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IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

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FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA

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Zachariah A. Surgick,

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No. CV-08-1427-PHX-MHM

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Petitioner,

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ORDER

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vs.

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Deputy Warden Martinez, et al.,

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Respondents.

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Petitioner *pro se*, Zachariah A. Surgick (“Petitioner”), filed a Petition for Writ of

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Habeas Corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254 on August 4, 2008. (Dkt. #1). Magistrate

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Judge Edward C. Voss issued a Report and Recommendation on August 20, 2009 (Dkt. #35),

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which recommended inadvertently that the Court dismiss with prejudice the Petition for Writ

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of Habeas Corpus. Petitioner filed a written objection to the Report and Recommendation

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on September 21, 2009. (Dkt. #41). On October 26, 2009, Magistrate Judge Voss issued a

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Notice of Error/Order (Dkt. #43) amending page 5, line 15 of the Report and

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Recommendation (Dkt. #35) to read “dismissed *without* prejudice” rather than “dismissed

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with prejudice” (emphasis added).

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BACKGROUND

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The relevant facts, as stated in Magistrate Judge Voss’ Report and Recommendation,

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are as follows.

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1 In 2005, following a jury trial in Maricopa County Superior Court, Petitioner was
2 convicted of one count of armed robbery and one count of aggravated assault. (Dkt. #22, Ex.
3 A). On July 13, 2005, Petitioner was sentenced to 21 years for the armed robbery conviction
4 and a consecutive term of 15 years for the aggravated assault conviction. (Dkt. #22 at p. 2).

5 Petitioner filed a Notice of Appeal on August 2, 2005. (Dkt. #16, Excerpts of Record
6 at p. 5). On September 13, 2006, Petitioner, through counsel, filed an Opening Brief in the
7 Arizona Court of Appeals. (Dkt. #1-1 at pp. 2-35). In a Memorandum Decision filed on
8 March 22, 2007, the Court of Appeals affirmed the convictions and sentences. (Dkt. #16,
9 Excerpts of Record at pp. 13-18). Petitioner's subsequent *pro se* Petition for Review to the
10 Arizona Supreme Court was denied on July 25, 2007. (Dkt. #1-3 at pp. 1-15; Dkt. #16,
11 Excerpts of Record at p. 11).

12 Before the completion of direct review, Petitioner sought post-conviction relief under
13 Rule 32 of the Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure. The trial court subsequently granted
14 Petitioner's request to re-file his post-conviction petition upon resolution of his direct appeal.
15 (Dkt. #1-5 at p. 38 [Minute Entry dated 7/10/07]). On September 18, 2007, after the direct
16 appeal was completed, the trial court granted Petitioner's request for counsel for his Rule 32
17 petition for post-conviction relief. (Dkt. #1-5 at pp. 40-41). On June 20, 2008, Petitioner's
18 counsel filed a Notice of Completion in which he indicated that he could find no grounds for
19 relief to raise on Petitioner's behalf. (Dkt. #1-1 at p. 1). In a Minute Entry dated June 24,
20 2008, the trial court ordered counsel to remain in an advisory capacity and granted Petitioner
21 45 days to file a *pro se* petition for post-conviction relief. (Dkt. #22, Ex. C). Petitioner filed
22 a *pro se* Petition for Post-Conviction Relief on August 5, 2008. (Dkt. #22, Ex. D). On
23 January 21, 2009, the trial court allowed Petitioner to file an amended petition for post-
24 conviction relief. (Dkt. #22, Ex. E). According to a Minute Entry dated March 2, 2009, from
25 Maricopa County Superior Court case no. CR2004-022835, retrieved from the Maricopa
26 County website, the trial court denied the petition for post-conviction review. A phone call
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1 by court staff to the Arizona Court of Appeals on August 13, 2009, showed no record of a
2 petition for review being filed.

3 On August 4, 2008, the day before Petitioner filed his *pro se* petition for post-
4 conviction relief in state court, Petitioner filed his habeas petition in this court. This court
5 screened the petition, identified the seven grounds for relief raised by Petitioner, and
6 dismissed two of those grounds for relief. (Dkt. #8). Respondents filed an Answer to
7 Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus on January 26, 2009. (Dkt. #22). Petitioner did not file
8 a reply but filed several other motions. On January 12, 2009, he filed a Motion to Have a
9 Speedy Review Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2243. (Dkt. #21). On January 29, 2009, he filed a
10 Motion to Proceed as Indigent In Forma Pauperis by a Prisoner. (Dkt. #23). He then filed
11 two Motions to Vacate and Set Aside Sentence Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255¹ on January 29,
12 2009. (Dkt. #24; Dkt. #25). Respondents filed a Response on February 3, 2009, addressing
13 all four motions. (Dkt. #26).

14 Petitioner then filed a Notice of Interlocutory Appeal in the Ninth Circuit Court of
15 Appeals on April 2, 2009, challenging the state court's denial of his petition for post-
16 conviction relief in March. (Dkt. #27). The Ninth Circuit dismissed the appeal in June and
17 issued a Mandate on July 22, 2009. (Dkt. #34).

