

Form 6. Civil Appeals Docketing Statement

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U.S. COURT OF APPEALSJAN 22 2009
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ORIGINAL

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT
CIVIL APPEALS DOCKETING STATEMENT

PLEASE ATTACH ADDITIONAL PAGES IF NECESSARY.

09-15133

TITLE IN FULL: THE FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK ZUCKERBERG, Plaintiffs, v. CONNECTU, INC. (formerly known as CONNECTU, LLC) PACIFIC NORTHWEST SOFTWARE, INC. WINSTON WILLIAMS, and WAYNE CHANG, Defendants.	DISTRICT: Northern District of California	JUDGE: Honorable James Ware
	DISTRICT COURT NUMBER: 5:07-CV-01389-JW	
	DATE NOTICE OF APPEAL FILED: 12/19/08	IS THIS A CROSS-APPEAL? <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES
	IF THIS MATTER HAS BEEN BEFORE THIS COURT PREVIOUSLY, PLEASE PROVIDE THE DOCKET NUMBER AND CITATION (IF ANY): Consolidated Appeals, Nos. 08-16745, 08-16849, 08-16873	

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF ACTION AND RESULT BELOW:

The notice of appeal giving rise to this cross appeal relates to the same orders and issues that are currently being briefed in Consolidated Appeals, Nos. 08-16745, 08-16849, 08-16873. The notice of appeal and this cross-appeal should be consolidated with those appeals. In a motion to dismiss, Plaintiffs/Cross-Appellants argued that the notices of appeal that gave rise to Appeal Nos. 08-16745 and 08-16873 were premature. This Court denied the motion without prejudice in an order dated December 12, 2008. Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss and Divya Narendra filed this notice of appeal presumably to avoid an argument that their notice of appeal, filed in August 2008, was premature.

This is a conditional cross-appeal. This Court need not reach the issue presented herein if it affirms the judgment and orders from which the appeal is taken.

When Facebook filed the action under appeal, it named individual defendants. The district court dismissed those defendants for lack of personal jurisdiction. This cross-appeal concerns that order of dismissal.

Since the dismissal, the individual defendants entered a settlement agreement along with ConnectU. In July 2008, the district court found that the individual defendants submitted to the jurisdiction of the district court and that the settlement was binding against ConnectU and those individuals. ConnectU appealed. Case No. 08-16745. The individuals appealed. Ninth Circuit Case No. 08-16873.

If this Court affirms the district court's judgment and order concerning the settlement agreement and the individuals' consent to jurisdiction, this cross-appeal would be moot.

PRINCIPAL ISSUES PROPOSED TO BE RAISED ON APPEAL:

Whether the District Court erred in dismissing Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and Divya Narendra for lack of personal jurisdiction.

PLEASE IDENTIFY ANY OTHER LEGAL PROCEEDING THAT MAY HAVE A BEARING ON THIS CASE (INCLUDE PENDING DISTRICT COURT POST-JUDGMENT MOTIONS):

Consolidated Appeals, Nos. 08-16745, 08-16849, 08-16873

Effective 7/1/2000

DOES THIS APPEAL INVOLVE ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:

- Possibility of settlement
- Likelihood that intervening precedent will control outcome of appeal
- Likelihood of a motion to expedite or to stay the appeal, or other procedural matters (specify)

Any other information relevant to the inclusion of this case in the Mediation Program The parties participated in an October 2008 mediation sponsored by this Court. The discussions were unsuccessful.

Possibility parties would stipulate to binding award by Appellate Commissioner in lieu of submission to judges.

