United States Court of Appeals

For the Eighth Circuit

No. 13-3049

American Dairy Queen Corporation

Plaintiff - Appellee

v.

Guy A. Blume

Defendant - Appellant

Blume Investments, LLC; Royal Professional Solutions, LLC

Defendants

Appeal from United States District Court for the District of Minnesota - Minneapolis

Submitted: April 16, 2014 Filed: April 24, 2014 [Unpublished]

Before BYE, GRUENDER, and SHEPHERD, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM.

Guy Blume appeals from the final judgment entered by the district court¹ in this action brought by American Dairy Queen Corporation. He challenges the default judgment entered against him, the denial of his requests to transfer venue, and the dismissal of his counterclaims.² Upon careful review, we conclude that the district court did not abuse its discretion in entering the default judgment or in dismissing Blume's counterclaims as sanctions under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37. See Int'l Bhd. of Elec. Workers, Local Union No. 545 v. Hope Elec. Corp., 380 F.3d 1084, 1105 (8th Cir. 2004) (standard of review; default judgment may be upheld if within range of acceptable sanctions); Gen. Dynamics Corp. v. Selb Mfg. Co., 481 F.2d 1204, 1211-14 (8th Cir. 1973) (with-prejudice dismissal of counterclaims as Rule 37 sanction did not constitute abuse of discretion). We also conclude that the district court did not abuse its discretion in declining to transfer venue. See In re Apple, Inc., 602 F.3d 909, 912-13 (8th Cir. 2010) (per curiam) (standard of review; courts give considerable deference to plaintiff's choice of forum, and thus party seeking transfer under 28 U.S.C. § 1404(a) typically bears burden of proving transfer is warranted).

Accordingly, we affirm.	<u>See</u> 8th Cir. R. 47B.	

¹The Honorable Richard H. Kyle, United States District Judge for the District of Minnesota, adopting the report and recommendations of the Honorable Tony N. Leung, United States Magistrate Judge for the District of Minnesota.

²Blume has not addressed the amount of the judgment in his arguments on appeal. See Ahlberg v. Chrysler Corp., 481 F.3d 630, 634 (8th Cir. 2007) (points not meaningfully argued in opening brief are waived).