18 On August 20, 2009, Magistrate Judge Voss issued an Order denying as moot
19 Petitioner's Motion to Have a Speedy Review (Dkt. #21) and Motion to Proceed as Indigent
20 In Forma Pauperis by a Prisoner (Dkt. #23). The order also denied Petitioner's Motion to
21 Vacate and Set Aside Sentence Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 - Count 1 (Dkt. #24) and
22 Motion to Vacate and Set Aside Sentence Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255 - Count 2 (Dkt. #25).

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24 ¹ 28 U.S.C. § 2255 applies only to prisoners who have been convicted of a federal
25 crime and are in custody under sentence of a federal court, whereas 28 U.S.C. § 2254 applies
26 to prisoners who have been convicted of a state crime and are in custody under sentence of
27 a state court. Petitioner was convicted of violations of state law and is in custody pursuant
28 to sentences imposed by an Arizona court. Accordingly, Petitioner should be mindful of the
difference between 28 U.S.C. § 2255 and 28 U.S.C. § 2254 in the future.

1 **STANDARD OF REVIEW**

2 The district court must review the Magistrate Judge's findings and recommendations
3 de novo if objection is made but not otherwise. United States v. Reyna-Tapia, 328 F.3d
4 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003)(en banc). See 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C)("[a] judge of the court
5 shall make a de novo determination of those portions of the report or specified proposed
6 findings or recommendations to which objection is made"). "Failure to object to a magistrate
7 judge's recommendation waives all objections to the judge's findings of fact." Jones v.
8 Wood, 207 F.3d 557, 562 n.2 (9th Cir. 2000).

9 **DISCUSSION**

10 A state prisoner must exhaust his remedies in state court before petitioning for a writ
11 of habeas corpus in federal court. 28 U.S.C. § 2254(b)(1) & (c); Duncan v. Henry, 513 U.S.
12 364, 365-66 (1995); McQueary v. Blodgett, 924 F.2d 829, 833 (9th Cir. 1991). To properly
13 exhaust state remedies, a petitioner must fairly present his claims to the state's highest court
14 in a procedurally appropriate manner. O'Sullivan v. Boerckel, 526 U.S. 838, 848 (1999). A
15 petitioner "must give the state courts one full opportunity to resolve any constitutional issues
16 by invoking one complete round of the State's established appellate review process." Id. at
17 845. In Arizona, a petitioner must fairly present his claims to the Arizona Court of Appeals
18 by properly pursuing them through the state's direct appeal process or through appropriate
19 post-conviction relief. Swoopes v. Sublett, 196 F.3d 1008, 1010 (9th Cir. 1999); Roettgen
20 v. Copeland, 33 F.3d 36, 38 (9th Cir. 1994).

21 If a petition contains claims that were never fairly presented in state court, the federal
22 court must determine whether state remedies remain available to the petitioner. See Rose v.
23 Lundy, 455 U.S. 509, 519-20 (1982); Harris v. Reed, 489 U.S. 255, 268-270 (1989)
24 (O'Connor, J., concurring). If remedies are still available in state court, the federal court may
25 dismiss the petition without prejudice pending the exhaustion of state remedies. Id.

26 The five remaining claims raised here in Petitioner's federal habeas petition were not
27 raised in his direct appeal before the Arizona Court of Appeals or the Arizona Supreme
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1 Court. Petitioner therefore failed to exhaust his habeas claims in the state direct appeal
2 proceedings. Nonetheless, Petitioner did not seek review in the Arizona Court of Appeals
3 after the trial court denied the petition for post-conviction relief, which he is required to do
4 to exhaust state court remedies. By failing to seek review in the Arizona Court of Appeals,
5 Petitioner has failed to exhaust his state court remedies. Because he may still be able to seek
6 review in the state appellate court, this court agrees with the recommendation of the
7 Magistrate Judge that the five remaining claims in the habeas petition be denied and
8 dismissed without prejudice.

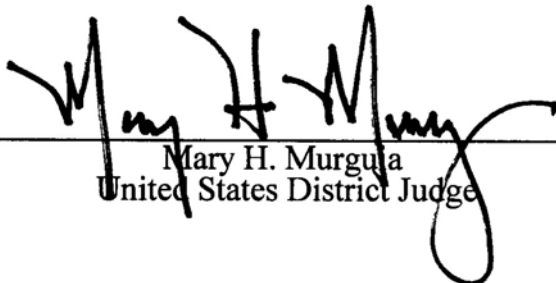
9 **Accordingly,**

10 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** adopting the Report and Recommendation of the
11 Magistrate Judge (Dkt. #35) as corrected by the Notice of Error/Order (Dkt. #43).

12 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that the Petition for Writ of Habeas Corpus (Dkt. #1)
13 be **DENIED** and **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE**.

14 DATED this 15th day of February, 2010.

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Mary H. Murgula
United States District Judge