Effective 7/1/2000

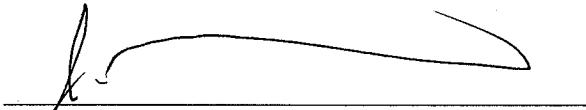
LOWER COURT INFORMATION

JURISDICTION		DISTRICT COURT DISPOSITION	
FEDERAL	APPELLATE	TYPE OF JUDGMENT / ORDER APPEALED	RELIEF
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FEDERAL QUESTION <input type="checkbox"/> DIVERSITY <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY): _____	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> FINAL DECISION OF DISTRICT COURT <input type="checkbox"/> INTERLOCUTORY DECISION APPEALABLE AS OF RIGHT <input type="checkbox"/> INTERLOCUTORY ORDER CERTIFIED BY DISTRICT JUDGE (SPECIFY): _____ <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY): _____	<input type="checkbox"/> DEFAULT JUDGMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DISMISSAL / JURISDICTION <input type="checkbox"/> DISMISSAL / MERITS <input type="checkbox"/> SUMMARY JUDGMENT <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> JUDGMENT / COURT DECISION <input type="checkbox"/> JUDGMENT / JURY VERDICT <input type="checkbox"/> DECLARATORY JUDGMENT <input type="checkbox"/> JUDGMENT AS A MATTER OF LAW <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY): _____	<input type="checkbox"/> DAMAGES: SOUGHT \$ _____ AWARDED \$ _____ <input type="checkbox"/> INJUNCTIONS: PRELIMINARY PERMANENT GRANTED DENIED <input type="checkbox"/> ATTORNEY FEES: SOUGHT \$ _____ AWARDED \$ _____ PENDING <input type="checkbox"/> COSTS: \$ _____

CERTIFICATION OF COUNSEL

I CERTIFY THAT:

1. COPIES OF ORDER / JUDGMENT APPEALED FROM ARE ATTACHED.
2. A CURRENT SERVICE LIST OR REPRESENTATION STATEMENT WITH TELEPHONE AND FAX NUMBERS IS ATTACHED (SEE 9TH CIR. RULE 3-2
3. A COPY OF THIS CIVIL APPEALS DOCKETING STATEMENT WAS SERVED IN COMPLIANCE WITH FRAP 25.
4. I UNDERSTAND THAT FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH THESE FILING REQUIREMENTS MAY RESULT IN SANCTIONS, INCLUDING DISMISSAL OF THIS APPEAL.



Signature

January 8, 2009

Date

COUNSEL WHO COMPLETED THIS FORM

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* THIS DOCUMENT SHOULD BE FILED IN THE DISTRICT COURT WITH THE NOTICE OF APPEAL*
 * IF FILED LATE, IT SHOULD BE FILED DIRECTLY WITH THE U.S. COURT OF APPEALS*

Effective 7/1/2000

Exhibit A

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3 *E-FILED 11/30/07*
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10 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
11 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
12 SAN JOSE DIVISION
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16 FACEBOOK, INC., et al
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19 Plaintiffs,
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21 v.
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24 CONNECTU LLC, et al.
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27 Defendants.
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29 Case No. C 07-01389 RS
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31

32 **ORDER GRANTING MOTION TO**
33 **DISMISS CLAIMS AGAINST**
34 **DEFENDANTS CAMERON**
35 **WINKLEVOSS, TYLER**
36 **WINKLEVOSS, AND DIVYA**
37 **NARENDRA**

38
39 I. INTRODUCTION
40

41 Defendants Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and Divya Narendra move to dismiss
42 the claims against them on grounds that prior to removal of this action to this court, the Santa Clara
43 Superior Court ruled that none of them was subject to personal jurisdiction in California.
44 Defendants contend that ruling precludes plaintiffs relitigating personal jurisdiction here. Plaintiffs
45 Facebook and Mark Zuckerberg (collectively "Facebook"), in turn contend that they have
46 discovered and pleaded new facts that were not before the Superior Court that make reconsideration
47 of jurisdiction appropriate and that support personal jurisdiction over the moving defendants.
48 Although Facebook has discovered additional factual *detail* and have incorporated numerous
49

1 allegations bearing on jurisdiction into the amended complaint, it has not shown that the basic facts
2 on which it now relies are any different from those presented to the Superior Court. Accordingly,
3 the Superior Court's decision remains conclusive here, and the motion to dismiss will be granted.

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II. BACKGROUND

6 The general background of this action has been described in prior orders and will not be
7 repeated here. Relevant to this motion is the following: When this action was initiated in Santa
8 Clara Superior Court, the named defendants included Cameron Winklevoss, Tyler Winklevoss, and
9 Divya Narendra. The Winklevosses and Narendra are three founders of defendant ConnectU.¹ They
10 promptly filed a motion to quash service of summons, arguing that they were not subject to personal
11 jurisdiction in California. ConnectU itself did not contest jurisdiction.

