#### In The

## Court of Appeals

# Ninth District of Texas at Beaumont

NO. 09-17-00295-CV

### IN RE COMMITMENT OF RICHARD HAUBOIS

On Appeal from the 435th District Court Montgomery County, Texas Trial Cause No. 07-09-08953-CV

### **MEMORANDUM OPINION**

Richard Haubois was determined to be a sexually violent predator and committed for sex offender treatment. *See In re Commitment of Haubois*, No. 09-12-00412-CV, 2013 WL 4399155, at \*1 (Tex. App.—Beaumont Aug. 15, 2013, no pet.) (mem. op.). On July 13, 2017, the trial court signed an order denying Haubois's motion for change of venue. Haubois filed a notice of appeal. We questioned our jurisdiction and the parties filed responses.

Generally, appeals may be taken only from final judgments. *Lehmann v. Har-Con Corp.*, 39 S.W.3d 191, 195 (Tex. 2001). Haubois argues the order denying his motion for a change of venue disposed of all pending claims and parties. In a civil

commitment case, however, the trial court retains jurisdiction while the commitment order remains in effect. *See In re Commitment of Cortez*, 405 S.W.3d 929, 932 (Tex. App.—Beaumont 2013, no pet.). The trial court's order is not appealable at this time.<sup>1</sup>

In response to this Court's suggestion that the appeal is frivolous, Haubois argues that the appeal is not frivolous because he faces subsequent hearings that will be conducted in Montgomery County and individual venire members' previous jury service in civil commitment proceedings might taint the potential jury pool. In this response, Haubois reveals that his response to this Court's inquiry regarding jurisdiction, which claimed the venue ruling was the final ruling in the case, was less than forthcoming regarding the true status of the litigation. We conclude that the appeal is frivolous. *See* Tex. R. App. P. 45. In the event Haubois files a frivolous appeal with this Court in the future, the Court will consider imposing sanctions. *See id.* 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Haubois requests that we consider his response as a mandamus petition, but neither the form nor the substance of the response presents a valid basis for granting mandamus relief. *See generally* Tex. R. App. P. 52. Accordingly, the request is denied.

The appeal is dismissed for lack of jurisdiction. *See* Tex. R. App. P. 42.3(a); 43.2(f).

APPEAL DISMISSED.

LEANNE JOHNSON
Justice

Submitted on August 30, 2017 Opinion Delivered August 31, 2017

Before McKeithen, C.J., Horton and Johnson, JJ.