## United States Court of Appeals

	For the Eighth Circuit	
	No. 18-2676	
U	United States of America	
	Plaintiff - Appellee	
	v.	
	Michael Singletary	
	Defendant - Appellant	
	rom United States District Court ern District of Missouri - Springfield	
	omitted: February 20, 2019 Filed: March 13, 2019 [Unpublished]	
Before LOKEN, COLLOTON	, and KOBES, Circuit Judges.	
PER CURIAM.		
	reals the district court's judgment imposed after rge. Singletary's counsel moved for leave to with	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Honorable Roseann A. Ketchmark, United States District Judge for the Western District of Missouri.

and filed a brief under <u>Anders v. California</u>, 386 U.S. 738 (1967), acknowledging an appeal waiver in Singletary's plea agreement. In a pro se brief, Singletary asserted ineffective assistance of counsel.

Following careful de novo review, we conclude the record establishes that Singletary's guilty plea was knowing and voluntary, including the appeal-waiver provision, and that enforcing the appeal waiver would not result in a miscarriage of justice. See United States v. Scott, 627 F.3d 702, 704 (8th Cir. 2010) (standard of review; United States v. Andis, 333 F.3d 886, 889-92 (8th Cir. 2003) (en banc). At the plea hearing, Singletary confirmed that he understood the plea agreement, including the maximum penalty and the appeal waiver; and that no one had made any promises to induce him to plead guilty. See Nguyen v. United States, 114 F.3d 699, 703 (8th Cir. 1997) (defendant's statements at plea hearing carry strong presumption of verity). We decline to address Singletary's claim of ineffective assistance of counsel in this direct appeal because it requires development of an adequate record. See United States v. Ramirez-Hernandez, 449 F.3d 824, 826-27 (8th Cir. 2006).

We have reviewed the record independently under <u>Penson v. Ohio</u>, 488 U.S. 75 (1988), and have found no non-frivolous issues. We affirm the judgment of the district court and grant counsel's motion to withdraw.

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