UNPUBLISHED

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE FOURTH CIRCUIT

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_	No. 21-7016	
MARCUS LE'SHAWN DIXON,		
Petitioner - Ap	opellant,	
v.		
DIRECTOR OF DEPARTMENT (OF CORRECTIONS	,
Respondent - A	Appellee.	
-		
Appeal from the United States E Richmond. Henry E. Hudson, Sen		
Submitted: November 18, 2021		Decided: November 22, 2021
Before MOTZ, THACKER, and H.	ARRIS, Circuit Judg	es.
Dismissed by unpublished per curia	am opinion.	
Marcus Le'Shawn Dixon, Appellar	nt Pro Se.	
Unpublished opinions are not bindi	ing precedent in this	circuit.

PER CURIAM:

Marcus Le'Shawn Dixon seeks to appeal the district court's order denying his Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b) motion for relief from the district court's prior order dismissing his 28 U.S.C. § 2254 petition as successive and unauthorized. The order is not appealable unless a circuit justice or judge issues a certificate of appealability. See 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(1)(A); see generally United States v. McRae, 793 F.3d 393, 400 & n.7 (4th Cir. 2015). A certificate of appealability will not issue absent "a substantial showing of the denial of a constitutional right." 28 U.S.C. § 2253(c)(2). When the district court denies relief on the merits, a prisoner satisfies this standard by demonstrating that reasonable jurists could find the district court's assessment of the constitutional claims debatable or wrong. See Buck v. Davis, 137 S. Ct. 759, 773-74 (2017). When, as here, the district court denies relief on procedural grounds, the prisoner must demonstrate both that the dispositive procedural ruling is debatable and that the petition states a debatable claim of the denial of a constitutional right. Gonzalez v. Thaler, 565 U.S. 134, 140-41 (2012) (citing Slack v. McDaniel, 529 U.S. 473, 484 (2000)).

We have independently reviewed the record and conclude that Dixon has not made the requisite showing. *See In re Dixon*, No. 21-154 (4th Cir. Apr. 28, 2021) (unpublished order). Accordingly, we deny Dixon's motion for a certificate of appealability and dismiss the appeal. We dispense with oral argument because the facts and legal contentions are adequately presented in the materials before this court and argument would not aid the decisional process.

DISMISSED