United States Court of Appeals FOR THE EIGHTH CIRCUIT

	No. 08-3847
United States of America,	* *
Plaintiff - Appellant,	* * Appeal from the United States
v.	* District Court for the Southern
Theodore T. Browne,	* District of Iowa. *
Defendant - Appellee.	* [UNPUBLISHED] *

Submitted: June 12, 2009 Filed: February 11, 2010

 $Before\ LOKEN,\ Chief\ Judge,\ JOHN\ R.\ GIBSON,\ and\ GRUENDER,\ Circuit\ Judges.$

PER CURIAM.

On April 21, 1997, Theodore T. Browne pled guilty to a cocaine base ("crack") offense. He was sentenced to 210 months' imprisonment pursuant to the terms of a plea agreement made under former Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(e)(1)(C), which the sentencing court accepted. On June 11, 2008, Browne filed a motion for

¹At the time of Browne's plea, Federal Rule of Criminal Procedure 11(e)(1)(C) governed pleas where the parties "agree that a specific sentence is the appropriate disposition of the case." In 2002, Rule 11 was reorganized and "language similar to that contained in the [applicable] version of Rule 11(e)(1)(C) is now found in Fed. R. Crim. P. 11(c)(1)(C)." <u>United States v. Scurlark</u>, 560 F.3d 839, 842-43 (8th Cir. 2009).

reduction in sentence pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3582(c)(2). After holding a hearing on the matter, the district court granted Browne's motion and reduced his sentence to 168 months. The government appeals, arguing that the district court was without authority to grant a § 3582(c)(2) reduction because Browne's sentence was based on the terms of a Rule 11(e)(1)(C) plea agreement, and therefore was not "based on a sentencing range" as required for application of § 3582(c)(2).

"In <u>United States v. Scurlark</u>, 560 F.3d 839, 842-43 (8th Cir. 2009), our court held that when a sentence is based upon a binding Rule 11(c)(1)(C) plea agreement, courts are bound by the terms of the agreement and have no authority under § 3582(c)(2) to alter those terms because of the subsequently amended Guidelines for the retroactive crack cocaine sentencing reduction." <u>United States v. Fonville</u>, 327 Fed.App. 673, 674 (8th Cir. 2009). <u>Scurlark</u> is equally controlling in the context of a binding plea made under 11(e)(1)(C), the predecessor to Rule 11(c)(1)(C). Accordingly, the district court erred in granting Browne's motion for a reduction in sentence. The judgment of the district court is reversed.
