NOT FOR PUBLICATION

UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS

FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

JOSE DeCASTRO,

Plaintiff-Appellant,

v.

LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE DEPARTMENT; STATE OF NEVADA; BRANDEN BOURQUE; JASON TORREY; C. DINGLE; B. SORENSON; JESSE SANDOVAL; C. DOOLITTLE, No. 23-16089

D.C. No. 2:23-cv-00580-APG-EJY

MEMORANDUM*

Defendants-Appellees.

Appeal from the United States District Court for the District of Nevada Andrew P. Gordon, District Judge, Presiding

Submitted November 14, 2023**

Before: SILVERMAN, WARDLAW, and TALLMAN, Circuit Judges.

Jose DeCastro appeals pro se from the district court's order denying his

motion for a preliminary injunction in his 42 U.S.C. §§ 1981 and 1983 action

* This disposition is not appropriate for publication and is not precedent except as provided by Ninth Circuit Rule 36-3.

** The panel unanimously concludes this case is suitable for decision without oral argument. *See* Fed. R. App. P. 34(a)(2).

FILED

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MOLLY C. DWYER, CLERK U.S. COURT OF APPEALS alleging federal and state law claims. We have jurisdiction under 28 U.S.C. § 1292(a)(1). We review de novo the district court's abstention determination under *Younger v. Harris*, 401 U.S. 37 (1971). *Duke v. Gastelo*, 64 F.4th 1088, 1093 (9th Cir. 2023). We affirm.

The district court properly denied DeCastro's request for a preliminary injunction because under the *Younger* abstention doctrine, the district court was required to abstain from interfering with DeCastro's pending state court criminal proceedings. *See id.* at 1094 (setting forth requirements for *Younger* abstention); *Baffert v. Cal. Horse Racing Bd.*, 332 F.3d 613, 617, 621 (9th Cir. 2003) (setting forth exceptions to *Younger* abstention and concluding that claimed constitutional violation "does not, by itself, constitute an exception to the application of *Younger* abstention").

The district court did not abuse its discretion in denying DeCastro's motion for reconsideration because DeCastro failed to establish any basis for relief. *See Sch. Dist. No. 1J, Multnomah County, Or. v. ACandS, Inc.*, 5 F.3d 1255, 1262-63 (9th Cir. 1993) (setting forth standard of review and grounds for reconsideration).

AFFIRMED.