Slip Op. 17-99

UNITED STATES COURT OF INTERNATIONAL TRADE

MICRO SYSTEMS ENGINEERING, INC.,

Plaintiff,

Before: Jennifer Choe-Groves, Judge

v.

Court No. 14-00005

UNITED STATES,

Defendant.

JUDGMENT

[Granting Plaintiff's USCIT Rule 12(c) motion for judgment on the pleadings.]

Dated: August 7, 2017

Elon A. Pollack, Stein Shostak Shostak Pollack & O'Hara, LLP, of Los Angeles, CA, for plaintiff.

<u>Alexander Vanderweide</u>, Trial Attorney, Commercial Litigation Branch, Civil Division, U.S. Dept. of Justice, of New York, NY, for defendant. With him on brief were <u>Chad A. Readler</u>, Acting Assistant Attorney General, Amy M. Rubin, Assistant Director.

Choe-Groves, Judge: This case involves the classification of certain parts used to manufacture subassemblies for pacemakers imported by Micro Systems Engineering, Inc. ("Plaintiff"). See Summons, Jan. 6, 2014, ECF No. 1; Compl. ¶ 5, Aug. 2, 2016, ECF No. 14. Plaintiff imported nine entries of the merchandise between August 2011 and January 2012. See Summons. U.S. Customs and Border Protection ("Customs") classified and liquidated the

¹ This case initially concerned thirty-nine entries, but the thirty entries covered in Protest Nos. 4101-13-100120, 4196-13-100069, 4196-13-100142, 4196-13-100240, 4196-13-100036, and 4196-13-100034 were severed and dismissed from this case on May 10, 2017. <u>See</u> Order, May 10, 2017, ECF No. 31 (granting Plaintiff's consent motion to sever and dismiss).

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merchandise under various provisions of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the United States ("HTSUS"). See Compl. ¶ 5; Answer ¶ 5, Mar. 23, 2017, ECF No. 23. Plaintiff's complaint alleges that Customs misclassified the imported merchandise because the parts are specially designed or adapted for use in heart pacemakers and are classifiable under the Nairobi Protocol to the Florence Agreement on the Importation of Educational, Scientific, and Cultural Materials ("Nairobi Protocol"). See Compl. ¶ 7. The HTSUS implemented the Nairobi Protocol under subheading 9817.00.96, which is a duty free provision that exempts payment of certain merchandise processing fees. See 19 C.F.R. § 24.23(c)(1)(i). Defendant agrees that the imported pacemaker components contained in the entries at issue are classifiable under HTSUS subheading 9817.00.96. See Answer n.1, ¶ 7, Feb. 15, 2017, ECF No. 21.

Before the court is Plaintiff's Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings filed pursuant to USCIT Rule 12(c). See Mot. J. Pleadings, May 9, 2017, ECF No. 30. USCIT Rule 12(c) permits a party to move for judgment on the pleadings "after the pleadings are closed and if it would not delay trial." Forest Labs., Inc. v. United States, 29 CIT 1401, 1402, 403 F. Supp. 2d 1348, 1349 (2005), aff'd, 476 F.3d 877 (Fed. Cir. 2007). A judgment on the pleadings is appropriate where there are no material facts in dispute and the moving party is entitled to judgment as a matter of law. See New Zealand Lamb Co., Inc. v. United States, 40 F.3d 377, 380 (Fed. Cir. 1994) (citing Gen. Conference Corp. of Seventh-Day Adventists v. Seventh-Day Adventist Congregational Church, 887 F.2d 228, 230 (9th Cir. 1989), cert. denied, 493 U.S. 1079 (1990)). Plaintiff asserts that there are no factual or legal disputes for the court to review and the court should enter judgment in Plaintiff's favor because Defendant admits that the imported goods are classifiable under the Nairobi Protocol. See id. at 3. Defendant responds as follows:

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We agree with Micro Systems that these substrates "are properly classified under HTSUS 9817.00.96 (Nairobi Protocol), which carries 0% duties *ad valorem* and

are excepted from payment of merchandise processing fees." Pl. Motion at 2–3.

Def.'s Resp. Pl.'s Mot. J. Pleadings 2, May 15, 2017, ECF No. 32. The Parties are in agreement

that the imported substrates contained in the entries at issue in this action are classifiable under

the Nairobi Protocol. Judgment on the pleadings is appropriate here because the pleadings do

not raise any triable material issue of fact and Plaintiff is entitled to judgment as a matter of law

regarding the classification of the imported substrates.

Therefore, upon consideration of Plaintiff's Motion for Judgment on the Pleadings, and

all other papers and proceedings in this action, and upon due deliberation, it is hereby

ORDERED that judgment is granted in favor of Plaintiff; it is further

ORDERED that the imported substrates contained in the entries set forth on the attached

Schedule are classifiable under HTSUS subheading 9817.00.96, which is a duty free provision

that exempts payment of merchandise processing fees; it is further

ORDERED that, in accordance with this judgment, U.S. Customs and Border Protection

shall reliquidate and issue refunds for those entries on the attached Schedule containing

substrates; and it is further

ORDERED that any refunds payable by reason of this judgment shall be paid with any

interest as provided by law.

/s/ Jennifer Choe-Groves
Jennifer Choe-Groves, Judge

Dated: August 7, 2017

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SCHEDULE

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Port: Cleveland, OH (4101)

Protest No.	Entry No.	<u>Description of Merchandise</u>
4101-13-100193	UPS-4688147-6 UPS-5021804-5 UPS-4771421-3 UPS-5135668-7 UPS-4806542-5 UPS-4850454-8 UPS-4838964-3	Substrate, Part No. 380143 Substrate, Part No. 380143 Substrate, Part No. 358018 Substrate, Part No. 358018 Substrate, Part No. 375851 Substrate, Part No. 375850 Substrate, Part No. 369164
	UPS-4875845-8 UPS-5101677-8	Substrate, Part No. 369164 Substrate, Part No. 369164