order to
impose sanctions pursuant to Rule 37(b)(2), there must be a failure to obey a discovery
order. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(b)(2). The Nelson defendants point to a prior discovery order
on their first set of discovery requests. However, plaintiff complied with that order, and
that order is not relevant to the Nelson defendants' second discovery requests.² The
Nelson defendants raise Rule 37(c)(1) for the first time in reply, and plaintiff has not had

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- ² The Nelson defendants' motion for sanctions is also denied because the court finds that the Nelson defendants did not meet and confer in good faith. Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a)(5).

1 an opportunity to respond. Nevertheless, the court finds it inappropriate to issue 2 sanctions pursuant to Rule 37(c)(1) at this time, because the Nelson defendants have not 3 provided any evidence that responsive documents have been withheld. The Nelson 4 defendants' inability to find documents is not evidence that plaintiff failed to produce the 5 documents. As long as plaintiff produced documents as they are kept in the usual course 6 of business, there is no requirement to organize and label them to correspond to the 7 categories in the request. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(b)(E)(i) & (ii). The court notes that 8 plaintiff's responses do not state whether documents were produced as they were kept in 9 the regular course of business. Dkt. # 263-1 (Ex. A to Baker Decl.). For the RFPs at 10 issue (29-32, 35-38, 54-55), plaintiff must supplement its response and state whether the 11 documents were produced as kept in the usual course of business. If the documents were 12 not produced as kept in the usual course of business, plaintiff must identify by bates-13 stamp number all responsive documents.

2. <u>Stillaguamish</u>

Plaintiff moves the court for sanctions in its opposition because the Nelson
defendants filed the discovery motion before they met and conferred. Dkt. # 262 at 11.
The Nelson defendants had an opportunity to respond in their reply.

18 Before filing a motion to compel discovery, the moving party must certify that he 19 or she has "in good faith conferred or attempted to confer with" opposing party. Fed. R. 20 Civ. P. 37. Local Civil Rule 37 provides that a good faith effort to confer requires a face-21 to-face meeting or telephone conference, and that a party who fails to meet and confer in 22 good faith may be subject to sanctions as provided in General Local Rule 3. Local Rules 23 W.D. Wash. CR 37(a)(1)(A). General Rule 3 provides: "An attorney or party who 24 without just cause fails to comply with any of the Federal Rules of Civil or Criminal 25 Procedure, or these rules, or orders of the court . . . may, in addition to, or in lieu of the 26 sanctions and penalties provided elsewhere in these rules, be required by the court to

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satisfy personally such excess costs, and may be subject to such other sanctions as the
court may deem appropriate." *Id.* GR 3(d). On April 13, 2012, the court warned the
parties: "The court expects counsel to treat each other with professional courtesy. The
court also expects the parties to read and abide by the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure
and the Local Civil Rules, <u>including meet and confer requirements</u>. The parties are on
notice that future violations of the court rules may result in sanctions." Dkt. # 231
(emphasis added).

8 The court acknowledges counsel's busy schedule. However, Mr. Shafer has been 9 aware of this court's discovery deadlines since August 4, 2011. Dkt. # 131. While 10 counsel attempted to meet and confer the same day it filed the motion, the court cannot 11 conclude that it was a good faith effort. Counsel's busy schedule does not justify 12 violating the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Local Rules, or this court's prior order. 13 Given that counsel's failure to meet and confer in good faith was caused by counsel's 14 own delay in reviewing the responses, the court finds it appropriate to sanction Mr. 15 Shafer, rather than his client.

Accordingly, the court ORDERS Mr. Shafer to pay \$1,500 to plaintiff for
violating the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Local Rules, and the court's prior order.

18 **B. Interrogatory 16**

19 Interrogatory 16 states: "Itemize all damages which you contend Nelson caused 20 by virtue of any of Nelson's activities in connection with claims 1 through 6 as set forth 21 in STOI's Third Amended Complaint." Dkt. # 249-1 at 7 (Ex. A to Shafer Decl.). 22 Plaintiff responded: "the Tribe's current estimation of its damages is set forth in the 23 expert reports accompanying Plaintiff's Expert Witness Disclosure, dated March 14, 24 2012. The Tribe's investigation and discovery regarding the damages caused by Nelson 25 remains ongoing, and the Tribe will supplement its response to this Interrogatory as 26 appropriate under the Federal Rules." Id.

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1 Plaintiff argues that the comprehensive reports analyze its damages, and that the 2 issue is premature in light of the fact that the depositions of Nelson and Chapman have 3 not taken place. While the expert reports have been identified, it is unclear to the court 4 and to the Nelson defendants whether the expert reports provide the universe of damages 5 information (minus any information that may be received from the depositions of Nelson 6 and Chapman). Plaintiff must supplement its response no later than July 6, 2012 to state 7 whether the estimation of damages is set forth entirely in the expert reports. If there are 8 additional sources, it must state what those sources are.

9 C. RFPs 29-32, 35-38, 41-42, 54-55

10 Plaintiff's response to each of these RFPs is the same: "In accordance with the 11 Civil Rules, the Tribe has previously made its initial disclosures and produced documents 12 responsive to Defendants' discovery requests, and the Tribe may rely on such disclosures 13 and documents at trial. The Tribe will supplement its disclosures and document 14 productions as appropriate under the Civil Rules, and will submit its trial exhibits in 15 accordance with the Court's Scheduling Order (Dkt. 131)." Dkt. # 249-1 (Ex. A to 16 Shafer Decl.) at 10. However, it is unclear whether **all** responsive documents have been 17 produced. Additionally, it is unclear how the depositions of the Nelson and Chapman 18 defendants affect whether plaintiff has produced all responsive documents in its control.

Plaintiff must supplement its responses to state whether all responsive documents
have been produced for each of these RFPs no later than July 6, 2012.

D. Conclusion

For all the foregoing reasons, the court GRANTS in part and DENIES in part the
Nelson defendants' motion to compel. Dkt. # 248. The court also DENIES the Nelson
defendants' request for sanctions, and GRANTS plaintiff's request for sanctions. Mr.
Shafer is ORDERED to pay \$1,500 to plaintiff no later than June 15, 2012 for violating
the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Local Rules, and the court's prior order.

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l	Plaintiff must serve	supplemental	responses a	s follows:
-		Suppremental	i responses u	5 10110 005.

RFPs 29-32, 35-38, 41-42, 54-55:

No later than July 6, 2012, plaintiff must supplement its response and state
whether the documents were produced as kept in the usual course of business. If the
documents were not produced as kept in the usual course of business, plaintiff must
identify by bates-stamp number all responsive documents. Plaintiff must also state
whether all responsive documents have been produced. The court reserves the right to
exclude any late-produced documents on a properly noted motion *in limine*, depending on
the circumstances.

Interrogatory 16:

Plaintiff must supplement its response no later than July 6, 2012 to state whether
the estimation of damages is set forth entirely in the expert reports. If there are additional
sources, it must state what those sources are.

Dated this 21st day of May, 2012.

Richard A Jone

The Honorable Richard A. Jones United States District Judge