Exhibit 1

FILED ANDREA E. BATES, ESQ. SBN 192491 1 Abates@Bates-Bates.com 2010 NOV 18 PH 2: 43 MICHAEL A. BOSWELL, ESQ. SBN 198994 CLERK U.S. DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DIST. OF CAUR. LOS ANGELES 3 MBoswell@Bates-Bates.com BATES & BATES, LLC 4 964 DeKalb Avenue, Suite 101 5 Atlanta, Georgia 30307 Phone (866) 701-0404 and (562) 360-2097 6 Fax (404) 963-6231 7 Attorneys for 8 Plaintiff 9 GIBSON GUITAR CORP., 10 11 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT CENTRAL DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA 12 GIBSON GUITAR CORP., a Delaware) Case No. CV 10 13 8884-161 corporation. 14 COMPLAINT FOR: 15 Plaintiff. (1) Trademark Infringement; (2) Trademark Counterfeiting; 16 VS.) (3) False Designation of Origin and 17) Unfair Competition Under the United WOWWEE USA, INC., a California States Trademark Act; 18 corporation; WAL-MART STORES, (4) False Description of Fact and 19 INC., a Delaware corporation; Representations and False Advertising AMAZON.COM, INC., a Delaware Under the United States Trademark Act; 20 corporation; BIG LOTS STORES. (5) Trademark Dilution Under the 21 INC., an Ohio corporation; KMART United States Trademark Act; CORPORATION, a Michigan 22 (6) Trade Dress Infringement Under corporation; TARGET Federal Law; 23 CORPORATION, a Minnesota (7) Trademark Dilution Under corporation; TOYS "R" US-24 California State Law; DELAWARE, INC., a Delaware (8) Common Law Trademark 25 corporation; WALGREEN CO., an Infringement; 26 Illinois corporation; BROOKSTONE (9) Unfair Competition; COMPANY, INC., a New Hampshire (10) California Business & Professions 27 corporation; BEST BUY CO. INC., a Code §§ 14245, et seq.; 28 Minnesota corporation; EBAY INC., a

-2-COMPLAINT **Nature of Action**

2. This is an action for trademark infringement, trade dress infringement, trademark counterfeiting, unfair competition, trademark dilution and other related causes of action under federal, state and common law arising from the unauthorized use by Defendants of Gibson's Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, the SG Body Design® Trademark, the word mark LES PAUL®, the word mark FLYING V®, the word mark EXPLORER®, the word mark GIBSON® and the word mark S-G®.

The Parties

- Gibson is a Delaware Corporation with a principal place of business at
 Plus Park Boulevard, Nashville, Tennessee 37217.
- 4. Upon information and belief, Defendant WowWee is a California Corporation with a principal place of business at 5963 La Place Court, Suite 207, Carlsbad, California 92008.
- 5. Upon information and belief, Defendant WowWee is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its websites at www.paperjamz.com, www.wowwee.com.

- Upon information and belief, Defendant Wal-Mart is a Delaware
 Corporation with a principal place of business at 702 SW 8th Street, MS #0555,
 Bentonville, Arkansas.
- 7. Upon information and belief, Defendant Wal-Mart is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.Walmart.com.
- 8. Upon information and belief, Defendant Amazon is a Delaware

 Corporation with a principal place of business at 1200 12th Avenue South, Suite 1200,

 Seattle, Washington 98144.
- 9. Upon information and belief, Defendant Amazon is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.Amazon.com.
- 10. Upon information and belief, Defendant Big Lots is an Ohio Corporation with a principal place of business at 300 Phillip Road, Columbus, Ohio 43228.
- 11. Upon information and belief, Defendant Big Lots is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.biglots.com.
- 12. Upon information and belief, Defendant KMart is a Michigan Corporation with a principal place of business at 3333 Beverly Road, Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60179.

