UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

	No. 17-4455	
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	λ,	
Plaintiff - App	pellee,	
v.		
MARCO WIGFALL,		
Defendant - A	Appellant.	
Appeal from the United States Disat Charlotte. Frank D. Whitney, C.		
Submitted: January 18, 2018		Decided: January 22, 2018
Before GREGORY, Chief Judge, a	and SHEDD and HAI	RRIS, Circuit Judges.
Affirmed by unpublished per curia	m opinion.	
Simon Massie, MASSIE LAW I Westmoreland Rose, United States Attorney, UNITED STATES AT Appellee.	s Attorney, Anthony	J. Enright, Assistant United States

Unpublished opinions are not binding precedent in this circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Marco Wigfall appeals the district court's judgment revoking his supervised release and sentencing him to 15 months' imprisonment. Wigfall argues on appeal that his sentence is substantively unreasonable. We affirm.

"A district court has broad discretion when imposing a sentence upon revocation of supervised release. We will affirm a revocation sentence if it is within the statutory maximum and is not plainly unreasonable." *United States v. Webb*, 738 F.3d 638, 640 (4th Cir. 2013) (internal quotation marks omitted). "When reviewing whether a revocation sentence is plainly unreasonable, we must first determine whether it is unreasonable at all." *United States v. Thompson*, 595 F.3d 544, 546 (4th Cir. 2010). "[A] revocation sentence is substantively reasonable if the court sufficiently states a proper basis for its conclusion that the defendant should receive the sentence imposed." *United States v. Slappy*, 872 F.3d 202, 207 (4th Cir. 2017) (alteration and internal quotation marks omitted).

Applying these standards, we find that Wigfall's sentence is not unreasonable, much less plainly so. Accordingly, we affirm the district court's judgment. We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

AFFIRMED