BLD-067

NOT PRECEDENTIAL

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE THIRD CIRCUIT

No. 17-3461

IN RE: KENNETH WAYNE LEWIS, Petitioner

On a Petition for Writ of Mandamus from the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey (Related to D.N.J. Civ. No. 3-17-cv-05475) District Judge: Honorable Freda L. Wolfson

Submitted Pursuant to Rule 21, Fed. R. App. P. December 7, 2017

Before: AMBRO, RESTREPO, and NYGAARD, Circuit Judges

(Opinion filed: December 12, 2017)

OPINION*

PER CURIAM

Kenneth Lewis has filed a petition for a writ of mandamus seeking an order

compelling the District Court to enter summary judgment in a civil case, Lewis v.

¹ This disposition is not an opinion of the full Court and pursuant to I.O.P. 5.7 does not constitute binding precedent.

<u>Sessions</u>, No. 3:17-cv-05475 (D.N.J. filed July 26, 2017).¹ He also seeks an order compelling the District Court to file an addendum in the civil case, send a file-stamped copy of the addendum to him, and execute particular subpoenas.

A writ of mandamus is a drastic remedy available only in extraordinary cases. <u>See</u> <u>In re Diet Drugs Prods. Liab. Litig.</u>, 418 F.3d 372, 378 (3d Cir. 2005). A petitioner seeking mandamus must demonstrate that "(1) no other adequate means exist to attain the relief he desires, (2) the party's right to issuance of the writ is clear and indisputable, and (3) the writ is appropriate under the circumstances." <u>Hollingsworth v. Perry</u>, 558 U.S. 183, 190 (2010) (per curiam) (internal quotation marks and citation omitted).

Here, there is no basis for granting the petition for a writ of mandamus. The District Court docket reflects that the District Court entered a November 3, 2017 order administratively terminating Lewis's civil case because he did not file a complete application to proceed in forma pauperis. Although Lewis has since submitted other documents in the District Court, it does not appear that he has complied with the District Court's order, and his case remains administratively terminated. In any event, Lewis has not shown that he is entitled to mandamus relief, as he has not demonstrated a clear and indisputable right to the writ or that he has no other adequate means to obtain the relief desired.

¹ Although Lewis has titled his filing "Affidavit Writ of Mandamus," we construe it as a petition for a writ of mandamus in light of the relief that he seeks. <u>See United States v.</u> <u>Fiorelli</u>, 337 F.3d 282, 287-88 (3d Cir. 2003) (stating that the function of a motion, not

For these reasons, we will deny Lewis's petition for a writ of mandamus.

the caption, determines how it is treated).