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**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA**

Juan F. Delacruz,  
Plaintiff,  
vs.  
Charles L. Ryan, et al.,  
Defendants.

No. CV 11-1745-PHX-GMS (MEA)

**ORDER**

On September 2, 2011, Plaintiff Juan F. Delacruz, who is confined in the Arizona State Prison Complex-Florence, filed a *pro se* civil rights Complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 and an Application to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis*. In a October 12, 2011 Order, the Court granted the Application to Proceed and dismissed the Complaint because Plaintiff had failed to state a claim. The Court gave Plaintiff 30 days to file an amended complaint that cured the deficiencies identified in the Order.

On November 3, 2011, Plaintiff filed his First Amended Complaint (Doc. 9). The Court will order Defendant Ryan to answer the First Amended Complaint.

**I. Statutory Screening of Prisoner Complaints**

The Court is required to screen complaints brought by prisoners seeking relief against a governmental entity or an officer or an employee of a governmental entity. 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(a). The Court must dismiss a complaint or portion thereof if a plaintiff has raised

1 claims that are legally frivolous or malicious, that fail to state a claim upon which relief may  
2 be granted, or that seek monetary relief from a defendant who is immune from such relief.  
3 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1), (2).

4 A pleading must contain a “short and plain statement of the claim *showing* that the  
5 pleader is entitled to relief.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 8(a)(2) (emphasis added). While Rule 8 does not  
6 demand detailed factual allegations, “it demands more than an unadorned, the-defendant-  
7 unlawfully-harmed-me accusation.” Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 129 S. Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009).  
8 “Threadbare recitals of the elements of a cause of action, supported by mere conclusory  
9 statements, do not suffice.” Id.

10 “[A] complaint must contain sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to ‘state a  
11 claim to relief that is plausible on its face.’” Id. (quoting Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly,  
12 550 U.S. 544, 570 (2007)). A claim is plausible “when the plaintiff pleads factual content  
13 that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the  
14 misconduct alleged.” Id. “Determining whether a complaint states a plausible claim for  
15 relief [is] . . . a context-specific task that requires the reviewing court to draw on its judicial  
16 experience and common sense.” Id. at 1950. Thus, although a plaintiff’s specific factual  
17 allegations may be consistent with a constitutional claim, a court must assess whether there  
18 are other “more likely explanations” for a defendant’s conduct. Id. at 1951.

19 But as the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit has instructed, courts  
20 must “continue to construe *pro se* filings liberally.” Hebbe v. Pliler, 627 F.3d 338, 342 (9th  
21 Cir. 2010). A “complaint [filed by a *pro se* prisoner] ‘must be held to less stringent standards  
22 than formal pleadings drafted by lawyers.’” Id. (quoting Erickson v. Pardus, 551 U.S. 89,  
23 94 (2007) (*per curiam*)).

## 24 **II. First Amended Complaint**

25 In his one-count First Amended Complaint, Plaintiff sues Arizona Department of  
26 Corrections Director Charles L. Ryan. Plaintiff alleges that his Eighth Amendment rights  
27 were violated when Defendant Ryan was deliberately indifferent to inmates’ serious medical  
28 needs by allowing contracts with outside medical providers to expire. Plaintiff suffered a

1 broken hand and “went a significant amount of time with a make shift splint before an actual  
2 doctor’s visit.” Plaintiff claims that the delay in treatment caused permanent nerve damage  
3 to his hand. In the attached exhibits, it appears that Plaintiff waited more than 10 days to  
4 receive treatment for his injury and waited several months to receive prescribed treatment  
5 from an orthopedic specialist. Plaintiff seeks money damages.

6       Liberally construed, Plaintiff’s allegations adequately state an Eighth Amendment  
7 medical claim against Defendant Ryan. The Court will require Defendant Ryan to answer  
8 the Amended Complaint.

9 **III. Warnings**

10 **A. Release**

11       Plaintiff must pay the unpaid balance of the filing fee within 120 days of his release.  
12 Also, within 30 days of his release, he must either (1) notify the Court that he intends to pay  
13 the balance or (2) show good cause, in writing, why he cannot. Failure to comply may result  
14 in dismissal of this action.

15 **B. Address Changes**

16       Plaintiff must file and serve a notice of a change of address in accordance with Rule  
17 83.3(d) of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure. Plaintiff must not include a motion for other  
18 relief with a notice of change of address. Failure to comply may result in dismissal of this  
19 action.

