UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

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<u>-</u>	No. 21-1666	
SABRINA R. BROWN,		
Plaintiff - App	ellant,	
v.		
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA	,	
Defendant - A	ppellee.	
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Appeal from the United States D. Norfolk. Raymond A. Jackson, Ser		•
Submitted: June 27, 2022		Decided: July 22, 2022
Before NIEMEYER, AGEE, and R	ICHARDSON, Circ	uit Judges.
Affirmed by unpublished per curiar	m opinion.	
ON BRIEF: Mark J. Favaloro, Appellant. Raj Parekh, Acting United States ATTORNEY, Norfolk, Virginia, fo	nited States Attorne s Attorney, OFFIC	y, Alexandria, Virginia, Garry D.

Unpublished opinions are not binding precedent in this circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Sabrina R. Brown appeals the district court's order granting the Government's motion to dismiss her complaint pursuant to the Federal Tort Claims Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 1346(b), 2671-80 ("FTCA"). Brown argues that Portsmouth Community Health Center, Inc. ("PCHC"), was not deemed a federal entity when one of its nurse practitioners allegedly committed malpractice in 2016, that PCHC failed to disclose its status as a federal entity, and that such failure tolls the statute of limitations under the FTCA. Brown also contends that her filing of a state action was sufficient to satisfy the FTCA's administrative exhaustion requirement and that her claim is preserved under 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(5).

We review de novo a district court's order granting a motion to dismiss under Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(6), "accept[ing] the factual allegations of the complaint as true and constru[ing] them in the light most favorable to the nonmoving party." *Rockville Cars, LLC v. City of Rockville*, 891 F.3d 141, 145 (4th Cir. 2018). Similarly, on appeal from a motion to dismiss under Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1), "we review the district court's factual findings with respect to jurisdiction for clear error and the legal conclusion that flows therefrom de novo." *In re KBR, Inc., Burn Pit Litig.*, 744 F.3d 326, 333 (4th Cir. 2014) (cleaned up).

We have carefully reviewed the parties' briefs and the joint appendix and find no reversible error because Brown did not exhaust her administrative remedies. To the extent that Brown asks us to decide any future applicability of 28 U.S.C. § 2679(d)(5), she did not raise that issue in the district court, so it is not properly before us. Accordingly, we affirm the district court's judgment. *Brown v. United States*, No. 2:21-cv-00069-RAJ-LRL

(E.D. Va. May 10, 2021). We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

AFFIRMED