United States Court of Appeals

	For the Eighth Circuit	
	No. 17-2602	
	United States of America	
	Plaintiff - Appellee	
	v.	
	Sanjuana N. Aaron	
	Defendant - Appellant	
	al from United States District Court estern District of Arkansas - El Dorado	
	Submitted: May 2, 2018 Filed: May 7, 2018 [Unpublished]	
Before GRUENDER, BEN	TON, and STRAS, Circuit Judges.	
PER CURIAM.		
	ctly appeals after pleading guilty in the district d conspiracy to defraud the government. Her conspirate to the conspirate to defraud the government.	

¹The Honorable Susan O. Hickey, United States District Judge for the Western District of Arkansas.

moved to withdraw and has filed a brief under *Anders v. California*, 386 U.S. 738 (1967). Aaron has also filed a *pro se* brief.

After careful review, we conclude that Aaron's arguments lack merit.² We conclude that her challenge to the validity of the indictment is foreclosed by her guilty plea, see United States v. Muratella, 843 F.3d 780, 783 (8th Cir. 2016), cert. denied, 137 S. Ct. 1605 (2017), and we find no merit to her newly asserted challenges to the plea colloquy and the validity of her guilty plea, see United States v. Dominguez Benitez, 542 U.S. 74, 76 (2004) (stating that claims of Fed. R. Crim. P. 11 error not raised in the district court are reviewed for plain error); *United States v. Foy*, 617 F.3d 1029, 1033-34 (8th Cir. 2010). Even assuming, as Aaron claims, she was not afforded an opportunity to review the presentence report (PSR) with counsel before sentencing, the district court carefully reviewed it with her at sentencing, and she has not shown she was prejudiced. See Fed. R. Crim. P. 52(a) (setting forth the harmless-error standard); cf. United States v. Prado, 204 F.3d 843, 845 (8th Cir. 2000) (concluding that the district court's failure to verify that a defendant had read the PSR and discussed it with counsel was waived and harmless where the defendant did not request additional time to review the PSR and did not describe how he was prejudiced). We find no error in the district court's guidelines calculations, see United States v. Turner, 781 F.3d 374, 393 (8th Cir. 2015) (stating the standard of review), and we decline to consider Aaron's claims of ineffective assistance of counsel on direct appeal, see United States v. Ramirez-Hernandez, 449 F.3d 824, 826-27 (8th Cir. 2006) (stating that ineffective-assistance claims are usually best litigated in collateral proceedings, where the record can be properly developed).

²We decline to enforce the appeal waiver in Aaron's plea agreement. *See United States v. Boneshirt*, 662 F.3d 509, 515-16 (8th Cir. 2011).

Having independently reviewed the record under *Penson v. Ohio*, 488 U.S. 75 (1988), we find no nonfrivolous issues for appeal. Accordingly, we affirm the judgment, and we grant counsel's motion to withdraw.

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