UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

No. 21-1876

EDWARD C. MCREADY,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

v.

MONTGOMERY COMMUNITY COLLEGE; DR. DERIONNE P. POLLARD; DR. SANJAY RAI; MS. CAROLYN TERRY; MS. KATHERINE MICHAELIAN; MS. GEORGIA BUCKLES; MR. MICHAEL GUREVITZ; DR. JANET WORMACK; MR. ROBERT ROOP; MS. TAMATHIA FLOWERS; MS. KRISTA WALKER; MR. MICHAEL CARSON; MS. ELAINE DOONG; MR. CARL WHITMAN,

Defendants - Appellees.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Maryland, at Greenbelt. George Jarrod Hazel, District Judge. (8:19-cv-02401-GJH)

Submitted: December 21, 2021

Decided: December 22, 2021

Before KING and QUATTLEBAUM, Circuit Judges, and TRAXLER, Senior Circuit Judge.

Affirmed by unpublished per curiam opinion.

Edward C. McReady, Appellant Pro Se. Suzzanne W. Decker, Marc Kerry Sloane, MILES & STOCKBRIDGE PC, Baltimore, Maryland, for Appellees.

Unpublished opinions are not binding precedent in this circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Edward C. McReady appeals the district court's order denying his Fed. R. Civ. P. 59(e) motion to alter or amend the court's earlier judgment granting Defendants' Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(b)(1), (b)(6) motion to dismiss McReady's civil action. Upon review of the record in conjunction with the arguments pressed on appeal, we conclude that the district court did not abuse its discretion in denying McReady's Rule 59(e) motion. See Mayfield v. Nat'l Ass'n for Stock Car Auto Racing, Inc., 674 F.3d 369, 378 (4th Cir. 2012) (providing standard of review for the denial of a Rule 59(e) motion and the three grounds on which such a motion may be granted). Specifically, the district court correctly concluded that McReady's motion essentially sought to relitigate previously decided matters and, to a lesser extent, raised more nuanced arguments that could have been-but were notadvanced earlier in the proceedings, neither of which are proper bases for a Rule 59(e) motion. See Exxon Shipping Co. v. Baker, 554 U.S. 471, 485 n.5 (2008) (recognizing that Rule 59(e) "may not be used to relitigate old matters, or to raise arguments or present evidence that could have been raised prior to the entry of judgment" (internal quotation marks omitted)).

Accordingly, we affirm the district court's order. *McReady v. Montgomery Cmty. Coll.*, No. 8:19-cv-02401-GJH (D. Md. July 6, 2021). We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

AFFIRMED