- 13. Upon information and belief, Defendant KMart is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.kmart.com.
- 14. Upon information and belief, Defendant Target is a Minnesota Corporation with a principal place of business at 1000 Nicollet Mat, TPS-2672, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55403.
- 15. Upon information and belief, Defendant Target is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.Target.com.
- 16. Upon information and belief, Defendant Toys R Us is a Delaware Corporation with a principal place of business at One Geoffrey Way, Wayne, New Jersey 07470.
- 17. Upon information and belief, Defendant Toys R Us engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.ToysRUs.com.
- 18. Upon information and belief, Defendant Walgreens is an Illinois Corporation with a principal place of business at 300 Wilmot Road, MS#3301, Deerfield, Illinois 60015.

- 19. Upon information and belief, Defendant Walgreens is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.Walgreens.com.
- 20. Upon information and belief, Defendant Brookstone is a New Hampshire Corporation with a principal place of business at One Innovation Way, Merrimack, New Hampshire 03054.
- 21. Upon information and belief, Defendant Brookstone is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.brookstone.com.
- 22. Upon information and belief, Defendant Best Buy is a Minnesota Corporation with a principal place of business at 7601 Penn Avenue South, Richfield, Minnesota 55423.
- 23. Upon information and belief, Defendant Best Buy is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.bestbuy.com.
- 24. Upon information and belief, Defendant EBay is a Delaware Corporation with a principal place of business at 2145 Hamilton Avenue, San Jose, California 95125.

- 25. Upon information and belief, Defendant EBay is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through their business, their distributors and through its website at www.EBay.com.
- 26. Upon information and belief, Defendant Toywiz is a New York

 Corporation with a principal place of business at 664 Chestnut Ridge Road, Spring

 Valley, New York 10977.
- 27. Upon information and belief, Defendant Toywiz is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through its website at www.Toywiz.com.
- 28. Upon information and belief, Defendant HSN is a Delaware corporation with a principal place of business at 1 HSN Drive, St. Petersburg, Florida 33729.
- 29. Upon information and belief, Defendant HSN is engaged in the promotion and sale of various products in the United States, including in this District, through a television home shopping network broadcast on the HSN television network, and through its website at www.HSN.com.
- 30. The true names and capacities of Defendants DOES 1 through 100 are unknown to Plaintiff, who therefore sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the Defendants designated herein as a fictitiously named Defendant is, in some manner, responsible for the events and happenings herein referred to, either contractually or tortuously, and

caused damage to the Plaintiff as herein alleged. When Plaintiff ascertains the true names and capacities of DOES 1 through 100, it will ask leave of this Court to amend its Complaint by setting forth the same.

31. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that at all times herein mentioned, each of the Defendants was and is an agent, servant, employee and/or partner of each of the other Defendants, and all of the things alleged to have been done by said Defendants were done in the capacity, and as the agent, servant, employee, and/or partner of the other Defendants.

Jurisdiction and Venue

- 32. Jurisdiction of this Court is based on 28 U.S.C. §1332(a)(1) (Diversity Jurisdiction) for Defendants WowWee, Big Lots, KMart, Target, Walgreens, Brookstone, Best Buy and Toywiz and for Defendants Wal-Mart, Amazon, Toys R Us, EBay and HSN as well as Defendants WowWee, Big Lots, KMart, Target, Walgreens, Brookstone, Best Buy and ToyWiz jurisdiction is based on U.S.C. §1338(a) and (b) (Acts of Congress relating to trademarks and related actions), Sections 39 and 43(a) and (c) of the United States Trademark Act of 1946 ("Lanham Act"), as amended (15 U.S.C. §1121 and 1125(a)(c)), and 28 U.S.C. §1367 (Supplemental Jurisdiction), as well as the principles of pendent jurisdiction. The amount in question exceeds \$75,000.
- 33. This action arises out of wrongful acts, including advertising, offering for sale, selling and distributing products by Defendants within this judicial district. Venue

is proper in this district under 28 U.S.C. §1391(b) and (c) because the claims arise in this judicial district.

