1 The State of Ohio, Appellee, v. Griffie, Appellant. [Cite as *State v. Griffie* (1996), _____ Ohio St.3d _____.] 2 Appellate procedure -- Application for reopening appeal from 3 judgment and conviction based on claim of ineffective 4 assistance of appellate counsel -- Application denied when no 5 genuine issue of whether applicant was deprived of effective 6 7 assistance of counsel on appeal is raised. 8 (No. 95-897--Submitted September 12, 1995--Decided January 17, 1996.) 9 Appeal from the Court of Appeals for Montgomery County, No. 10 11 14364. Following a jury trial, appellant, James Griffie was convicted of 12 felonious assault and sentenced accordingly. The court of appeals affirmed 13 the conviction except for a fine. State v. Griffie, Jr. (Dec. 21, 1994), 14 Montgomery App. No. 14364, unreported. 15 Appellant then filed an application to reopen his direct appeal 16 17 pursuant to App.R. 26(B), stating that his appellate counsel was ineffective 18 for having failed to argue that his trial counsel was ineffective for not

requesting an instruction on the lesser included offense of assault. The

19

1 court of appeals denied this application. The court stated that since requests for jury instructions are notoriously part of trial strategy, the court could not 2 determine solely from the record whether appellant's trial counsel was 3 ineffective. Appellant appeals the denial to this court. 4 5 6 Mathias H. Heck, Jr., Montgomery County Prosecuting Attorney, and Carley J. Ingram, Assistant Prosecuting Attorney, for appellee. 7 James Griffie, Jr., pro se. 8 9 *Per Curiam.* We affirm the decision of the court of appeals. 10 In his application for reopening, appellant argued that his appellate 11 counsel was ineffective for not arguing that his trial counsel was ineffective 12 13 for not requesting an instruction on the lesser included offense of assault. However, appellant offers no support for his argument besides the record. 14 App.R. 26(B)(2)(e) states that an application for reopening shall contain 15 "[a]ny parts of the record available to the applicant and all supplemental 16 affidavits upon which the applicant relies." The record may reveal that trial 17

counsel did not request a certain jury instruction, but, without more, the

18

- 1 court of appeals would have to guess as to why trial counsel did not make
- 2 the request. Failure to request instructions on lesser-included offenses is a
- 3 matter of trial strategy and does not establish ineffective assistance of
- 4 counsel. State v. Clayton (1980), 62 Ohio St.2d 45, 16 O.O.3d 35, 402
- 5 N.E.2d 1189, certiorari denied (1980), 449 U.S. 879, 101 S.Ct. 227, 66
- 6 L.Ed.2d 102.
- 7 Under App.R. 26(B)(5), an application for reopening shall be granted
- 8 if there is a genuine issue as to whether the applicant was deprived of the
- 9 effective assistance of counsel on appeal. Since appellant offered no proof
- of appellate counsel's ineffective assistance besides the record, no genuine
- 11 issue was raised. Therefore, we affirm the decision of the court of appeals.
- 12 Judgment affirmed.
- MOYER, C.J., DOUGLAS, WRIGHT, RESNICK, F.E. SWEENEY, PFEIFER
- 14 and COOK, JJ., concur.

15