

**NO. 12-09-00308-CR**

**IN THE COURT OF APPEALS**

**TWELFTH COURT OF APPEALS DISTRICT**

**TYLER, TEXAS**

*CEDRIC LEE ALEXANDER, JR.,* § *APPEAL FROM THE 241ST*  
*a/k/a JEREMY FITZGERALD,*  
*APPELLANT*

*V.* § *JUDICIAL DISTRICT COURT OF*

*THE STATE OF TEXAS,* § *SMITH COUNTY, TEXAS*  
*APPELLEE*

---

***MEMORANDUM OPINION***  
***PER CURIAM***

Cedric Lee Alexander appeals his conviction for evading arrest or detention. Appellant's counsel has filed a brief asserting compliance with *Anders v. California*, 386 U.S. 738, 87 S. Ct. 1396, 18 L. Ed. 2d 493 (1967) and *Gainous v. State*, 436 S.W.2d 137 (Tex. Crim. App. 1969). We dismiss the appeal.

**BACKGROUND**

A Smith County grand jury returned an indictment against Appellant for the offense of evading arrest or detention. The indictment alleged that Appellant used a vehicle in his attempt to evade arrest and that he used a deadly weapon. Accordingly, the offense in this case was a third degree felony.<sup>1</sup> Appellant pleaded guilty as charged. There was no plea agreement with the State. The State did agree that several other charges would be dismissed but that the trial court judge could consider those offenses when assessing the appropriate sentence.<sup>2</sup>

---

<sup>1</sup> See TEX. PENAL CODE ANN. §§ 12.35(c)(1), 38.04(b)(1)(B) (Vernon Supp. 2009).

<sup>2</sup> See TEX. PENAL CODE ANN. § 12.45 (Vernon 2003).

The trial court conducted a sentencing hearing. Both the State and Appellant agreed that the trial court should review a recording of the offense. At the conclusion of the hearing, the trial court sentenced Appellant to imprisonment for ten years. This appeal followed.

#### ANALYSIS PURSUANT TO *ANDERS V. CALIFORNIA*

Appellant's counsel has filed a brief in compliance with *Anders* and *Gainous*. Counsel states that he has diligently reviewed the appellate record and that he is well acquainted with the facts of this case. In compliance with *Anders*, *Gainous*, and *High v. State*, 573 S.W.2d 807 (Tex. Crim. App. 1978), counsel's brief presents a thorough chronological summary of the procedural history of the case and further states that counsel is unable to present any arguable issues for appeal. See *Anders*, 386 U.S. at 745, 87 S. Ct. at 1400; see also *Penson v. Ohio*, 488 U.S. 75, 80, 109 S. Ct. 346, 350, 102 L. Ed. 2d 300 (1988). We have likewise reviewed the record for reversible error and have found none.

#### CONCLUSION

As required, Appellant's counsel has moved for leave to withdraw. See *In re Schulman*, 252 S.W.3d 403, 407 (Tex. Crim. App. 2008) (orig. proceeding); *Stafford v. State*, 813 S.W.2d 503, 511 (Tex. Crim. App. 1991). We are in agreement with Appellant's counsel that the appeal is wholly frivolous. Accordingly, his motion for leave to withdraw is hereby **granted**, and we **dismiss** this appeal. See *In re Schulman*, 252 S.W.3d at 408-09 ("After the completion of these four steps, the court of appeals will either agree that the appeal is wholly frivolous, grant the attorney's motion to withdraw, and dismiss the appeal, or it will determine that there may be plausible grounds for appeal.").

Counsel has a duty to, within five days of the date of this opinion, send a copy of the opinion and judgment to Appellant and advise him of his right to file a petition for discretionary review. See TEX. R. APP. P. 48.4; *In re Schulman*, 252 S.W.3d at 411 n.35. Should Appellant wish to seek further review of this case by the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals, he must either retain an attorney to file a petition for discretionary review or he must file a pro se petition for discretionary review. See *In re Schulman*, 252 S.W.3d at 408 n.22. Any petition for discretionary review must be filed within thirty days from the date of either this opinion or the last timely motion for rehearing that was overruled by this court. See TEX. R. APP. P. 68.2. Any

petition for discretionary review must be filed with this court, after which it will be forwarded to the Texas Court of Criminal Appeals along with the rest of the filings in this case. *See* TEX. R. APP. P. 68.3. Any petition for discretionary review should comply with the requirements of Rule 68.4 of the Texas Rules of Appellate Procedure. *See* TEX. R. APP. P. 68.4; *In re Schulman*, 252 S.W.3d at 408 n.22.

Opinion delivered July 21, 2010.

*Panel consisted of Worthen, C.J., Griffith, J., and Hoyle, J.*

(DO NOT PUBLISH)