UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

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	No. 16-4586	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	٠,	
Plaintiff - App	pellee,	
v.		
JAMES RONALD HELMS, JR.,		
Defendant - A	appellant.	
Appeal from the United States Dist Charlotte. Robert J. Conrad, Jr., D		
Submitted: April 28, 2017		Decided: May 23, 2017
Before GREGORY, Chief Judge, a	and NIEMEYER and	HARRIS, Circuit Judges.
Dismissed by unpublished per curi	am opinion.	
Charles R. Brewer, Asheville, No United States Attorney, Amy E. R Carolina, for Appellee.		
Unpublished opinions are not bind	ing precedent in this	circuit.

PER CURIAM:

James Ronald Helms, Jr., pled guilty pursuant to a plea agreement to conspiracy to distribute and possess with intent to distribute methamphetamine, and conspiracy to distribute and possess with intent to distribute cocaine, both in violation of 21 U.S.C. §§ 841(a)(1), (b)(1)(B), 846. Helms now appeals, asserting that his trial counsel rendered ineffective assistance.

Helms contends that his trial counsel failed to object to the insufficient indictment and erred in executing a plea agreement in which Helms pled guilty to conspiracy charges that did not identify a coconspirator. However, claims of ineffective assistance of counsel should be raised—if at all—in a 28 U.S.C. § 2255 (2012) motion rather than on direct appeal, unless the appellate record conclusively demonstrates that counsel rendered ineffective assistance. *United States v. Faulls*, 821 F.3d 502, 507-08 (4th Cir. 2016). Because the record does not conclusively establish ineffective assistance of counsel, *see Strickland v. Washington*, 466 U.S. 668, 687 (1984) (providing standard), we decline to review this claim on direct appeal.

Accordingly, because Helms presents no issue suitable for review, we dismiss the appeal. We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

DISMISSED