[Cite as State v. Thomas, 2006-Ohio-4499.]

COURT OF APPEALS OF OHIO, EIGHTH DISTRICT

COUNTY OF CUYAHOGA

No. 87343

ACCELERATED DOCKET STATE OF OHIO : JOURNAL ENTRY : Plaintiff-appellee : AND : vs. : OPINION : ELIJAH THOMAS : : Defendant-appellant : : : DATE OF ANNOUNCEMENT OF DECISION August 31, 2006 : : CHARACTER OF PROCEEDINGS Criminal appeal from : Common Pleas Court : Case No. CR-461594 : : JUDGMENT REVERSED AND REMANDED. : DATE OF JOURNALIZATION : APPEARANCES: For plaintiff-appellee WILLIAM D. MASON, ESQ. Cuyahoga County Prosecutor By: RALPH A. KOLASINSKI, ESQ. Assistant County Prosecutor Justice Center - 8th Floor 1200 Ontario Street Cleveland, Ohio 44113 For defendant-appellant JEFFRY F. KELLEHER, ESQ. 1540 Leader Building 526 Superior Avenue Cleveland, Ohio 44114

SEAN C. GALLAGHER, P.J.:

 $\{\P 1\}$ This cause came to be heard upon the accelerated calendar pursuant to App.R. 11.1 and Loc.R. 11.1, the trial court records and briefs of counsel.

 $\{\P 2\}$ Defendant-appellant Elijah Thomas appeals his conviction from the Cuyahoga County Court of Common Pleas. Finding error in the proceedings below, we reverse and remand.

 $\{\P 3\}$ Thomas was charged with receiving stolen property, motor vehicle, under R.C. 2913.51. Thomas waived a jury, and the case was tried to the bench. The trial court found "that the state did not prove receiving stolen property beyond a reasonable doubt, but did prove the unauthorized use of a vehicle, a violation of 2913.03(A)." Thomas was sentenced in this case at the same time he was sentenced in a felony four drug possession case.

 $\{\P 4\}$ Thomas appeals, advancing one assignment of error for our review, which states the following:

{¶5} "The trial court erred by finding appellant guilty of the offense of unauthorized use of a motor vehicle under R.C. 2913.03. Unauthorized use of a motor vehicle is not, and cannot be, the lesser included offense of receiving stolen property, R.C. 2913.51."

 $\{\P 6\}$ Thomas argues, and the state concedes, that he cannot be found guilty of unauthorized use of a motor vehicle because it is not a lesser included offense of receiving stolen property. We agree; the case law is clear that unauthorized use of a motor vehicle is not the lesser included offense of receiving stolen property. See *State v. Peek* (1996), 110 Ohio App.3d 165, 168.

{¶7} Accordingly, Thomas's sole assignment of error is sustained.

 $\{\P \ 8\}$ Judgment reversed. This case is remanded to the trial court for further proceedings consistent with this opinion.

This cause is reversed and remanded to the lower court for further proceedings consistent with this opinion.

It is, therefore, considered that said appellant recover of said appellee costs herein.

It is ordered that a special mandate issue out of this court directing the Cuyahoga County Common Pleas Court to carry this judgment into execution.

A certified copy of this entry shall constitute the mandate pursuant to Rule 27 of the Rules of Appellate Procedure.

ANTHONY O. CALABRESE, JR., J., AND

MICHAEL J. CORRIGAN, J., CONCUR.

SEAN C. GALLAGHER PRESIDING JUDGE N.B. This entry is an announcement of the court's decision. See App.R. 22(B), 22(D) and 26(A); Loc.App.R. 22. This decision will be journalized and will become the judgment and order of the court pursuant to App.R. 22(E) unless a motion for reconsideration with supporting brief, per App.R. 26(A), is filed within ten (10) days of the announcement of the court's decision. The time period for review by the Supreme Court of Ohio shall begin to run upon the journalization of this court's announcement of decision by the clerk per App.R. 22(E). See, also, S.Ct.Prac.R. II, Section 2(A)(1).