



NUMBERS 13-11-00744-CR & 13-12-00746-CR

COURT OF APPEALS

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT OF TEXAS

CORPUS CHRISTI - EDINBURG

IN RE KENNETH CRISSUP

On Petition for Writ of Mandamus.

MEMORANDUM OPINION

**Before Chief Justice Valdez and Justices Rodriguez and Vela
Memorandum Opinion Per Curiam¹**

Relator, Kenneth Crissup, proceeding pro se, filed a petition for writ of mandamus in the above causes on December 10, 2012, through which he seeks to compel the trial court to conduct a full evidentiary hearing and reconsider the dismissal of his application for writ of habeas corpus in trial court cause numbers 03-CR-2175-G and 04-CR-2930-G.

To be entitled to mandamus relief, relator must establish both that he has no adequate remedy at law to redress his alleged harm, and that what he seeks to compel

¹ See TEX. R. APP. P. 52.8(d) ("When denying relief, the court may hand down an opinion but is not required to do so."); TEX. R. APP. P. 47.4 (distinguishing opinions and memorandum opinions).

is a ministerial act not involving a discretionary or judicial decision. *State ex rel. Young v. Sixth Judicial Dist. Court of Appeals at Texarkana*, 236 S.W.3d 207, 210 (Tex. Crim. App. 2007). If relator fails to meet both of these requirements, then the petition for writ of mandamus should be denied. *See id.* It is relator’s burden to properly request and show entitlement to mandamus relief. *Barnes v. State*, 832 S.W.2d 424, 426 (Tex. App.—Houston [1st Dist.] 1992, orig. proceeding) (“Even a pro se applicant for a writ of mandamus must show himself entitled to the extraordinary relief he seeks.”). In addition to other requirements, relator must include a statement of facts supported by citations to “competent evidence included in the appendix or record,” and must also provide “a clear and concise argument for the contentions made, with appropriate citations to authorities and to the appendix or record.” *See generally* TEX. R. APP. P. 52.3. In this regard, it is clear that relator must furnish an appendix and record sufficient to support the claim for mandamus relief. *See id.* R. 52.3(k) (specifying the required contents for the appendix); R. 52.7(a) (specifying the required contents for the record).

The Court, having examined and fully considered the petition for writ of mandamus and the applicable law, is of the opinion that relator has not met his burden to obtain mandamus relief. *See State ex rel. Young*, 236 S.W.3d at 210. Accordingly, relator’s petition for writ of mandamus in these causes is denied. *See* TEX. R. APP. P. 52.8(a).

PER CURIAM

Do not publish.
TEX. R. APP. P. 47.2(b).
Delivered and filed the
11th day of December, 2012.