Gibson's Use and Ownership of The Les Paul Body Shape Design®, The Les Paul Peg-Head Design®, The Bell Shaped Truss Rod Cover Design®, The Flying V Body Shape Design®, The Explorer Body Shape Design®, The Kramer Peg-Head Design®, The SG Body Design®, the word mark LES PAUL®, the word mark FLYING V®, the word mark EXPLORER®, the word mark GIBSON® and the

word mark S-G®

- 34. Plaintiff Gibson is engaged in the business of developing, manufacturing and selling musical instruments, including electric guitars, basses and mandolins under the famous Gibson® trademark for over a century.
- 35. Gibson guitars are sold worldwide. Gibson's instruments have gained worldwide recognition and reputation, winning awards for their design.
- 36. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive Les Paul Body Shape Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1782606 (hereinafter "Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on July 20, 1993, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1952. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- 37. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The Les Paul Peg-Head Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1020485 (hereinafter "Les Paul Peg-Head®)

Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on September 16, 1975, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1922. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

- 38. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The Bell Shaped Truss Rod Cover Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1022637 (hereinafter "the Bell Cover Design® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on October 14, 1975, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1922. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- 39. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The Flying V Body Shape Design Body Shape Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2051790 (hereinafter "Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on April 15, 1997, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit D.
- 40. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The Explorer Body Shape
 Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2053805 (hereinafter "Explorer Design®
 Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on
 April 22, 1997, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by

Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as <u>Exhibit E</u>.

- 41. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The Kramer Peg-Head Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1567052 (hereinafter "Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on November 21, 1999, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit F.
- 42. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive The SG Body Design®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2215791 (hereinafter "SG Body Design® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on January 5, 1999, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1961. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit G.
- 43. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark FLYING V®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1216644 (hereinafter "FLYING V® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on November 16, 1982, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit H.
- 44. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark LES PAUL®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1539282 (hereinafter "LES PAUL® Trademark"). This

Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on May 16, 1989, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1952. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit I.

- 45. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark S-G®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1045872 (hereinafter "S-G® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on August 10, 1976, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1975. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit J.
- 46. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark EXPLORER®,
 U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 2641548 (hereinafter "EXPLORER® Trademark"). This
 Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on October 29, 2002,
 and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1958.
 A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit K.
- 47. Gibson is the sole owner of the distinctive word mark GIBSON®, U.S. Trademark Reg. No. 1545311 (hereinafter "GIBSON® Trademark"). This Trademark was issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office on June 27,1989, and has been continuously and exclusively used in commerce by Gibson since 1890. A copy of the Trademark's registration is attached hereto as Exhibit L.
- 48. Gibson has spent millions of dollars in the advertising and promotion of the Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark,

the Bell Cover Design® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, the SG Body Design® Trademark, the LES PAUL® Trademark, the FLYING V® Trademark, the EXPLORER® Trademark, the GIBSON® Trademark and the S-G® Trademark (hereinafter collectively referred to as the "Gibson Trademarks") which have been used in conjunction with various Gibson stringed instruments.

- 49. As a result of the quality of Gibson's products and the extensive sales, licensing and marketing, advertising and promotion of these products under the Gibson Trademarks, Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Bell Cover Design® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, the SG Body Design® Trademark, Trademark, the LES PAUL® Trademark, the FLYING V® Trademark, the EXPLORER® Trademark, the GIBSON® Trademark and the S-G® Trademark have become famous trademarks that are widely and favorably known by consumers in the United States and elsewhere as designating high quality and dependable products originating exclusively from Gibson and its related companies.
- 50. The Gibson Trademarks have been famous in the United States and elsewhere since long prior to the acts complained of herein.

51. The above-identified registrations remain in full force and effect and are prima facie proof of Gibson's exclusive right to own and use the Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Bell Cover Design® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, the SG Body Design® Trademark, the LES PAUL® Trademark, the FLYING V® Trademark, the EXPLORER® Trademark, the GIBSON® Trademark and the S-G® Trademark. In addition, the above registrations are incontestable pursuant to Section 15 of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. § 1065).

Misuse By Defendants of the Gibson Trademarks

- 52. Upon information and belief, Defendants offer for sale and sell products using the Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Bell Cover Design® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, the SG Body Design® Trademark, the LES PAUL® Trademark, the FLYING V® Trademark, the EXPLORER® Trademark, the GIBSON® Trademark and the S-G® Trademark ("Defendants' Unauthorized Products") (See Exhibits "M,", "N", "O" and "P").
- 53. Upon information and belief, notwithstanding the lack of authorization from Gibson and the fact that said Defendants' Unauthorized Products otherwise are

not authorized to be sold utilizing the Gibson Trademarks, Defendants have made repeated unauthorized use of the Trademark in connection with said products, as described below, with the intent to mislead and confuse consumers into believing that said Defendants' Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or that said Defendants' Unauthorized Products are otherwise authorized or licensed by Gibson and with the intent of misappropriating, for their own benefit, the tremendous goodwill built up by Gibson in the Gibson Trademarks (See Exhibits "Q," "R", "S, "T", "U", "V" and "W").