20 **C. Copies**

21       Plaintiff must serve Defendant, or counsel if an appearance has been entered, a copy  
22 of every document that he files. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(a). Each filing must include a certificate  
23 stating that a copy of the filing was served. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(d). Also, Plaintiff must submit  
24 an additional copy of every filing for use by the Court. See LRCiv 5.4. Failure to comply  
25 may result in the filing being stricken without further notice to Plaintiff.

26 **D. Possible Dismissal**

27       If Plaintiff fails to timely comply with every provision of this Order, including these  
28 warnings, the Court may dismiss this action without further notice. See Ferdik v. Bonzelet,

1 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (a district court may dismiss an action for failure to  
2 comply with any order of the Court).

3 **IT IS ORDERED:**

4 (1) Defendant Ryan must answer the First Amended Complaint.

5 (2) The Clerk of Court must send Plaintiff a service packet including the First  
6 Amended Complaint (Doc. 9), this Order, and both summons and request for waiver forms  
7 for Defendant Ryan.

8 (3) Plaintiff must complete<sup>1</sup> and return the service packet to the Clerk of Court  
9 within 21 days of the date of filing of this Order. The United States Marshal will not provide  
10 service of process if Plaintiff fails to comply with this Order.

11 (4) If Plaintiff does not either obtain a waiver of service of the summons or  
12 complete service of the Summons and First Amended Complaint on Defendant within 120  
13 days of the filing of the Complaint or within 60 days of the filing of this Order, whichever  
14 is later, the action may be dismissed. Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m); LRCiv 16.2(b)(2)(B)(i).

15 (5) The United States Marshal must retain the Summons, a copy of the First  
16 Amended Complaint, and a copy of this Order for future use.

17 (6) The United States Marshal must notify Defendant of the commencement of this  
18 action and request waiver of service of the summons pursuant to Rule 4(d) of the Federal  
19 Rules of Civil Procedure. The notice to Defendant must include a copy of this Order. **The  
20 Marshal must immediately file signed waivers of service of the summons. If a waiver  
21 of service of summons is returned as undeliverable or is not returned by Defendant  
22 within 30 days from the date the request for waiver was sent by the Marshal, the  
23 Marshal must:**

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27 <sup>1</sup>If a Defendant is an officer or employee of the Arizona Department of Corrections,  
28 Plaintiff must list the address of the specific institution where the officer or employee works.  
Service cannot be effected on an officer or employee at the Central Office of the Arizona  
Department of Corrections unless the officer or employee works there.

1 (a) personally serve copies of the Summons, First Amended Complaint, and  
2 this Order upon Defendant pursuant to Rule 4(e)(2) of the Federal Rules of Civil  
3 Procedure; and

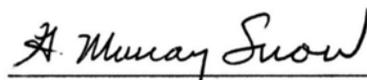
4 (b) within 10 days after personal service is effected, file the return of service  
5 for Defendant, along with evidence of the attempt to secure a waiver of service of the  
6 summons and of the costs subsequently incurred in effecting service upon Defendant.  
7 The costs of service must be enumerated on the return of service form (USM-285) and  
8 must include the costs incurred by the Marshal for photocopying additional copies of  
9 the Summons, First Amended Complaint, or this Order and for preparing new process  
10 receipt and return forms (USM-285), if required. Costs of service will be taxed  
11 against the personally served Defendant pursuant to Rule 4(d)(2) of the Federal Rules  
12 of Civil Procedure, unless otherwise ordered by the Court.

13 (7) **If Defendant agrees to waive service of the Summons and First Amended**  
14 **Complaint, Defendant must return the signed waiver forms to the United States**  
15 **Marshal, not the Plaintiff.**

16 (8) Defendant must answer the First Amended Complaint or otherwise respond by  
17 appropriate motion within the time provided by the applicable provisions of Rule 12(a) of  
18 the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

19 (9) This matter is referred to Magistrate Judge Mark E. Aspey pursuant to Rules  
20 72.1 and 72.2 of the Local Rules of Civil Procedure for all pretrial proceedings as authorized  
21 under 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

22 DATED this 13th day of January, 2012.

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26 G. Murray Snow  
27 United States District Judge  
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