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1 WO 2 3 4 5 6 IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 7 FOR THE DISTRICT OF ARIZONA 8 9 Gino Romano, No. CV-12-1320-PHX-GMS 10 Plaintiff, **ORDER** 11 v. 12 Kimberly Noel Kardashian aka Kardashian; Diana Taurasi; Stephen John 13 Nash aka Steve Nash; and Kloe Kardashian, 14 Defendants. 15 Pending before the Court is Plaintiff's Application to Proceed in District Court 16 without Prepaying Fees or Costs (Doc. 2), which will be granted. The Court will screen 17 Plaintiff's Complaint (entitled Preliminary Injunction/Temporary Restraining Order) 18 pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2) before it is allowed to be served. Pursuant to that 19 screening, Plaintiff's Complaint (Doc. 1) is dismissed. 20 21

BACKGROUND

Plaintiff Gino Romano¹ is a frequent filer of federal lawsuits. As of June 18, 2008, he had brought over 2,000 actions in federal courts. Riches v. Garese, 2008 WL 2475733, at *1 (E.D.Ky.) (E.D. Ky. June 18, 2008) ("The Court takes judicial notice of the total 2,023 cases which the instant Plaintiff has brought to the federal courts."). In the District

¹ Plaintiff also uses the name "Jonathan Lee Riches." See *Riches v. Cochran*, 2009 WL 928426, at *1 (D. Del. April 6, 2009) (noting that Jonathan Lee Riches is a prolific filer of frivolous lawsuits and that Gino Romano is one of the names he uses).

of Arizona alone, Romano has either filed, or attempted to intervene in, eighteen actions during the last six years, including suits against Senator John McCain, Jared Loughner, ABC's Dancing with the Stars and its cast, and numerous players on the Arizona Cardinals football team. *See, e.g., Riches v. Loughner,* 4:11-cv-00059, (D. Ariz. Jan. 24, 2011); *Abdulmutallab et al. v. ABC's Dancing with the Stars et al.*, 10-cv-00191-DCB-PSOT (D. Ariz. April 1, 2010); *Riches v. Leinart et al.*, 2:08-cv-02368-JAT-MHB (D. Ariz. Dec. 28, 2008); *Riches v. McCain et al.*, 2:07-cv-02026-JAT-MHB (D. Ariz. Oct. 18, 2007). Plaintiff states in one of those complaints that he is "in the Guiness [*sic*] book of world records for suing the most people in the history of mankind." *See Loughner*, 4:11-cv-00059, Doc. 1 at 1.

Plaintiff instigated the instant action on June 20, 2012 by filing a two-page document with the Court, which is entitled Preliminary Injunction/Temporary Restraining Order, but which the Court will construe broadly and treat as Plaintiff's Complaint. (Doc. 1). In this document, Plaintiff makes several outlandish allegations against Defendants. (*Id.*). He does not state his basis for placing jurisdiction and venue in the District of Arizona. Plaintiff has not submitted the District Court's filing fee, and has instead filed an Application to Proceed in District Court without Prepaying Fees or Costs. (Doc. 2).

DISCUSSION

Congress has provided with respect to in forma pauperis cases that a district court "shall dismiss the case at any time if the court determines" that the "allegation of poverty is untrue" or that the "action or appeal" is "frivolous or malicious," "fails to state a claim on which relief may be granted," or "seeks monetary relief against a defendant who is immune from such relief." 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2). While much of § 1915 outlines how prisoners can file proceedings in forma pauperis, section 1915(e) applies to all in forma pauperis proceedings not just those filed by prisoners. *Lopez v. Smith*, 203 F.3d 1122, 1127 (9th Cir. 2000). "It is also clear that section 1915(e) not only permits but requires a district court to dismiss an in forma pauperis complaint that fails to state a claim" or that is frivolous or malicious. *Id.* "[A] finding of factual frivolousness is appropriate when the

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facts alleged rise to the level of the irrational or wholly incredible, whether or not there are judicially recognized facts available to contradict them." *Denton v. Hernandez*, 504 U.S. 25, 33 (1992). Having reviewed Plaintiff's Complaint, the Court finds that the facts alleged against Defendants rise to the level of wholly incredible. (*See* Doc. 1). The Court will therefore dismiss the Complaint.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Plaintiff's Application to Proceed in District Court without Prepaying Fees or Costs (Doc. 2) is **GRANTED**.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(2) Plaintiff's Complaint (Doc. 1) is dismissed for failure to comply with Rule 8.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of Court is directed to terminate this action.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Plaintiff must show cause, in writing, on or before July 25, 2012, why he should not be enjoined from filing in the United States District Court for the District of Arizona, without prior authorization of the Court, any complaint, lawsuit, or motion, unless the filing is accompanied by (a) a statement as to his basis for jurisdiction and venue being in the District of Arizona; and (b) evidence that he has obtained the permission of the Court for the filing.

Dated this 25th day of June, 2012.

H. Murray Snow G. Murray Snow

United States District Judge