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D'AURIA, J., concurring. I concur in the result because I agree with the majority that the lack of an instruction pursuant to State v. Salamon, 287 Conn. 509, 949 A.2d 1092 (2008), was not harmless. As in my concurrence in the companion case we also decided today; see Banks v. Commissioner of Correction, 339 Conn. 1, 56, A.3d (2021) (D'Auria, J., concurring); which I hereby incorporate by reference, however, I do not agree with the standard that the majority adopts for determining harmless error. The majority determines that, when a petitioner seeking habeas relief establishes a Salamon error, the habeas court must assess the harm of that error according to the legal standard that the United States Supreme Court articulated in *Brecht* v. Abrahamson, 507 U.S. 619, 623, 113 S. Ct. 1710, 123 L. Ed. 2d 353 (1993) (new trial mandated if instructional error "had [a] substantial and injurious effect or influence in determining the jury's verdict" (internal quotation marks omitted)), rather than the more petitioner friendly standard that the high court adopted in Neder v. United States, 527 U.S. 1, 18, 119 S. Ct. 1827, 144 L. Ed. 2d 35 (1999) (new trial required if it is "clear beyond a reasonable doubt that a rational jury would have found the defendant guilty absent the [instructional] error"). As I discussed in detail in my concurrence in Banks, I take issue with the majority's holding for two reasons. First, because I believe that the merits of this case would be the same under either standard, I do not believe that this court needs to—or should—determine which standard applies, especially as it is unclear how many, if any, future cases this standard will apply to. Second, I believe that the *Neder* standard is the proper standard. Accordingly, I respectfully concur.

¹Assuming that the majority is correct that the *Brecht* standard is the proper standard, I agree with the majority that the petitioner would prevail on his *Salamon* claim. Additionally, assuming that I am correct that the *Neder* standard is the proper standard, I agree fully with the Appellate Court majority's thorough and well reasoned opinion that the absence of a *Salamon* instruction was not harmless beyond a reasonable doubt under the *Neder* standard. See *Bell v. Commissioner of Correction*, 184 Conn. App. 150, 158 n.6, 172, 194 A.3d 809 (2018), aff'd, 339 Conn. 79, A.3d (2021).