

1	This action was originally filed in the Superior Court of Arizona in Maricopa County
2	on September 9, 2011 (doc. 1, ex. A). The complaint asserts twelve "counts," which contain
3	multiple legal theories. For example, count eight is styled
4 5	[b]reach of Contract - Failure of the original lender to Transfer or to Assign respectively either the Note or the Deed of Trust to US Bank National Association as Trustee for the Investors in the Mortgage Backed Security and
6	the Defendants' lack of authority to vary the terms of Plaintiff's loan by agreement as a result of the securitization of the loan and the involvement of MERS in this series of transactions
7	Compl. at 34. In essence, plaintiff complains that U.S. Bank has not proved that it possessed
8	the note on plaintiff's property at the time that the trustee's sale was noticed. Plaintiff
9	concludes that U.S. Bank cannot enforce the note and cannot proceed with a trustee's sale on
10	her property. The Nationstar defendants timely removed to this court and filed the instant
11	motion.
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13	The Nationstar defendants argue that plaintiff's complaint violates Rule 8(a)(2), Fed.
14	R. Civ. P., because it fails to contain "a short and plain statement of the claim showing that
15	the pleader is entitled to relief." Defendants argue that plaintiff's forty-five page complaint
16	"consists almost entirely of confusing legal conclusions and convoluted theories about the
17	manner in which foreclosure sales should be conducted, each of which is contrary to the
18	settled law of this state." Mot. to Dismiss at 4. Because plaintiff failed to respond to the
19	motion to dismiss, we grant it summarily. See LRCiv 7.2(i) ("if counsel does not serve
20	and file the required answering memoranda such non-compliance may be deemed a
21	consent to the denial or granting of the motion and the Court may dispose of the motion
21	summarily"). We agree with defendants that the lengthy and confusing complaint violates
22	Rule 8(a), Fed. R. Civ. P.
	Defendants argue that based on their interpretation of plaintiff's claims, the complaint
24 25	should be dismissed with prejudice as amendment would be futile. Given the prolixity of the
25 25	complaint and plaintiff's silence, it is difficult to tell whether amendment could cure any of
26	plaintiff's claims. However, given plaintiff's failure to respond, we grant the Nationstar
27	defendants' motion to dismiss her complaint with prejudice.
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1	Aegis has not yet appeared. It is unclear whether Aegis has been served.
2	Nevertheless, our conclusion that the complaint violates Rule 8(a) renders the legal result as
3	to this defendant the same. See Abagninin v. AMVAC Chem. Corp., 545 F.3d 733, 742-43
4	(9th Cir. 2008). However, we dismiss the complaint against Aegis without prejudice.
5	IT IS ORDERED GRANTING defendants U.S. Bank NA, Nationstar Mortgage
6	LLC, BlackRock Financial Management Inc., and the Federal Reserve Bank of New York's
7	motion to dismiss (doc. 5). The complaint is dismissed against these defendants with
8	prejudice.
9	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED DISMISSING the complaint against defendant Aegis
10	Wholesale Corp. without prejudice.
11	The Clerk shall enter judgment.
12	DATED this 17 th day of November, 2011.
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14	Frederick J. Martone Frederick J. Martone
15	Frederick J. Martone United States District Judge
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