

In The Court of Appeals Fifth District of Texas at Dallas

No. 05-19-00391-CV

GOLDFARB PLLC, Appellant V.
ALAN P. MCDONALD, Appellee

On Appeal from the 301st Judicial District Court
Dallas County, Texas
Trial Court Cause No. DF-16-03747

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Before Chief Justice Burns, Justice Whitehill, and Justice Molberg Opinion by Chief Justice Burns

This is an appeal from a final decree of divorce and severance order. As reflected in the record, appellant intervened in the divorce proceeding seeking to recover attorney's fees from appellee for its representation of appellee's ex-wife during the divorce. The claim was severed from the divorce before the divorce was finalized and appears to remain pending in the severed cause.

Because the right to seek appellate review is limited to those whose interests are concluded or prejudiced by the challenged judgment, we questioned appellant's standing to bring the appeal and our jurisdiction. *See State v. Naylor*, 466 S.W.3d 783, 787 (Tex. 2015); *Jack Jones Hearing Ctrs., Inc. v. State Comm. of Exam'rs in Fitting and Dispensing of Hearing Instruments*, 363 S.W.3d 911, 914 (Tex. App.—Austin 2012, no pet.); *Stroud v. Stroud*, 733 S.W.2d 619, 620 (Tex.

App.—Dallas 1987, no writ). In briefing filed at our request, appellant argues it "is effectively

appealing from the trial court's 'just and right' division of assets and liabilities, as it seeks an order

awarding certain fees to be payable to the firm." Appellant's claim for attorney's fees, however,

was severed from the divorce and not determined by the decree. Accordingly, appellant's interests

were not concluded or prejudiced by the decree, and appellant has no standing to appeal from the

decree. See Jack Jones, 363 S.W.3d at 914; Stroud, 733 S.W.2d at 620; see also N.H. Ins. Co. v.

Tobias, 80 S.W.3d 146, 148 (Tex. App.—Austin 2002, no pet.) (because appellant's claims were

severed from original cause, appellant is no longer party to original cause and cannot appeal from

that cause).

Lacking jurisdiction, we dismiss the appeal. See TEX. R. APP. P. 42.3(a).

/Robert D. Burns, III/

ROBERT D. BURNS, III

CHIEF JUSTICE

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Appellant also argues the decree did not dispose of all claims and is not final. See Lehmann v. Har-Con Corp.39 S.W.3d 191, 195 (Tex. 2001). However, the decree followed a bench trial and includes "finality language." See id. at 204, 206.



Court of Appeals Fifth District of Texas at Dallas

JUDGMENT

GOLDFARB PLLC, Appellant On Appeal from the 301st Judicial District

Court, Dallas County, Texas

No. 05-19-00391-CV V. Trial Court Cause No. DF-16-03747.

Opinion delivered by Chief Justice Burns,

ALAN P. MCDONALD, Appellee Justices Whitehill and Molberg

participating.

In accordance with this Court's opinion of this date, we **DISMISS** the appeal.

We **ORDER** that appellee Alan P. McDonald recover his costs, if any, of this appeal from appellant Goldfarb PLLC.

Judgment entered October 28, 2019.