12 Facebook sought and was granted leave to take jurisdictional discovery before the motion to
13 quash was heard. Even prior to the filing of this action, Facebook had been taking discovery from
14 ConnectU in connection with litigation between them pending in the District of Massachusetts. By
15 virtue of the Massachusetts discovery, Facebook was aware before this action was filed that Winston
16 Williams of Pacific Northwest Software ("PNS") had assisted ConnectU in collecting email
17 addresses from the Facebook website and that it had used those addresses with the "social butterfly"
18 software. In the jurisdictional discovery, Facebook learned additional facts regarding PNS's
19 development of an "automated" process for sending emails to addresses found on the Facebook site,
20 as well as facts regarding the individual defendants' prior manual collection of addresses from the
21 site.

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26 ¹ There has been significant controversy regarding the role Narendra originally was
27 expected to have and regarding how and when anyone became actual "members" of the
28 ConnectU LLC. Those matters are discussed in a contemporaneously-filed order denying
plaintiffs' sanction motion. Regardless of that controversy, the characterization of Narendra
as a "founder" appears fair.

In opposing the motion to quash, Facebook cited to and relied on evidence regarding both the manual collection of email addresses and the subsequent automatic processes. For reasons it did not explain, the Superior Court rejected Facebook's arguments and granted the motion to quash.²

Facebook subsequently filed an amended complaint in the Superior Court that added certain claims but that omitted the Winklevosses and Narendra as defendants. Based on claims that had been added under federal law, ConnectU then removed the action to this Court and brought a motion to dismiss under Rule 12(b)(6) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. The Court granted that motion in part, with leave to amend. Facebook then filed a second amended complaint that not only addressed the matters that had been raised by the motion to dismiss, but that also (1) added Mark Zuckerberg as a plaintiff, (2) added certain new individual defendants, and (3) renamed as defendants the Winklevoss brothers and Narendra.

Defendants objected to Facebook adding parties without leave of Court. By order issued June 14, 2007, the Court in effect granted Facebook *post hoc* leave to add the parties, but without prejudice to any substantive arguments as to why they should not be made parties. The present motion to dismiss followed.

III. DISCUSSION

Although the parties have characterized the legal precedents differently, there is no real conflict in their respective positions, or in the cases they cite, as to the circumstances under which a prior state court jurisdictional determination will be deemed conclusive in a subsequent federal proceeding. Put simply, if a plaintiff can show *new and different* facts supporting jurisdiction, then the prior determination may be revisited. See *Kendall v. Overseas Dev. Corp.*, 700 F.2d 536, 539 (9th Cir. 1983) (“the dispositive question is whether [plaintiff] pleaded any new facts in the federal litigation that would support a different result on the issue of jurisdiction.”). If, however, the facts are those that the prior court found insufficient to support jurisdiction, then “even if wrong, an

²Howard Winklevoss, the father of Tyler and Cameron Winklevoss, was also named as a defendant and was a party to the motion to quash. Facebook has not attempted to bring him back into this litigation.

1 earlier decision involving the same issue and the same parties, ‘is as conclusive as a correct’ one.”
2 *Gupta v. Thai Airways Intern. Ltd.*, 487 F.3d. 759, 767 (9th Cir. 2007) (quoting *MIB, Inc. v.*
3 *Superior Court*, 106 Cal.App.3d 228, 235).

4 Here, Facebook insists it has discovered and pleaded significant new evidence bearing on
5 personal jurisdiction over the Winklevoss brothers and Narendra. Certainly the second amended
6 complaint appears to have been drafted with an eye to preempting the argument that personal
7 jurisdiction is lacking; the complaint is replete with assertions that defendants acted with intent and
8 knowledge that their activities would have effects in this forum. Nevertheless, Facebook has not
9 shown that any of the evidence on which it now relies is materially different from that it previously
10 presented to the Superior Court. At most, Facebook has now garnered additional *details*, but the
11 basic conduct it contends is sufficient to give rise to jurisdiction is the *same* conduct it pointed to in
12 the state court motion to quash proceedings.

13 As noted, the Superior Court did not explain the basis for its decision, leaving it uncertain as
14 to precisely what evidence might or might not have been sufficient to cause it to reach a different
15 result. Because Facebook is relying now on “contacts” that do not differ significantly in kind or in
16 quantity than those it presented during the motion to quash, however, there is no particular reason to
17 believe the “new” details would have changed the result.

