[Cite as State v. Watson, 2001-Ohio-3335.]

STATE OF OHIO, MAHONING COUNTY

IN THE COURT OF APPEALS

SEVENTH DISTRICT

STATE OF OHIO,)
	PLAINTIFF-APPELLEE,) CASE NO. 01 C.A. 112
- VS	-) OPINION AND
DWAYNE A.	WATSON,) JOURNAL ENTRY
	DEFENDANT-APPELLANT.)
CHARACTER	OF PROCEEDINGS:	Application for Delayed Appeal
JUDGMENT:		Application Denied Appeal Dismissed
APPEARANCES:		
For Plaint	iff-Appellee:	Attorney Paul J. Gains Mahoning County Prosecutor Mahoning County Courthouse 120 Market Street Youngstown, Ohio 44503
For Defend	ant-Appellant:	Dwayne A. Watson, Pro Se #234-265 Grafton Correctional Inst. 2500 S. Avon-Belden Rd. Grafton, Ohio 44044

JUDGES:

Hon. Gene Donofrio Hon. Joseph J. Vukovich Hon. Mary DeGenaro

Dated: June 28, 2001

PER CURIAM.

 $\{\P1\}$ This matter arises from defendant-appellant, Dwayne A. Watson's for Leave to File a Delayed Appeal pursuant to App.R. 5(A). On June 4, appellant pled guilty to Felonious Assault, Aggravated Robbery and Kidnappin was sentenced to concurrent terms of not less than 11 nor more than 25 ye actual incarceration. No timely appeal as of right was taken in this case

 $\{\P 2\}$ Whether to grant or refuse leave to file a delayed appeal is with sound discretion of the appeals court. See *State v. McGahan* (1949), 86 Ohi 283. A delayed appeal should be granted where it appears on the face record the overruling of such motion would result in a miscarriage of ju See *State v. Bednarik* (1954), 101 Ohio App. 339. In this case the den appellant's motion for leave to file a delayed appeal does not result miscarriage of justice.

 $\{\P3\}$ Appellant was sentenced almost ten years ago. No direct appeal wa attempted in this case. Even a *pro se* appellant must take some affirmative to protect his rights in these matters. In the case of *State v. Riddick* (72 Ohio St.3d 88, the Ohio Supreme Court, in dealing with an application reopening an appeal, stated:

 $\{\P4\}$ "Lack of effort or imagination, and ignorance of the law, are no circumstances and do not automatically establish good cause for failure t timely relief."

 $\{\P5\}$ App.R. 5 governs the procedure for granting a motion for delayed in criminal cases. That rule states, in relevant part:

 $\{\P 6\}$ "(A) Motion by defendant for delayed appeal. After the expirat the thirty day period provided by App.R. 4(A) for the filing of a notice of as of right in criminal cases, an appeal may be taken only by leave of the to which the appeal is taken. A motion for leave to appeal shall be file the court of appeals and shall set forth the reasons for the failure appellant to perfect an appeal as of right. Concurrently with the filing motion, the movant shall file with the clerk of the trial court a notice of in the form prescribed by App.R. 3 and shall file a copy of the notice appeal in the court of appeals. The movant also shall furnish an additiona of the notice of appeal and a copy of the motion for leave to appeal to the of the court of appeals who shall serve the notice of appeal and the motion the prosecuting attorney.

{¶7} *** *

 $\{\P 8\}$ "(D) Determination of the motion. Except when required by the coumotions shall be determined by the court of appeals on the documents filed w formal hearing or oral argument."

 $\{\P9\}$ In this case appellant has not set forth any reason for having fai perfect a timely appeal, nor has he submitted any document or evidence from his failure to timely file his appeal of right could be deduced.

 $\{\P10\}$ For the reasons stated above, appellant has not established good for his delayed appeal and said application is denied. Appeal dismissed.

{**¶11**} Costs taxed against appellant.

mofrio, J., concurs.

ikovich, J., concurs.

Genaro, J., concurs.