54. In particular, Defendants have improperly used the Trademark in their advertising and promotional materials for said Defendants' Unauthorized Products as well as on their Internet websites at www.paperjamz.com, www.paperjamzstore.com, Defendant Wal-Mart), www.mart.com (Defendant Target), www.target.com (Defendant Target), www.target.com (Defendant Target), www.target.com (Defendant Walgreens), www.toyrus.com (Defendant Brookstone), www.brookstone.com (Defendant Brookstone), www.toywiz.com (Defendant ToyWiz), and www.toywiz.com (Defendant ToyWiz), and www.toywiz.com (Defendant HSN), and otherwise have falsely stated or implied that said Defendants' Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality

control standards or that their use of the Trademark is authorized or licensed by Gibson.

- 55. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that Defendant WowWee is advertising the FLYING V® Trademark along with the Unauthorized Product bearing the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the LES PAUL® Trademark along with the Unauthorized Product bearing the Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark the S-G® Trademark along with the Unauthorized Product bearing the SG Body Design® Trademark, and the EXPLORER Trademark along with the Unauthorized Explorer Body Shape Design® and the GIBSON® Trademark with the Unauthorized Products on the www.paperjamz.com and www.paperjamz.com and www.paperjamz.com websites.
- 56. Upon information and belief, the aforementioned misuse of the Gibson Trademarks by Defendants was done by Defendants with the intent of deceiving or misleading customers into mistakenly believing that said Defendants' Unauthorized Products were authorized Gibson products originating from Gibson or its related companies and otherwise misappropriating the goodwill built up by Gibson in the Gibson Trademarks and otherwise attracting and misdirecting consumers looking for genuine or authorized Gibson goods to Defendants' websites.
- 57. Prior to commencing this lawsuit, Gibson and its representatives communicated directly with Defendants and their representatives in an attempt to

resolve this matter without the necessity of bringing this lawsuit, but Defendants have failed to cease all unauthorized use of the Gibson Trademarks as requested by Gibson and continues to deliberately and intentionally use the mark without the consent of Gibson.

- 58. The misuse of the Gibson Trademarks by Defendants was intended to cause, has caused and is likely to continue to cause consumer confusion, mistake or deception including the misleading of consumers into mistakenly believing that the Defendants' Unauthorized Products are made directly by Gibson pursuant to Gibson's strict quality control standards or Gibson has authorized or licensed the use by Defendants of the Trademark for those products.
- 59. The aforementioned misuse of the Trademark by Defendants is damaging to the reputation and goodwill of the Gibson and the Gibson Trademarks.
- 60. Upon information and belief, the aforesaid acts of Defendants have caused and, unless enjoined will continue to cause irreparable damage to Gibson and to the reputation of its valuable Gibson Trademarks.
 - 61. Gibson has no adequate remedy at law.

COUNT I

Trademark Infringement Under

The United States Trademark

Act (15 U.S.C. 1114 (1))

1	62.	Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 61.
2	63.	The complained of acts constitute willful, deliberate and intentional
3 4	infringement of Plaintiff's federally registered trademarks for the Gibson Trademarks	
5	in violation	of §32(1) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1114(1)).
6	!	COUNT II
7	3	
8		Trademark Counterfeiting Under
9		The United States Trademark
10 11	1	Act (15 U.S.C. 1114(1))
12	64.	Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 63.
13	65.	The complained of acts constitute trademark counterfeiting in violation of
14		(1) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1114(1)).
15		(1) of the Laman 7 tet (15 0.5.c. §111 4(1)).
16		COUNT III
17 18	False Designation Of Origin And	
19		Unfair Competition Under The United States
20		Trademark Act (15 U.S.C. 1125(a))
21		
22	66.	Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 65.
23	67.	The complained of acts constitute willful, deliberate and intentional false
24	designations of origin as to products made available by Defendants and unfair	
25 26	competition in violation of §43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)).	
27	COUNT IV	
28		<u> </u>
	1	