18 Although Facebook attempts to argue that a different result is warranted in light of “new”
19 evidence, it is apparent that Facebook actually believes the Superior Court simply got it wrong.³
20 Particularly given that this Court has demonstrated an unwillingness to accept the so-called
21 “fiduciary shield” argument, Facebook appears to believe that it can obtain a different result by
22 arguing the merits better or slightly differently.⁴ Rearguing the same basic facts, however, is not

24 ³ In its motion for sanctions, Facebook candidly suggests that the Superior Court
25 accepted defendants’ legally untenable argument that actions they took on behalf of
26 ConnectU did not count as personal contacts with the forum. Although the order regarding
the sanctions motion filed contemporaneously with this decision rejects that conclusion as
unduly speculative, it does show that in Facebook’s view, the Superior Court simply erred.

27 ⁴ At the hearing, defense counsel effectively conceded that if this Court were free to
28 reconsider the issues, then under the reasoning this Court employed in denying the motion to
dismiss brought by Winston Williams and PNS, personal jurisdiction would be proper over

1 permissible. Even if the Superior Court reached an incorrect legal determination, the outcome is
2 conclusive. Facebook "does not now get a do-over." *Gupta, supra*, 487 F.3d at 767.

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IV. CONCLUSION

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For the reasons set forth above the motion to dismiss is granted.

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7 IT IS SO ORDERED.

8 Dated: November 30, 2007

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RICHARD SEEBORG
United States Magistrate Judge

United States District Court
For the Northern District of California

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27 Cameron Winklevoss. Defendants contend that even in those circumstances personal
28 jurisdiction would not be proper over Tyler Winklevoss or Narendra because there is no
evidence they personally participated in any allegedly wrongful conduct at a time when
Facebook was located in California.

Exhibit B

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17 THE FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK ZUCKERBERG

18
19 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
20 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
21
22 SAN JOSE DIVISION

23 THE FACEBOOK, INC. and MARK
24 ZUCKERBERG,

25 Plaintiffs,

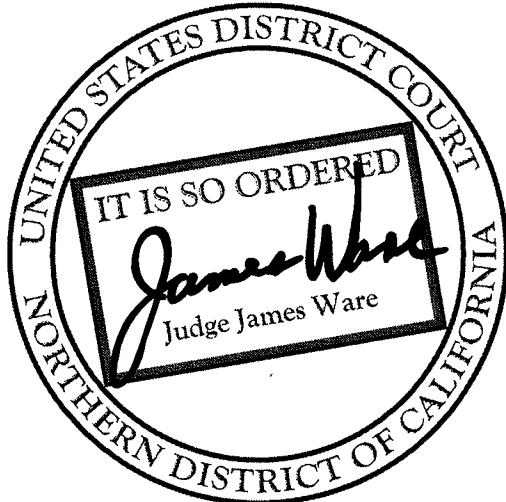
26 v.

27 CONNECTU, INC. (formerly known as
28 CONNECTU, LLC), PACIFIC
NORTHWEST SOFTWARE, INC.,
WINSTON WILLIAMS, and WAYNE
CHANG,

Defendants.

Case No. 5:07-CV-01389-JW

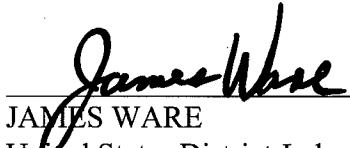
[PROPOSED] ORDER OF
DISMISSAL



1 On July 2, 2008, the Court entered a Judgment Enforcing Settlement Agreement
2 (Docket Item No. 476) and on November 21, 2008, the Court entered an Amended Judgment
3 Ordering Specific Performance of Settlement Agreement and Declaratory Judgment Release
4 (Docket Item No. 665). Pursuant to the Judgment and Amended Judgment, all claims asserted
5 against Defendants ConnectU, Inc., Pacific Northwest Software, Inc., Winston Williams, and
6 Wayne Change, are dismissed with prejudice.
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8 The parties shall bear their own attorney fees and costs. The Clerk shall close this file.
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10 Dated: December 15, 2008


11 JAMES WARE
12 United States District Judge

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