FILED

NOT FOR PUBLICATION

FEB 27 2012

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

VINCENT C. REYNOSO,

Plaintiff - Appellant,

v.

CITY OF LOS ANGELES; GONZELO CURETON, an individual,

Defendants - Appellees.

No. 10-56496

D.C. No. 2:10-cv-01419-VBF-PLA

MEMORANDUM*

Appeal from the United States District Court for the Central District of California Valerie Baker Fairbank, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted February 15, 2012**
Pasadena, California

Before: FARRIS and W. FLETCHER, Circuit Judges, and KORMAN, Senior

District Judge.***

^{*} This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by 9th Cir. R. 36-3.

^{**} The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. See Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

^{***} The Honorable Edward R. Korman, Senior United States District Judge for the Eastern District of New York, sitting by designation.

Appellant Vincent C. Reynoso, a security officer with the Los Angeles'
Department of Water and Power, appeals the district court's dismissal of his §
1983 claims. Reynoso alleges that Defendants the City of Los Angeles and his immediate supervisor Gonzelo Cureton violated his First Amendment rights to freedom of speech and association. We affirm the district court.

We find we have jurisdiction over this appeal under 28 U.S.C. § 1291.

Appellant filed an earlier appeal of the district court's dismissal of his claims against the City of Los Angeles, which we dismissed for failure to prosecute.

Ordinarily, such a dismissal constitutes an adjudication of the merits. *See Owens v. Kaiser Foundation Health Plan, Inc.*, 244 F.3d 708, 714 (9th Cir. 2001). Here, however, we lacked jurisdiction over the initial appeal because, at the time the appeal was filed, the district court had not issued a final decision as to Defendant Cureton and thus there was no final decision as to all claims and all parties. *See Patchick v. Kensington Publ'g Corp.*, 743 F.2d 675, 677 (9th Cir. 1984).

Appellant did not oppose the district court's dismissal of his claims against Defendant Cureton, and on appeal, he did not address the district court's finding that Cureton is immune from suit. As a result, Appellant has waived his claims against Cureton on this appeal. *See Smith v. Marsh*, 194 F.3d 1045, 1052 (9th Cir.

1999) and *Brookfield Commc'ns, Inc. v. W. Coast Entm't Corp.*, 174 F.3d 1036, 1046 (9th Cir. 1999).

Even if his complaint had been timely filed, Reynoso fails to plead facts supporting municipal liability under *Monell. See Monell v. Dept. of Soc. Servs.*, 436 U.S. 658, 694 (1978). His bare allegation that "[s]everal . .. co employees have complained of similar treatment" is insufficient to establish a pattern and practice of municipal behavior. *See Iqbal v. Ashcroft*, 556 U.S. 662, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 1949 (2007) ("Threadbare recitals of the elements of a cause of action, supported by mere conclusory statements, do not suffice."). Nor did Reynoso plead any facts in the complaint suggesting that persons with policymaking

authority had ratified decisions concerning his employment conditions and treatment. *See City of St. Louis v. Praprotnik*, 485 U.S. 112, 127(1988).

AFFIRMED.