False Descriptions Of Fact And Representations 1 2 And False Advertising Under The United States 3 Trademark Act (15 U.S.C. 1125(a)) 4 5 68. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 67. 6 The complained of acts constitute willful, deliberate and intentional false 69. 7 and misleading descriptions of fact, false and misleading representations of fact and 8 9 false advertising in violation of §43(a) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(a)). 10 **COUNT V** 11 **Body Shape Design** 12 13 **Trademark Dilution** 14 **Under The United States Trademark Act** 15 16 (15 U.S.C. 1125(c)) 17 70. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 69. 18 71. The complained of acts have diluted and damaged the distinctive quality 19 20 of Gibson's famous the Gibson Trademarks and constitute trademark dilution of the 21 famous marks in violation of §43(c) of the Lanham Act (15 U.S.C. §1125(c)). 22 23 **COUNT VI** 24 Trade Dress Infringement Under Federal Law 25 72. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in paragraphs 1 through 71. 26 27 28

- 73. Gibson has used in interstate commerce the inherently distinctive product designs in connection with the sale and marketing of its guitars. The Gibson guitars, namely Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Flying V Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Explorer Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Kramer Peg-Head® Trademark, and the SG Body Design® Trademark contain inherently distinctive, nonfunctional features which are protected under the Lanham Act §43(a) (15 U.S.C. 1125(a)).
- 74. Defendants' use of the infringing trade dress has confused and is likely to continue to cause confusion or to cause mistake or to deceive the consuming public into believing that the Unauthorized Products are authorized, sponsored or approved by Plaintiff.

COUNT VII

Trademark Dilution Under

California Business and Professions Code (Section 14330)

- 75. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 74.
- 76. The complained of acts are likely to cause injury to the business reputation of or otherwise dilute the distinctive quality of the Gibson Trademarks in violation of §14330 of the California Business and Professions Code.

COUNT VIII

Common Law Trademark

Infringement And Unfair Competition

- 77. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 76.
- 78. The complained of acts constitute trademark infringement, palming off, and unfair competition in violation of the common law of the State of California.

COUNT IX

Unfair Competition Under

California Business and Professions Code (Section 17200)

- 79. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 78.
- 80. The complained of acts constitute unlawful acts of unfair competition and unlawful, unfair and fraudulent business practices in violation of §17200, et seq. of the California Business and Professions code.

COUNT X

California Trademark Infringement, Dilution and Deceptive Acts and Practices

California Business & Professions Code §§ 14245, et seq.

- 81. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 80.
- 82. The foregoing acts of Defendants constitutes trademark infringement in violation of California Business & Professions Code section 14245, for which Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief, profits, and damages.

83. The foregoing acts of Defendants will create a likelihood of injury to the public image and business reputation of Gibson, in the public and will likely associate Defendants' infringing goods with the Gibson Trademarks and Gibson's goods, and cause the dilution of the distinctive quality of the Gibson Trademarks all in violation of California Business & Professions Code section 14247, for which Plaintiff is entitled to injunctive relief.

COUNT XI

Contributory Violation of Section 43(a) of Lanham Trademark Act <u>Unfair Competition</u>

- 84. Gibson repeats the allegations set forth in Paragraphs 1 through 83.
- 85. Gibson is informed and believes, and upon that basis alleges, that, as alleged above, EBay, has, and without permission, authority or license from Gibson or its licensees, participated in or otherwise knowingly contributed to the affixation, application and/or use by their clients/customers and others in connection with the advertisement, display, promotion, marketing, distribution, publication, provision, offering for sale and/or sale of goods, of false descriptions and representations, including words, shapes or other symbols, which tend falsely to describe or represent such goods as Gibson's and/or as affiliated with Gibson, or alternatively which tend falsely to describe or represent the Les Paul Body Shape Design® Trademark, the Les Paul Peg-Head® Trademark, the Bell Cover Design® Trademark, the Flying V Body