

**UNPUBLISHED**

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS  
FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

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**No. 12-7143**

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UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff - Appellee,

v.

ALVIN B. TRUESDALE,

Defendant - Appellant.

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Appeal from the United States District Court for the Western  
District of North Carolina, at Charlotte. Richard L. Voorhees,  
District Judge. (3:92-cr-00034-RLV-1; 3:11-cv-00634-RLV)

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Submitted: January 22, 2013

Decided: January 24, 2013

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Before WILKINSON, NIEMEYER, and THACKER, Circuit Judges.

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Dismissed by unpublished per curiam opinion.

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Alvin Bernard Truesdale, Appellant Pro Se. Frank D. Whitney,  
United States Attorney, Charlotte, North Carolina; Amy Elizabeth  
Ray, Assistant United States Attorney, Asheville, North  
Carolina, for Appellee.

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Unpublished opinions are not binding precedent in this circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Alvin Truesdale seeks to appeal the district court's orders dismissing as successive his 28 U.S.C.A. § 2255 (West Supp. 2012) motion. The order is not appealable unless a circuit justice or judge issues a certificate of appealability. 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(B) (2006). A certificate of appealability will not issue absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2) (2006). When the district court denies relief on the merits, a prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists would find that the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims is debatable or wrong. Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000); see Miller-El v. Cockrell, 537 U.S. 322, 336-38 (2003). When the district court denies relief on procedural grounds, the prisoner must demonstrate both that the dispositive procedural ruling is debatable, and that the motion states a debatable claim of the denial of a constitutional right. Slack, 529 U.S. at 484-85.

We have independently reviewed the record and conclude that Truesdale has not made the requisite showing. Accordingly, we deny a certificate of appealability and dismiss the appeal. Additionally, we deny Truesdale's motions to reverse his convictions, for transcripts at government expense, and to treat his § 2255 motion as a motion to recall the mandate or a motion

to alter or amend the judgment. We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

DISMISSED